Notice number: 11.003

### **COMMISSION OF INQUIRY INTO DNA PROJECT 13**

Section 5(1)(d) of the Commissions of Inquiry Act 1950

### STATEMENT OF FIRMAN ALAMSYAH MUHARAM

I, Firman Alamsyah Muharam, care of Sara McRostie, MinterEllison, 1 Eagle Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000, do solemnly and sincerely declare that:

- On 27 October 2023, I provided a written statement to this Commission responding to Notice 11.001 "Requirement to Given Information in a Written Statement" (First Statement).
- 2. On 27 October 2023, I caused copies of documents to be provided to this Commission responding to Notice 11.002 "Requirement to Produce Documents".
- 3. On 25 October 2023, I was requested to provide a statement responding to Notice 11.003 "Requirement to Give Information in a Written Statement".
- This statement provides my written response to Notice 11.003.

### Identification

Question 1(a) - State your full name:

My full name is Firman Alamsyah Muharam.

Question 1(b) - State your qualifications, skills or experience relevant to forensic science and DNA:

6. Please see my First Statement.

Question 1(c) - State the period(s) of time you have been or were employed by or otherwise engaged with Queensland Health, Queensland Health Forensic and Scientific Services (QHFSS) and/or Forensic Science Queensland, and in what roles and when.

7. Please see my First Statement.

### **DNA IQ protocol**

Question 2 - Describe each iteration of the DNA IQ™ protocol used by Queensland Health Forensic and Scientific Services from 24 October 2007 to the present date, including but not limited to, in respect of each iteration:

- (a) in seriatim, all steps comprising the protocol;
- (b) the resin and reagent volumes used for extraction of DNA;
- (c) the volume of the sample containing the DNA at the end of the extraction;

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	P 2000
Firman Alamsyah Muharam	Witness

- (d) the temperature used during the lysis step of the extraction process;
- (e) the number of 'washes' employed following the lysis step of the extraction process.
- 8. Annexed and marked Exhibit FAM2-01 is a table of my responses to Question 2.
- My solicitors have provided me with 4 versions of the standard operating procedure (SOP) relevant to the DNA IQ protocol.
- 10. **Annexed and marked Exhibit FAM2-02** is a copy of version 1 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 24 October 2007.
- 11. **Annexed and marked Exhibit FAM2-03** is a copy of version 2 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 11 January 2008.
- 12. **Annexed and marked Exhibit FAM2-04** is a copy of version 3 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 27 March 2008.
- 13. **Annexed and marked Exhibit FAM2-05** is a copy of version 4 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 21 May 2008.

Question 3 - To the extent that the DNA IQ<sup>TM</sup> protocol changed at any point in time, describe the reasons for the change.

14. I do not recall.

Question 4 - To the extent that the DNA  $IQ^{TM}$  protocol changed in any respect from the DNA  $IQ^{TM}$  protocol issued by the manufacturer, describe the reasons for the change.

15. I do not recall.

### Project 13

Question 5 - Were you the author of the Abstract appearing in the "Project 13. Report on the Verification of an Automated DNA IQ Protocol using the Multiprobe II PLUS HT EX with Gripper Integration Platform", Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C., Ientile, V. Automation/LIMS Implementation Project, DNA Analysis FSS (August 2008)?

16. I do not recall authoring the abstract in the report referred to in this question.

I have not conferred or had any discussion with other witnesses in preparing my statement.

All the facts and circumstances declared in my statement, are within my own knowledge and belief, except for the facts and circumstances declared from information only, and where applicable, my means of knowledge and sources of information are contained in this statement.



I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Oaths Act 1867.

TAKEN AND DECLARED before me at Melbourne on 27 October 2023.



## **EXHIBITS INDEX**

## Exhibits Index - Firman Alamsyah Muharam Statement

Question	Exhibit	Document Title
2	FAM2-01	Table of Firman Alamsyah Muharam responses to question 2 in Notice 11.003
2	FAM2-02	Version 1 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 24 October 2007.
2	FAM2-03	Version 2 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 11 January 2008.
2	FAM2-04	Version 3 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 27 March 2008.
2	FAM2-05	Version 4 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 21 May 2008.



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### Table of Firman Alamsyah Muharam's responses to Question 2 in Notice 11.003

### **DNA IQ protocol**

Question 2 - Describe each iteration of the DNA IQ™ protocol used by Queensland Health Forensic and Scientific Services (QHFSS) during the period of employment with QHFSS, including but not limited to, in respect of each iteration:

Iteration of protocol	(a) In seriatim, all steps comprising the protocol	(b) The resin and reagent volumes used for extraction of DNA	(c) The volume of the sample containing the DNA at the end of the extraction	(d) The temperature used during the lysis step of the extraction process	(e) The number of 'washes' employed following the lysis step of the extraction process
Version 1 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 24 October 2007	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V1 Section 7 outlines the procedure for the automated protocol approved at that time. The automated protocol is listed as "DNA IQ Extraction_Ver1.1.mpt". I do not have any independent recollection of the procedures or changes to these.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V1 Table 2 indicates the volume of resin and other reagents used for the automated protocol. The DNA IQ resin solution is comprised of 7 µL resin and 43 µL Lysis Buffer (total 50 µL for each sample).  I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V1 Table 2 indicates the volume of Elution Buffer used in the automated protocol. The volume of Elution Buffer listed in Table 2 is 120 µL total (delivered by 2x 60 µL steps as per Figure 1), resulting in approximately 100 µL final volume (described in Section 3). I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	24897V1 does not specify the temperature used during the lysis step.  I recall that this step was performed off-deck, prior to presenting samples to the robot, and it appears that the off-deck lysis procedure is not described in this version.  I do not recall the specific temperature used during the lysis step or any changes to this.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V1 Figure 1 indicates a total of 4 washes are performed following the DNA binding step. This includes one wash with Lysis Buffer and 3 washes with Wash Buffer (see steps #30, #40, #50, #60 and related steps therein). I do not have any independent recollection of the number of washes.
Version 2 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 11 January 2008.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V2 Section 7 outlines the procedure for the automated protocol approved at that time. The automated protocol is listed as "DNA IQ Extraction_Ver1.3.mpt". The updates to this version are listed in Section 15 (Amendment History) and indicate there were no major technical changes compared to the previous version. I note that a new	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V2 Table 2 indicates the volume of resin and other reagents used for the automated protocol. The DNA IQ resin solution is comprised of 7 μL resin and 43 μL Lysis Buffer (total 50 μL for each sample).  I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V2 Table 2 indicates the volume of Elution Buffer used in the automated protocol. The volume of Elution Buffer listed in Table 2 is 120 μL total (delivered by a double elution of 60 μL each as described in Section 3), resulting in approximately 100 μL final volume (described in Section 3).	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V2 Section 7 list the lysis temperature during off-deck lysis to be 37°C. This step was not performed on the robot. I recall that the actual temperature of the hot block at the time of processing would be recorded on the relevant worksheet.  I do not have any independent recollection of the temperatures	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V2 Section 7 under "Washing of the resin-DNA complex" indicates a total of 4 washes are performed following the DNA binding step. This includes one wash with Lysis Buffer and 3 washes with Wash Buffer. This information aligns with the volume of wash buffer to be prepared (3 x 100 μL = 300 μL per sample) as listed in Table 2.

	section (Appendix) was added to this version of the document. I do not have any recollection on why this Appendix was created. I do not have any independent recollection of the procedures or changes to these.		I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	used during the lysis step or any changes to this.	I do not have any independent recollection of the number of washes or any changes to this.
Version 3 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 27 March 2008.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V3 Sections 7-8 describe the procedures for the off-deck lysis method and Section 9 describes the automated protocol approved at that time. The automated protocol is listed as "DNA IQ Extraction_Ver 2_ODL.mpt". The updates to this version are listed in Section 17 (Amendment History) and indicate there were no major technical changes compared to the previous version.  I do not have any independent recollection of the procedures or changes to these.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V3 Table 2 indicates the volume of resin and other reagents used for the automated protocol. The DNA IQ resin solution is comprised of 7 µL resin and 43 µL Lysis Buffer (total 50 µL for each sample).  I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V3 Table 2 indicates the volume of Elution Buffer used in the automated protocol. The volume of Elution Buffer listed in Table 2 is 120 μL total (delivered by a double elution of 60 μL each as described in Section 3), resulting in approximately 100 μL final volume (described in Section 3).  I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	I note that 24897V3 includes the addition of the off-deck lysis procedure in the document. To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V3 Sections 7-8 list the lysis temperature during off-deck lysis to be 37°C. This step was not performed on the robot. I recall that the actual temperature of the hot block at the time of processing would be recorded on the relevant worksheet.  I do not have any independent recollection of the temperatures used during the lysis step or any changes to this.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V3 Section 9 under "Washing of the resin-DNA complex" indicates a total of 4 washes are performed following the DNA binding step. This includes one wash with Lysis Buffer and 3 washes with Wash Buffer. This information aligns with the volume of wash buffer to be prepared (3 x 100 μL = 300 μL per sample) as listed in Table 2. I do not have any independent recollection of the number of washes or any changes to this.
Version 4 of the SOP relevant to the DNA IQ protocol dated 21 May 2008.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V4 Sections 7-8 describe the procedures for the off-deck lysis method and Section 9 describes the automated protocol approved at that time. The automated protocol is listed as "DNA IQ Extraction_Ver 2_ODL.mpt". The updates to this version are listed in Section 17 (Amendment History) and indicate there were no major	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V4 Table 2 indicates the volume of resin and other reagents used for the automated protocol. The DNA IQ resin solution is comprised of 7 µL resin and 43 µL Lysis Buffer (total 50 µL for each sample). The total volumes of bulk reagent needed to process a plate with 96 samples appears to have been updated.	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V4 Table 2 indicates the volume of Elution Buffer used in the automated protocol. The volume of Elution Buffer listed in Table 2 is 120 μL total (delivered by a double elution of 60 μL each as described in Section 3), resulting in approximately 100 μL final volume (described in Section 3).	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V4 Sections 7-8 list the lysis temperature during off-deck lysis to be 37°C. This step was not performed on the robot. I recall that the actual temperature of the hot block at the time of processing would be recorded on the relevant worksheet.  I do not have any independent recollection of the temperatures	To the best of my knowledge and recollection, 24897V4 Section 9 under "Washing of the resin-DNA complex" indicates a total of 4 washes are performed following the DNA binding step. This includes one wash with Lysis Buffer and 3 washes with Wash Buffer. This information aligns with the volume of wash buffer to be prepared (3 x 100 µL = 300 µL per sample) as listed in Table 2.

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technical changes compared to the previous version. I do not have any independent recollection of the procedures or changes to these.	I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	I do not have any independent recollection of these volumes or any changes to these.	used during the lysis step or any changes to this.	I do not have any independent recollection of the number of washes or any changes to this.
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## Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA from Blood and Cell Substrates

### 1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This method describes the automated DNA extraction of cell and blood samples on the PerkinElmer MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms using the Promega DNA IQ™ system.

This method applies to all Forensic Biology staff that is required to extract cell and blood samples.

Reference samples and Casework samples must be extracted separately. If Casework and Reference samples are to be extracted on the same instrument, the instrument should be decontaminated between operations.

### 2 DEFINITIONS

Samples Samples awaiting DNA extraction

DNA Extracts Samples that had DNA extraction processes performed

EB Extraction Buffer Solution that lyses cells and breaks down proteins

LB Promega DNA IQ™ Lysis Buffer Solution

WB Promega DNA IQ™ Wash Buffer

DNA IQ™ Resin Magnetic Resin Beads used to bind DNA

MP II MultiPROBE® II Platform

DTT 1,4 Dithiothreitol
Pro K Proteinase K

SDS Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate
TNE Tris, NaCl and EDTA buffer
EDTA Ethylenediaminetetraacetate

EP-A Extraction Platform A – back wall platform EP-B Extraction Platform B – side wall platform

### 3 PRINCIPLE

### Sample Pre-lysis

The Extraction Buffer (EB) used in the pre-lysis of cellular material contains Proteinase K (Pro K), TNE (Tris, NaCl, EDTA) and SDS. TNE acts as a basic buffer with EDTA chelating ions in solution. SDS is a detergent that lyses open cell membranes. Proteinase K is added to digest protein and cellular material that interferes with the DNA binding capacity of the resin. It is also added to rapidly inactivate enzymatic activity that could potentially degrade DNA (e.g.nucleases).



Proteinase K (also known as Endoproteinase K) is a fungal enzyme from *Engyodontium album* (formerly *Tritirachium album*). It is a stable S8 family serine alkaline protease that has broad specificity and is inactivated by diisopropylfluorophosphate, phenyl-methane sulfonyl fluoride and Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions. As a highly active endopeptidase, it cleaves peptide bonds adjacent/next to the carboxyl group of N-substituted (blocked alpha amino) hydrophobic, aliphatic and aromatic amino acids. Therefore, it actively hydrolyses proteins, glycoproteins, peptides and esters of amino acids. The smallest peptide that can be hydrolysed with Proteinase K is a tetrapeptide.

### DNA IQ™ Kit

The DNA IQ ™ kit is designed to purify DNA from a number of different substrates and has been optimised for trace DNA samples. An in house validation was performed using a modified version of the PerkinElmer automated protocol. The protocol has been modified to incorporate a number of work practices used in Forensic Biology FSS. These are:

- The use of the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device (Promega) for removing substrate from lysate.
- The increase of extraction buffer volume to 500µL for use with the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device.
- The increase of Lysis Buffer volume to 957μL proportional to the increase of Extraction Buffer volume, according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- o Double Elution step, with an Elution buffer volume of  $60\mu L$  for a final volume of  $100\mu L$ .
- The use of NUNC Bank-It tubes for storage of final extracts.

Cell lysis is performed with Promega Lysis Buffer containing Dithiothreitol (DTT). 1,4 Dithiothreitol is a reducing agent used in extractions to break disulfide bonds of proteins. The Lysis Buffer used is a proprietary buffer containing chaotropic salts required for binding of DNA to the magnetic beads. According to the MSDS, the lysis buffer contains 50-75% guanidinium thiocyanate, < 2.5% EDTA, < 2% 3-[(3-Choalamidopropryl)dimethylammonio] propanesulfonic and < 2% polyethylene glycol tert-octylphenyl ether.

The basis of the DNA IQ™ kit is a silica bead resin which contains novel paramagnetic particles. The silica bead resin usually has a DNA binding capacity of 100ng but the addition of Pro K will increase the binding capacity. Samples with small amounts of DNA are more efficient than samples with large amounts of DNA, and as a result a small sample size is critical to ensure efficient recovery of DNA.

The silica beads have a negative charge at basic and near neutral pH. The Lysis Buffer changes the pH and salt concentration of the solution and the silica becomes positively charged which is then able to bind the DNA.

Several washing steps are employed in the protocol to remove inhibitors. The first washing step is performed with Lysis Buffer. This wash ensures the DNA is bound to the resin and washes out inhibitors. The next three washing procedures are with a 1xWash Buffer. This buffer contains an alcohol/aqueous mixture which ensures the DNA is not eluted during washing by keeping the DNA dehydrated, and aqueous phase washes out the inhibitor.

Elution buffer removes the DNA from the magnetic beads. The Elution Buffer changes the salt content. Heating the complex to 65°C allows the DNA to be released from the magnetic beads. The Elution Buffer is a low ionic strength buffer that reduces the affinity of the DNA for the silica by re-hydration of the phosphate backbone.

The DNA IQ™ kit isolates DNA greater than 80bp, smaller DNA is removed selectively to prevent PCR inhibition.



### MultiPROBE® II HT EX Plus with Gripper™ Integration Platform

Within Forensic Biology, blood and cell extractions are performed using 2 MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms – one primarily for Reference samples (Extraction Platform A, EP-A) and the other mainly for Casework samples (Extraction Platform B, EP-B).

Each platform uses a computer – controlled Cartesian X-Y-Z liquid handling system designed for the efficient automation of sample preparation. Liquid transfer is performed by an 8-tip System with VersaTip® and VariSpan™ options. The VersaTip® option allows the use of fixed and/or disposable tips (both clear and conductive). The VariSpan™ option permits variable probe spacing between each of the individual probes so that a wide range of labware such as micro plates, tubes, vials and reagent troughs can be accessed. Each sample probe is capable of independent motion in the Z direction due to independent Z drives.

The 8-tip System is also capable of multichannel liquid-level sensing by utilising Accusense™ technology. This technology works by each probe detecting a change in capacitance within the liquid. This capacitive mode of detection is also possible when using conductive disposable tips. Accusense™ also permits the detection of low or non-ionic polar solutions and solvents. Pipetting on the platforms is driven by 8 individually controlled syringes via the positive displacement of the system liquid (nanopure water) when transferring liquid.

The Gripper™ Integration on all the platforms (except for the Post – PCR MPII) allows for automated identification of labware via the scanning of barcodes and also allows for automated transfer of plates from one position on the deck to another. To increase deck space and capacity, all platforms include a left deck extension.

In this program a platemap is utilised to provide the necessary information for correct volumes and locations for pipetting. It also contains information regarding positions where pipetting must take place at various locations, the number and IDs of samples. Without a platemap the program will fail to work.

### 4 REAGENTS AND EQUIPMENT

### 4.1 Reagents

- 1. DNA IQ™ System Kit 400 sample Kit
  - Resin
  - Lysis Buffer (LB)
  - o 2x Wash Buffer (2xWB)
  - Elution Buffer (EB)
- Tris/Sodium chloride/EDTA Buffer (TNE)
- 3. Proteinase K (Pro K) 20mg/mL
- 4. Dithiothreitol (DTT) 1M
- 5. 5% TriGene
- 6. 70% Ethanol
- 7. 1% Amphyl
- 8. 0.2% Amphyl
- 9. Isopropyl alcohol
- 10. Decon® 90 solution
- 11. Nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O



Table 1. Reagent storage locations.

Reagent	Device	Storage Location
Pro K	Freezer	Room 6122
DTT	Freezer	Room 6122
20% SDS	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 7
Isopropyl alcohol	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 7
TNE pH 8 Buffer	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 7
DNA IQ™ Kit	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 5
Amphyl (1% and 0.2%)	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 7
Nanopure Water	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 7
5% TriGene	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 7
70% ethanol	Shelf	Room 6127 Shelf 7

Please see Table 2 for the volume of reagents for a full plate or half plate. See QIS 17165 (Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Kits) for preparation of the TNE buffer. All reagents, except for the Lysis Buffer with DTT, can be made on the bench in Room 6122. DNA IQ reagents are prepared by staff performing the DNA IQ method.

Table 2. Table of reagent volumes.

-		Volur	ne for
		96 samples	48 samples
Extraction Buffer (500 µL/sample)	TNE buffer 462.5µL	54mL	27mL
	Prot K (20 mg/mL)25.0 μL	2.9mL	1.5mL
	SDS (20 %) 12.5µL	1.5mL	0.7mL
Lysis buffer (with DTT) (1.127mL/sample)	Lysis buffer (no DTT)	130mL	66mL
	DTT (add to Lysis buffer)	1.3mL	660µL
Lysis Buffer (with DTT) Reagent Trough	From above	125mL	63mL
DNA IQ RESIN Sol (50µL/sample)	Lysis buffer (with DTT) (from above) 43µL	6mL	3mL
	DNA IQ RESIN 7µL	1mL	0.5mL
DNA IQ 1X Wash B (300µl/sample)	B 3 P	35mL	18mL
DNA IQ Elution B (120µl/sample)	N N -	14mL	8mL

### **Extraction Buffer**

Prepare the buffer just before extraction in a 100mL sterile glass bottle according to the table 2. Use one aliquot of 20mg/mL Proteinase K (1.5mL) for a 48 sample run and two aliquots of Proteinase K for a 96 sample run. Remove aliquot/s of Proteinase K from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Ensure that the 20% (v/v) SDS is completely dissolved (clear) in the stock solution before making the extraction buffer. If not dissolved invert the container a few times and leave longer at room temperature.

### Lysis Buffer with DTT

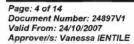
Lysis buffer is supplied with the kit. Lysis buffer with DTT is prepared at the start of each run. Remove the DTT from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Into a sterilised glass bottle, add 1.3mL of DTT to 130ml of Lysis buffer for 96 samples. If 48 samples are to be run, use 660µl of DTT to 66ml of Lysis buffer, again, made up in a sterile glass bottle. Make up the Lysis buffer with DTT within the Laminar Flow and ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield. Warning: Lysis Buffer and DTT are toxic.

### DNA IQ™ Resin

DNA IQ™ Resin is supplied with the kit. The resin is prepared at the start of each run in a 10mL sterile tube. Ensure the resin is properly mixed by vortexing before pipetting. Look for calculations in table 2 for the correct volumes of resin and lysis buffer (with DTT). In the 10mL tube, mix by inversion before adding to column 4 in the 12-channel reagent plate.

### 1X Wash buffer

2X Wash buffer is supplied with the kit. Once a new kit has been opened, add 35mL of ethanol and 35mL of isopropyl alcohol to the 2X wash buffer. Once the reagents have been added, label the lid and side of the bottle with "1X Wash buffer," initial and date.





## 4.2 Equipment

Table 3. Equipment used and location.

Equipment	Asset No.	Location
STORstar (B system)	10238493	6122
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext A Platform)	10076438	6127
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext B Platform)	10076437	6127
DPC Shaker (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
DPC Shaker (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Eppendorf 5804 centrifuge	10238416	6127
Vortex	30087015	6127
Fridge	30433424	6127
Micro centrifuge	None	6127

### 5 SAFETY

As per the procedures in the QIS document "Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories" (QIS 17120), PPE is to be worn by all staff when performing this procedure.

The automated platforms, labware and associated equipment should be wiped with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol before and after use.

While the MPII is running a procedure, refrain from placing any part of the body inside the cabinet. Either pause the program or use the emergency STOP button located at the front of the instrument before touching anything within the cabinet or on the deck surface.

Warning: Tris base, EDTA, SDS and Lysis Buffer are irritants. DTT is a reducing agent that destroys disulphide bonds. Chaotropic reagents such as guanidinium thiocyanate (GuSCN) are toxic. Do not breathe alcohol fumes. Handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE.

Lysis Buffer contains guanidinium thiocyanate which can be harmful if inhaled, swallowed or comes in contact with skin. Any left over Lysis Buffer with DTT is to be disposed of in a brown Winchester bottle. Never dispose down the sink. If spillage occurs, absorb with liquid-binding material (such as sand, kitty litter, etc) and dispose in a biohazard bin. Again, handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE, including face shield.

### 6 SAMPLING AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

Samples waiting to be extracted are stored in freezers as described in Table 4.

Table 4. Sample storage locations.

Sample type	Storage Device	Storage Location
Urgent/High/Medium Priority Samples	Freezer	6117-2
Medium Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer	6109
Low Priority Samples	N/A	

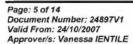
### QC samples

All extraction batches require two controls to be registered. These controls, UR numbers and positions are listed below in Table 5.

Table 5. Extraction Quality Controls

QC Name	UR Number	Description
Negative Control	FBOT33	Negative Extraction control – Empty well
Positive Control	FBOT35	Positive extraction control - Known Donor dried blood swab

### Registration of QC





- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- Select 1. Request Registration.
- 3. Select 2. Full Reception Entry.
- 4. Scan in barcode of control.
- 5. Enter the UR number as per Table 4 and press [Enter].
- 6. Enter the appropriate Specimen type (e.g. Blood for blood control).
- Request a 9PLEX test, when prompted to enter the processing comment, enter EXTP (Positive extraction control) or EXTN (Negative extraction control).
- Enter LAB in the Billing code field.
- 9. Press [F4] Save to save the Billing details.
- 10. Press [F4] Save to save the registration details.

N.B Quality controls should not have a DNA priority allocated at time of registration to ensure they are included in the top positions of a batch

### Create the Extraction Batch

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 5. Workflow management.
- Select 1. DNA workflow table.
- 4. Highlight the appropriate Extraction batch type and press [F5] Batch Allocation.
- 5. Press [F6] Create batch.
- 6. Press [F8] Print menu.
- 7. Press [F6] Print Batch label.
- 8. Press [F7] Print Plate Label. (print 3 sets)
- 9. Press [F8] Print Worksheet,
- 10. Press [SF5] Main menu.
- 11. Press [SF11] Print.
- 12. Press [SF6] Accept batch.
- 13. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to the Main Menu.
- Obtain worksheets (FBLASER3) and labels (FBLABEL13-16) from the Analytical Section printing bench (Room 6117).
- Collect 1 NUNC and 1 STORE labware label from the roll of labels already printed in 6127.

### **Locating Samples**

To locate samples refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS 24255).

### Sequence Check the Sample substrates and Nunc Bank-It™ tubes

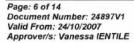
To sequence check sample substrates and storage tubes please refer to method "Procedure for the Use of the STORstar unit for automated sequence checking" (QIS 24256).

### 7 PROCEDURE

Automated setup of DNA IQ extractions in 96-deep well format is performed using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX EP-A and EP- B platforms located in Room 6127.

Refer to "Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX and MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform" (QIS 23939) for instructions on the use and maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX platforms.

Competent Analytical Section staff members perform all the following steps.





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### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA



Figure 1. The Test Online of the program DNA IQ Extraction\_Ver1.1.

### Setting up the EP-A or EP-B MPIIs

### These steps are to be carried out in the Automated extraction Room (Room 6127)

- 1. Turn on the instrument PC.
- 2. Log onto the network using the Robotics login
- 3. Double click the WinPrep® icon on the computer desktop (Figure 1).



4. Log onto the WinPrep® software by entering your username and password, then press [Enter].



- Ensure that the daily/weekly start-up has been performed before running any program.
   If WinPrep® has been closed or been idle for a long period of time, initialise the MP II platform as described in QIS 23939.
- 6. Ensure the System Liquid Bottle is full before every run and perform a Flush/Wash.
- 7. Open the Extraction setup MP II test file in WinPrep® by selecting:
  - File
  - Open, navigate to C:\Packard\MultiPROBE\Bin\QHSS PROTOCOLS
  - Select "DNA IQ Extraction\_Ver1.1.mpt."
  - Click the "Open" button
- 8. Decontaminate the required labware by wiping with 5% TriGene followed by 70% ethanol before placing the labware on to the designated grid positions as outlined in the virtual deck view within WinPrep® (Figure 2).
  - The white WALLAC Isoplates (catalogue #1450-514) that are used to support the SlicPrep™ 96 device plate must be placed into positions **E13**, **D16** and **C19**.
  - Ensure that the PKI Magnet at F16 is stable in its insert. This is critical so that beads and DNA are not lost during pipetting.

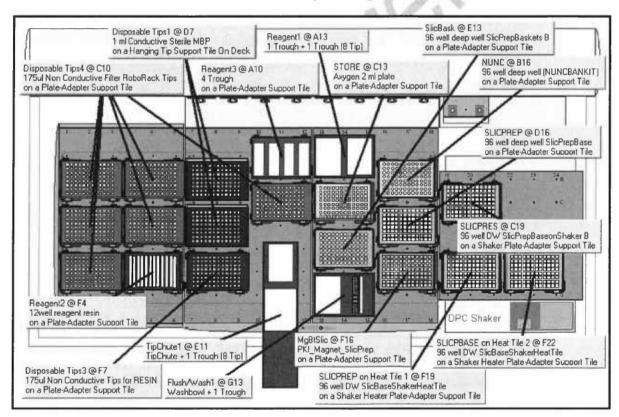


Figure 3. The WinPrep® virtual deck view displaying the necessary labware required for the Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extraction on Extraction Platform A.

- Ensure that the DPC Shaker and Heater Controller Box are switched on. For EP-A: Tile 3 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 1 at F22 (85°C). For EP-B: Tile 1 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 2 at F22 (85°C).
- 10. Referring to the table of reagent volumes (table 2), use the volumes of TNE, SDS and Prot K to make up the required amount of Extraction Buffer. Pour the required amounts of Extraction Buffer and Lysis Buffer (with DTT) into the labelled 150mL reagent



- troughs, using the reagent volume table as a guide to the volumes. Ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield when handling these reagents.
- 11. Place Lysis Buffer on the left hand side of the 2 trough holder (A13) and the Extraction buffer on the right hand side next to the Lysis buffer (A13 also).
- 12. Using the left over Lysis Buffer, make up the Resin Solution according to table 2. Add the resin solution to the fourth channel and split the amount of elution in half between channels 11 and 12 of the 12 channel reagent plate (F4). Ensure that the face shield is worn while making up and dispensing the resin.
- 13. Record the Lot numbers of all the reagents used onto the AUSLAB worksheet.
- 14. To the Amphyl wash station at A10, add fresh 1% Amphyl to the trough on the far left hand side, 0.2% diluted Amphyl to the middle left and place an empty reagent trough in the middle right position of the station. The nanopure water needed to complete the Amphyl wash goes to position G13 into a 160ml trough in the Flush-Wash station. Only fill to the designated level markers.
- 15. If not already done, label the Slicprep™ 96 device, with the AUSLAB Batch ID label with the Batch ID label on the front and the barcode on the right hand side of the plate. Place the Slicprep™ 96 device containing the substrates in the support tile position assigned in the program with the Batch label facing forward. For the Nunc plate and Axygen 2ml deep well Storage plate, label the front of the plate with the Batch ID. On the right hand side of the plates, label with corresponding Labware barcode either the "NUNC" barcode or the "STORE" barcode, depending upon the type of plate. De-cap the Nunc tubes before placing in the support tile on the deck.
- 16. Transfer the batch's platemap from the Extraction folder within I:\ drive to the following file path:
  - C:\Packard\Ext Plate Maps
- 17. After ensuring that all the necessary labware has been positioned in the correct grid position as displayed within WinPrep<sup>®</sup>, click the **EXECUTE TEST** button. While the test is loading, record all run information in the Run Log book.
- 18. Click "Reset Tip Boxes" and ensure that the number of tips displayed in this window match those as available on the deck platform. Fill new tips if necessary. Click "Close" to accept the tip count, followed by clicking "Next"
- 19. Select the correct platemap by browsing to C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS. Ensure that the plate maps selected match the batch ID affixed to the 96-well Slicprep™ 96 device in position D16. Once this has been done, click "Start", to continue.
- 20. After the barcodes have been read, a user prompt will appear as a reminder to: "Fnsure
  - 1. Shaker and heat box are on.
  - 2. Deck has been populated correctly.
  - 3. The Lysis buffer is on the left side and Extraction buffer is on the right at A13." Click OK to continue.
- 21. Once the extraction buffer has been added to the plate, a user prompt will appear requesting the following:



"Cover Slicprep with the Aluminium sealing film, then place in position F19. Press OK."

Once the Slicprep™ 96 device has been covered with an aluminium seal and been placed onto the deck at the correct position, click OK on the user message.

22. After shaking, a User Prompt will appear with the following directions:

"Remove plate, add white plastic collar and centrifuge 5mins at 3021rpm, then in the cabinet, remove the spin basket part and place it in the empty 1 ml tip container."

Following the above steps Place the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device into the plate centrifuge and ensure the correct balance plate is used. Once the plate has been centrifuged, carry the plate to the hood and remove the basket of the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device, storing the basket in an empty 1mL tip box, discard the Collar. Complete the step by clicking OK.

23. Once OK has been clicked, another User message (step 15) will appear requesting: "Place the Slicprep in position D16. Ensure wash buffer has been added. Press OK when ready."

Place the Wash buffer in the far right hand side of the 4 well reagent trough holder (Amphyl wash station at A10).

24. After the first elute where the plate has been heated to 65°C and moved to the PKI Magnet, a User message (step 79) will appear requesting:

"Push down the Slicprep on the PKI Magnet then press OK."

Allow to the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet. Once it is firmly in place, click OK to continue. After the <u>second</u> elute, the <u>prompt will appear again</u>. Repeat the steps.

25. Once the program is completed, a final User Message prompt appears asking to:

"Remove all the plates starting with the NUNC tubes (recap).

Place the Spin Basket into the original base.

Cover the other plate with the aluminium sealing film."

Remove and seal the Nunc Bank-It tubes first by recapping the tubes. Seal the 2mL storage plate with aluminium foil seal. Remove the Slicprep<sup>TM</sup> 96 device from the deck and replace the basket on it, make sure the basket part is fitted in the right position. Click "**OK**" to proceed. The platform will perform an Amphyl wash to decontaminate the system tubing.

26. Once the program has finished, remove the tip chute and rinse with warm tap water to help loosen and remove any residue inside the chute before cleaning with 5% TriGene and 70% ethanol. Hang the chute to dry on the rack beside the sink. If running another extraction straight after, replace the tip chute with another spare, clean chute. While wearing the face shield, remove Lysis buffer with DTT and dispose of left over reagent into a brown Winchester bottle.

### Recording Reagent Details in AUSLAB

- To record reagent lot numbers, log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 3. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- Scan in the Extraction Batch ID.
- Press [F6] Reagents.
- 6. Press [SF8] Audit.
- 7. Press [F5] Insert Audit Entry, enter the lot number details and press [Enter].

### Finalising the MP II run



### Automated DNA IQ ... Wethod of Extracting DNA

- Discard the 12-channel plate used for Resin and Elution Buffer in the biohazard waste bin.
- 2. Empty the contents of the Amphyl wash station into the sink and rinse the troughs with nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O upon completion of the run.
- Remove all labware from the deck and clean with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol, and setup for the next run if necessary.
- 4. Move the platemap in C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS to the "Completed Extns" folder.

### Importing the MP II log file into AUSLAB

1. To extract the MP II log file, click on the Microsoft Access icon in the WinPrep® main menu to open the MultiPROBE log database. Click on the relevant run Test ID in the Test Selection box. In the Report/Query/Action Selection dropdown menu, select "Report: Test Summary (Sorted by Destination Rack ID)" and in the Output Selection dropdown menu, select "File". Save the output file in \*.csv format to C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS\Ext Logs with the same name as the AUSLAB batch ID and click "Apply".

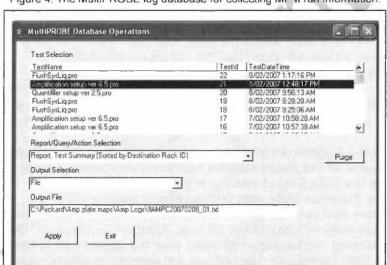


Figure 4. The MultiPROBE log database for collecting MP II run information.

- Open the log file and check for any errors that may have arisen during the Extraction process. Compare the listed errors to any that were encountered during the run. Report any critical errors to the line manager.
- 3. Copy the log file to I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs or I:\ EXTRACTION\EXT B MPII\Logs for uploading to AUSLAB.
- 4. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 5. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 6. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 7. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID barcode.
- Press [SF6] Files.
- 9. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- AUSLAB prompts "Enter filename"; enter the filename and extension and press [Enter].
- 11. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a result file Y/N?" enter N and press [Enter].
- 12. Press [Esc].

### Importing Extraction "Results" into AUSLAB



- Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- Scan the Extraction batch ID barcode located on the worksheet.
- Press [SF6] Files.
- 6. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 7. AUSLAB prompts "Enter filename"; enter file name and extension and press [Enter].
- 8. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a results file y/n?"; enter "y" and press [Enter].
- 9. The file will be imported into AUSLAB and appear in the DNA file table.
- 10. Highlight entry and press [Enter], for access to the DNA results table.
- Page down through the table and check that all sample results have been imported.
- 12. Press [SF8] *Table Sort Order*, this sorts the table so any samples that have failed Autovalidation are sorted to the top of the table.
- 13. Highlight the first entry that has failed and press [Enter].
- 14. Confirm the reason for the failure by checking the Processing Comment, and return the sample to the correct next batch type dependant upon the type of Processing Comment – e.g. Processing comment of Microcon should see the sample returned to the Microcon outstanding allocations list.
- 15. Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
- Repeat steps 13-15 until all entries that failed Autovalidation have been checked.
- 17. Highlight any entries to be changed and press [SF7] Toggle Accept
- 18. Press [F7] Complete Batch, all of the samples with a Yes in the Accept column will be transferred to the outstanding Quant Casework or Quant Reference lists.
- File the Extraction worksheet into the relevant folder in Room 6117.

### 8 SAMPLE STORAGE

Please refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS 24255) for how to store the old original 5 mL sample tubes, the DNA extract NUNC tubes, Slicprep with Basket and Axygen store plates.

### 9 VALIDATION

- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 9. Automation: Report on the Evaluation of DNA Extraction Chemistries." June 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 11: Report on the Validation of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 13: Report on the Verification of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.

### 10 QUALITY ASSURANCE/ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

- A Negative control (also known as the reagent blank) is included with each batch of extractions. This reagent blank is processed as a normal sample through to completion.
   If any results are obtained from this sample, either at the quantitation step or the Genescan analysis step, then the possible source of the contamination is investigated.
   The samples extracted with this control are thoroughly checked and repeated if possible.
- Positive and negative controls are included in each extraction batch as per table 4.



#### 11 REFERENCES

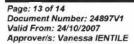
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- 2. Chen., C.W.T.J., C.A., Recovery of DNA Segments from Agarose Gels. Anal Biochem., 1980. 101: p. 339-341.
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- 4. Eminovic, I., Karamehić, J., Gavrankapetanović, F. & Helijić, B., A Simple method of DNA Extraction in Solving Difficult Criminal Cases. MEDARH, 2005. 59(1): p. 57-58.
- 5. Greenspoon, S.B., J., Robotic Extraction of mock sexual assult samples using the Biomek® 2000 and the DNA IQ™ System. Profiles in DNA, 2002. 5: p. 3-5.
- 6. Komonski, D.I., Marignani, A., Richard, M.L., Frappier, J.R.H., & Newman, J.C., Validation of the DNA IQ™ System for use in the DNA extraction of high volume forensic casework. Can. Soc. Forensic Sci. J., 2004. 37(2): p. 103-109.
- 7. Mandrekar, P., V., Flanagan, L., & Tereba, A., Forensic Extraction and Isolation of DNA Form Hair, Tissue and Bone. Profiles in DNA, 2002: p. 11.
- 8. Mandrekar, P.V., Kreneke, B. E., & Tereba, A., DNA IQ™: The Intelligent Way to Purify DNA. Profiles in DNA, 2001; p. 16.
- 9. Marko, M.A., Chipperfield, R., & Birnboim, H.C., A Procedure for the Large Scale Isolation of Highly purified Plasmid DNA using alkaline extraction and binding to glass powder. Anal. Biochem., 1982. 121: p. 382-387.
- Melzak, K.A., Sherwood, C.S., Turner, R.F.B. & Haynest, C.A., Driving forces for DNA Adsorption to Silica in Percholorate Solutions. J. Colloid. Interface Sci., 1996. 181: p. 635-644.
- 11. PerkinElmer, Automated DNA IQ™ System for Mixed Casework Sample DNA Isolation. MultiPROBE II Liquid Handling - Forensic Workstation Application Guide, 2004: p. 1-25.
- 12. Promega, FAQs –DNA IQ™ System.
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- 16. Promega, Tissue and hair Extraction Kit (for use with DNA IQ™) Protocol. Promega Technical Bulletin #TB307, 2006. Rev 5/06: p. 1-11.
- 17. Schiffner, L.A., Bajda, E. J., Prinz, M., Sebestyen, J., Shaler, R. & Caragine, T.A., Optimisation of a Simple, Automatable Extraction Method to Recover Sufficient DNA from Low Copy Number DNA Samples for Generation of Short Tandem Repeat Profiles. Croat Med J, 2005. 46(4): p. 578 -586.
- 18. Vandenberg, N., van Oorchot., R. A. H., & Mitchell, R. J., An evaluation of selected DNA extraction strategies for short tandem repeat typing. Electrophoresis, 1997. 18: p. 1624-1626.

#### 12 STORAGE OF DOCUMENTS

All worksheets are stored in the Analytical area (Room 6117).

#### 13 ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

QIS 17120 Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories





QIS 17171 Method for Chelex Extraction

QIS 17165 Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Test Kits

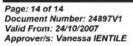
QIS 23939 Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX and MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform

QIS 24469 Batch functionality in AUSLAB
QIS 24256 Sequence Checking with the STORstar Instrument

QIS 24255 Analytical Sample Storage

### **AMENDMENT HISTORY** 14

Revision	Date	Author/s	Amendments
0	23 Oct 2007	B. Gallagher, T. Nurthen, C. Iannuzzi, V. Hlinka, G. Lundie, I Muharam.	First Issue
			<b>V</b>
			1/2

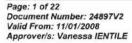




# CaSS | Forensic and Scientific Services

# DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA from Blood and Cell Substrates

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### **PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

This method describes the routine automated DNA extraction of cell and blood samples on the PerkinElmer MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms using the Promega DNA IQ™ system. The manual method has been included as a back-up method should it be required.

This method applies to all Forensic Biology staff that is required to extract cell and blood samples.

Reference samples and Casework samples must be extracted separately. If Casework and Reference samples are to be extracted on the same instrument, the instrument must be decontaminated between operations.

### DEFINITIONS

	The second secon
Samples	Samples awaiting DNA extraction
DNA Extracts	Samples that had DNA extraction processes performed
DNA IQ™ Resin	Magnetic Resin Beads used to bind DNA
MP II	MultiPROBE® II Platform
DTT	1,4 Dithiothreitol
Pro K	Proteinase K
SDS	Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate
TNE	Tris, NaCl and EDTA buffer
EDTA	Ethylenediaminetetraacetate
EP-A	Extraction Platform A – back wall platform
EP-B	Extraction Platform B – side wall platform

### PRINCIPLE

### Sample Pre-lysis

The Extraction Buffer used in the pre-lysis of cellular material contains Proteinase K (Pro K), TNE (Tris, NaCl, EDTA) and SDS. TNE acts as a basic buffer with EDTA chelating ions in solution. SDS is a detergent that lyses open cell membranes. Proteinase K is added to digest protein and cellular material that interferes with the DNA binding capacity of the resin. It is also added to rapidly inactivate enzymatic activity that could potentially degrade DNA (e.g.nucleases).

Proteinase K (also known as Endoproteinase K) is a fungal enzyme from Engyodontium album (formerly Tritirachium album). It is a stable S8 family serine alkaline protease that has broad specificity and is inactivated by diisopropylfluorophosphate, phenyl-methane sulfonyl fluoride and Hg2+ ions. As a highly active endopeptidase, it cleaves peptide bonds adjacent/next to the carboxyl group of N-substituted (blocked alpha amino) hydrophobic, aliphatic and aromatic amino acids. Therefore, it actively hydrolyses proteins, glycoproteins, peptides and esters of amino acids. The smallest peptide that can be hydrolysed with Proteinase K is a tetrapeptide.

### DNA IQ™ Kit

The DNA IQ ™ kit is designed to purify DNA from a number of different substrates and has been optimised for trace DNA samples. An in house validation was performed using a modified version of the PerkinElmer automated protocol. The protocol has been modified to incorporate a number of work practices used in Forensic Biology FSS. These are:

o The use of the Slicprep™ 96 device (Promega) for removing substrate from lysate.



- The increase of extraction buffer volume to 500µL for use with the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device.
- The increase of Lysis Buffer volume to 957μL proportional to the increase of Extraction Buffer volume, according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- o Double Elution step, with an Elution buffer volume of  $60\mu$ L for a final volume of  $100\mu$ L.
- The use of NUNC Bank-It tubes for storage of final extracts.

Cell lysis is performed with Promega Lysis Buffer containing Dithiothreitol (DTT). 1,4 Dithiothreitol is a reducing agent used in extractions to break disulfide bonds of proteins. The Lysis Buffer used is a proprietary buffer containing chaotropic salts required for binding of DNA to the magnetic beads. According to the MSDS, the lysis buffer contains 50-75% guanidinium thiocyanate, < 2.5% EDTA, < 2% 3-[(3-Choalamidopropryl)dimethylammonio] propanesulfonic and < 2% polyethylene glycol tert-octylphenyl ether.

The basis of the DNA IQ™ kit is a magnetic bead resin which contains novel paramagnetic particles covered with silica. The magnetic bead resin usually has a DNA binding capacity of 100ng but the addition of Pro K will increase the binding capacity. Samples with small amounts of DNA are more efficient than samples with large amounts of DNA, and as a result a small sample size is critical to ensure efficient recovery of DNA.

The magnetic beads with silica have a negative charge at basic and near neutral pH. The Lysis Buffer changes the pH and salt concentration of the solution and the silica on the magnetic beads becomes positively charged which is then able to bind the DNA.

Several washing steps are employed in the protocol to remove inhibitors. The first washing step is performed with Lysis Buffer. This wash ensures the DNA is bound to the magnetic bead resin and washes out inhibitors. The next three washing procedures are with a 1xWash Buffer. This buffer contains an alcohol/aqueous mixture which ensures the DNA is not eluted during washing by keeping the DNA dehydrated, and aqueous phase washes out the inhibitor.

Elution buffer removes the DNA from the magnetic bead resin. The Elution Buffer changes the salt content. Heating the complex to 65°C allows the DNA to be released from the magnetic beads. The Elution Buffer is a low ionic strength buffer that reduces the affinity of the DNA for the silica that covers the magnetic beads, by re-hydration of the phosphate backbone.

The DNA IQ™ kit isolates DNA greater than 80bp, smaller DNA is removed selectively to prevent PCR inhibition.

### MultiPROBE® II HT EX Plus with Gripper™ Integration Platform

Within Forensic Biology, blood and cell extractions are performed using 2 MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms (Extraction Platform A, EP-A) and (Extraction Platform B, EP-B) perform casework or reference samples. Each platform uses a computer – controlled Cartesian X-Y-Z liquid handling system designed for the efficient automation of sample preparation. Liquid transfer is performed by an 8-tip System with VersaTip® and VariSpan™ options. The VersaTip® option allows the use of fixed and/or disposable tips (both clear and conductive). The VariSpan™ option permits variable probe spacing between each of the individual probes so that a wide range of labware such as micro plates, tubes, vials and reagent troughs can be accessed. Each sample probe is capable of independent motion in the Z direction due to independent Z drives.



The 8-tip System is also capable of multichannel liquid-level sensing by utilising Accusense™ technology. This technology works by each probe detecting a change in capacitance within the liquid. This capacitive mode of detection is also possible when using conductive disposable tips. Accusense™ also permits the detection of low or non-ionic polar solutions and solvents. Pipetting on the platforms is driven by 8 individually controlled syringes via the positive displacement of the system liquid (nanopure water) when transferring liquid.

The Gripper™ Integration on all the platforms (except for the Post – PCR MPII) allows for automated identification of labware via the scanning of barcodes and also allows for automated transfer of plates from one position on the deck to another. To increase deck space and capacity, all platforms include a left deck extension.

In this program a platemap is utilised to provide the necessary information for correct volumes and locations for pipetting. It also contains information regarding positions where pipetting must take place at various locations, the number and IDs of samples. Without a platemap the program will fail to work.

### 4 REAGENTS AND EQUIPMENT

### 4.1 Reagents

- 1. DNA IQ™ System Kit 400 sample Kit
  - o Resin
  - o Lysis Buffer (LB)
  - o 2x Wash Buffer (2xWB)
  - Elution Buffer (EB)
- 2. Tris/Sodium chloride/EDTA Buffer (TNE)
- Proteinase K (Pro K) 20mg/mL
- 4. Dithiothreitol (DTT) 1M
- 5. 5% TriGene
- 6. 70% Ethanol
- 7. 1% Amphyl
- 8. 0.2% Amphyl
- 9. Isopropyl alcohol
- 10. AnalR 100 %Ethanol
- 11, 20% SDS
- 12. Decon® 90 solution
- 13. Nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O

Table 1. Reagent storage locations.

Reagent	Device	Storage Location
Pro K	Freezer	Room 6120
DTT	Freezer	Room 6120
20% SDS	Shelf	Room 6122
Isopropyl alcohol	Shelf	Room 6122
TNE pH 8 Buffer	Shelf	Room 6122
DNA IQ™ Kit	Shelf	Room 6122
Amphyl (1% and 0.2%)	Shelf	Room 6127
Nanopure Water	Shelf	Room 6127
5% TriGene	Shelf	Room 6127
AnalR 100 %Ethanol	Shelf	Room 6127

Please see Table 2 for the volume of reagents for a full plate or half plate. See QIS <u>17165</u> (Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Kits) for preparation of the TNE buffer. All reagents, except for the Lysis Buffer with DTT (in fume hood), can be made on the bench in Room 6122. DNA IQ reagents are prepared by staff performing the DNA IQ method.

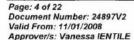




Table 2. Table of reagent volumes.

Reagent (volume per sample)	Constituent (volume per sample)	Volume req'd for 96 Samples (mL)	Volume reg'd for 48 Samples (mL)
E 5.#	TNE buffer 462.5µL	54	27
Extraction Buffer	Prot K (20 mg/mL)25.0 µL	2.9	1.5
(500 μL/sample	SDS (20 %) 12.5µL	1.5	0.7
Lysis buffer (with DTT)	Lysis buffer (no DTT)	130	66
(1.127mL/sample)	DTT (add to Lysis buffer)	1.3	0.66
Lysis Buffer (with DTT) Reagent Trough	As above	125	63
DNA IQ RESIN Solution	Lysis buffer (with DTT) (from above) 43µL	6	3
(50µL/sample)	DNA IQ RESIN 7µL	11	0.5
DNA IQ 1X Wash Buffer (300µl/sample)	See Below for preparation	35	18
DNA IQ Elution Buffer (120µl/sample)	Use directly from Kit	14	8

NOTE: For batches not equal to either 96 or 48 samples samples, refer to Appendix Reagents Calculation Tables. Table 1 for batches of <48 samples and Table 2 for <96 (but >48)

### **Extraction Buffer**

Prepare the buffer just before extraction in a 100mL sterile glass bottle according to the table 2. Use one aliquot of 20mg/mL Proteinase K (1.5mL) for a 48 sample run and two aliquots of Proteinase K for a 96 sample run. Remove aliquot/s of Proteinase K from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Ensure that the 20% (v/v) SDS is completely dissolved (clear) in the stock solution before making the extraction buffer. If not dissolved invert the container a few times and leave longer at room temperature.

### Lysis Buffer with DTT

Lysis buffer is supplied with the kit. Lysis buffer with DTT is prepared at the start of each run. Remove the DTT from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Into a sterilised glass bottle, add 1.3mL of DTT to 130ml of Lysis buffer for 96 samples. If 48 samples are to be run, use 660µl of DTT to 66ml of Lysis buffer, again, made up in a sterile glass bottle. Make up the Lysis buffer with DTT within the Laminar Flow and ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield. Warning: Lysis Buffer and DTT are toxic.

### DNA IQ™ Resin

DNA IQ™ Resin is supplied with the kit. The resin is prepared at the start of each run in a 10mL sterile tube. Ensure the resin is properly mixed by vortexing before pipetting. Look for calculations in table 2 for the correct volumes of resin and lysis buffer (with DTT). In the 10mL tube, mix by inversion before adding to column 4 in the 12-channel reagent plate.

### 1X Wash buffer

2X Wash buffer is supplied with the kit. Once a new kit has been opened, add 35mL of *AnalR* Ethanol and 35mL of Isopropyl alcohol to the 2X wash buffer. Once the reagents have been added, label the lid and side of the bottle with "1X Wash buffer," initial and date.



### 4.2 Equipment

The following equipment (Table 3) and consumables (Table 4) are required for the DNA IQ extraction.

Table 3. Equipment used and location.

Equipment	Asset No.	Location
STORstar (B system)	10238493	6122
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext A Platform)	10076438	6127
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext B Platform)	10076437	6127
DPC Shaker (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
DPC Shaker (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Eppendorf 5804 centrifuge	10238416	6127
Vortex	30087015	6127
Fridge	30433424	6127
Micro centrifuge	None	6127
Decapper	None	6127

Table 4. Consumables used for extraction

Consumables	Location
175uL Clear Non-Conductive Filter Tips – Pre-sterilized	6127
MßP Pure 1000uL Tips - Pre-Sterilized	6127
SlicPrep™ 96 device plate	6122
Axygen 2mL Deep Well storage plate	6127
12 Channel plate	6127
Nunc tubes	6120
Nunc Caps	6127
Sterile 50mL Falcon tubes	6122
Sterile 10mL tubes	6122
Autoclaved 100mL glass bottles	6122
Autoclaved 250mL glass bottles	6122
Aluminium sealing film	6127

### 5 SAFETY

As per the procedures in the QIS document "Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories" (QIS 17120), PPE is to be worn by all staff when performing this procedure.

The automated platforms, labware and associated equipment should be wiped with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol before and after use.

While the MPII is running a procedure, refrain from placing any part of the body inside the cabinet. Either pause the program or use the emergency STOP button located at the front of the instrument before touching anything within the cabinet or on the deck surface.

Warning: Tris base, EDTA, SDS and Lysis Buffer are irritants. DTT is a reducing agent that destroys disulphide bonds. Chaotropic reagents such as guanidinium thiocyanate (GuSCN) are toxic. Do not breathe alcohol fumes. Handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE.

Lysis Buffer contains guanidinium thiocyanate which can be harmful if inhaled, swallowed or comes in contact with skin. Any left over Lysis Buffer with DTT is to be disposed of in a brown Winchester bottle in the fume hood. Never dispose down the sink. If spillage occurs, absorb with liquid-binding material (such as sand, kitty litter, etc) and dispose in a biohazard bin. Again, handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE, including face shield.



### 6 SAMPLING AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

Samples waiting to be extracted are stored in freezers as described in Table 5.

Table 5. Sample storage locations.

Sample type	Storage Device	Storage Location
Urgent/High/Medium Priority Samples	Freezer	6117-2
Medium Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer or Freezer in 6117	6109 or 6117-5
Low Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer or Freezer in 6117	6109 or 6117-5

### QC samples

All extraction batches require two controls to be registered. These controls, UR numbers and positions are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Extraction Quality Controls

QC Name	UR Number	Description
Negative Control	FBOT33	Negative Extraction control – Empty well
Positive Control	FBOT35	Positive extraction control - Known Donor dried blood swab

### Registration of QC

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 1. Request Registration.
- 3. Select 2. Full Reception Entry.
- 4. Scan in barcode of control.
- 5. Enter the UR number as per Table 4 and press [Enter].
- 6. Enter the appropriate Specimen type (e.g. Blood for blood control).
- 7. Request a **9PLEX** test, when prompted to enter the processing comment, enter **EXTP** (Positive extraction control) or **EXTN** (Negative extraction control).
- 8. Enter LAB in the Billing code field.
- 9. Press [F7] Save to save the Billing details.
- 10. Press [F4] Save twice to save the registration details.

N.B Quality controls should not have a DNA priority allocated at time of registration to ensure they are included in the top positions of a batch

### Create the Extraction Batch

- Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 5. Workflow management.
- 3. Select 1. DNA workflow table.
- 4. Highlight the appropriate Extraction batch type and press [F5] Batch Allocation.
- 5. Press [F6] Create batch.
- 6. Press [F8] Print menu.
- 7. Press [F6] Print Batch label. (print 7)
- 8. Press [F7] Print Sample Label. (print 3 sets)
- 9. Press [F8] Print Worksheet. (print 2)
- 10. Press [SF5] Main menu.
- 11. Press [SF11] Print.
- 12. Press [SF6] Accept batch.
- 13. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to the Main Menu.
- Obtain worksheets (FBLASER3) and labels (FBLABEL13-16) from the Analytical Section printing bench (Room 6117).



### **Locating Samples**

To locate samples refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS 24255).

### **Checking Samples**

Check that appropriately sized portions of sample (eg swab, fabric, cigarette butts) have been submitted. If samples are not sized correctly they are to be sub-sampled please refer to "Examination of Items" (QIS 17142)

Label 1.5mL tubes removed from inside the original 5mL tube with sample labels if required. Label empty Nunc tubes ready for sequence checking.

### Sequence Check the Sample substrates and Nunc Bank-It™ tubes

To sequence check sample substrates and storage tubes please refer to method "Procedure for the Use of the STORstar unit for automated sequence checking" (QIS 24256).

ENSURE the Slicprep™ 96 device is labelled, with the AUSLAB Batch ID label on the left side of the plate and the barcode on the right hand side of the plate.

ENSURE the Nunc tube rack is labelled with the AUSLAB Batch ID and barcode on the front of the plate.

### **PROCEDURE**

Automated setup of DNA IQ extractions in 96-deep well format is performed using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX EP-A and EP- B platforms located in Room 6127.

Refer to "Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX and MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform" (QIS 23939) for instructions on the use and maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX platforms.

### Summary of DNA IQ EXTRACTION winprep program (v 1.3)

- Lysis of the biological material on solid support: Add prepared Extraction Buffer (500µL) to Slicprep plate wells. Cover the Slicprep plate & Spin baskets with Aluminium seal and incubate 45 min @ 37 °C. (this occurs at steps 8-12 of the protocol)
- Remove the Slicprep plate & Spin baskets: add the collar and centrifuge for 2 min. Remove the collar and discard it. Remove the Spin baskets part and keep it in a clean container. Return the Slicprep plate to the deck. (this occurs at step 14 of the protocol)
- 3. Binding of paramagnetic resin to DNA and further Lysis: add Resin solution (50µL) and Lysis Buffer (957µL). Automated mixing and shaking @ room temperature for 5 min. (this occurs at steps 17-22 of the protocol)
- 4. Removing lysis reagents: Slicprep plate is moved to the PKI Magnet to separate beads. Removing of supernatant (1600µL) without disturbing resin, dispense this solution in the storage plate. (this occurs at steps 25-27 of the protocol)
- Washing of the resin-DNA complex: To remove any inhibitors in solution. The first wash is with Lysis buffer (125µL), shaking @ room temperature for 1 min. The plate is moved to the PKI Magnet and the supernatant is removed into the storage plate.



The next three washes are with 1X Wash buffer (100µL), shaking @ room temperature for 1 min. During each wash cycle, the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet and the supernatant is discarded. (this occurs at steps 30-68 of the protocol)

- Removing any excess of 1X Wash buffer: air dry @ room temperature for 5 min. (this occurs at step 69 of the protocol)
- 7. Elution of DNA from the Resin-DNA complex: Add Elution buffer (60µL) and incubate @65 °C for 6 minutes (3 min no shaking and 3 min shaking). The plate is moved to the PKI Magnet. The eluted solution (supernatant) is removed to the NUNC tubes. Step 7 is repeated twice. (this occurs at steps 71-92 of the protocol)
- 8. Flushing of capillaries: The capillaries are washed with Amphyl and nanopure water.

### Preparation of Reagents prior to extraction

- 1. Defrost Prot K and DTT
- Refer to table 2 for reagent volumes to make up the required amount of Extraction Buffer, Lysis buffer (with DTT) and Resin solution. Also measure the required amount of 1X Wash buffer.
- 3. Record the Lot numbers of all the reagents used onto the AUSLAB worksheet.

### Setting up the EP-A or EP-B MPIIs

These steps are to be carried out in the Automated extraction Room (Room 6127)

- 4. Turn on the instrument PC.
- 5. Log onto the network using the Robotics login.
- 6. Double click the WinPrep® icon on the computer desktop (Figure 1).
- 7. Log onto the WinPrep® software by entering your username and password, then press "Enter".



- 8. Ensure the System Liquid Bottle is FULL before every run and perform a Flush/Wash.
- Ensure that the daily/weekly start-up has been performed before running any program.
   If WinPrep® has been closed or been idle for a long period of time initialise the MP II platform as described in QIS 23939.
- 10. Open the Extraction setup MP II test file in WinPrep® by selecting:
  - File
  - Open, navigate to C:\PACKARD\MULTIPROBE\BIN\QHSS PROTOCOLS
  - Select "DNA IQ Extraction\_Ver1.3.mpt."
  - Click the "Open" button
- 11. Check the whole program there are no bold fonts (e.g. plates may lose gripability and the program will not run). See the line manager.
- 12. Decontaminate the required labware by wiping with 5% TriGene followed by 70% ethanol before placing the labware on to the designated grid positions as outlined in the virtual deck view within WinPrep® (Figure 2).



FAM2-03 27

### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

- The white WALLAC Isoplates (catalogue #1450-514) that are used to support the SlicPrep™ 96 device plate must be placed into positions E13, D16 and C19.
- Ensure that the PKI Magnet at **F16** is stable in its insert. This is critical so that beads and DNA are not lost during pipetting.

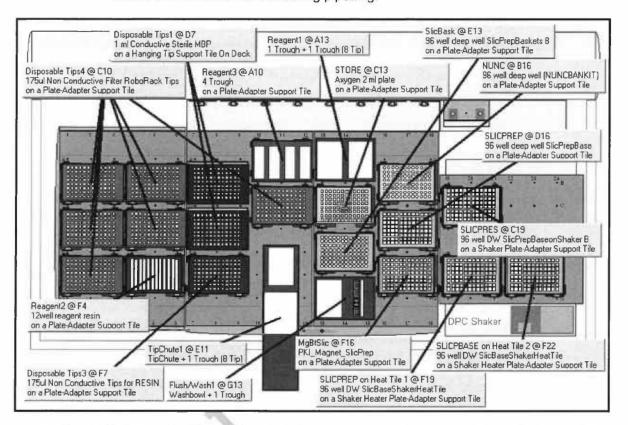


Figure 2. The WinPrep® virtual deck view displaying the necessary labware required for the Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extraction on Extraction Platform A.

- 13. Ensure that the DPC Shaker and Heater Controller Box are switched on. For EP-A: Tile 3 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 1 at F22 (85°C). For EP-B: Tile 1 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 2 at F22 (85°C). Note: Press the start/stop button twice at the front of the DPC Shaker to ensure that it displays zero on the screen.
- 14. To the Amphyl wash station at A10, add fresh 1% Amphyl to the trough on the far left hand side, 0.2% diluted Amphyl to the middle left and place an empty reagent tough in the middle right position of the station. The nanopure water goes to position G13 into a 160mL trough in the Flush-Wash station.
- 15. Pour the required amounts of Extraction Buffer and Lysis Buffer into the labelled 150mL reagent troughs. Place Lysis Buffer on the left hand side and the Extraction buffer on the right hand side of the 2 trough holder located in position A13.
  Note: Ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield when handling these reagents
- 16. Nunc tube rack: Check that is the same Auslab batch number as the platemap to be run. Ensure that the barcode of the first (A1) and last tube (H12) are the respective ones. Attach batch label and batch barcode label to front side of rack. Add B1-Lite



- generated "NUNC" barcode to the right side of the nunc tube rack. Then place nunc rack into position **B16**
- 17. On an Axygen 2ml deep well Storage plate, label the left side of the plate with both the Batch ID and barcode. Label the right side of the plate with a B1-Lite generated "STORE" barcode. Then place in position C13.
- 18. **Slicprep™ 96 device**: Gently remove septa mat from Slicprep™ 96 device and check that substrates are at the bottom of the Spin baskets, if not push them down with a sterile disposable tip and place the Slicprep™ 96 device into position **E13**.
- 19. In I drive from Extraction folder open the required plate map. Check that the plate map is complete. If there are blanks (samples that have been removed), make all volumes to 0. If it is not a full batch, delete the rows of blank samples at the end of the platemap, then save the changes. Copy the plate map to the following file path: C:\Packard\Ext Plate MAPS
- 20. After ensuring that all the necessary labware has been positioned in the correct grid position as displayed within WinPrep®, click the "EXECUTE TEST" button. While the test is loading, record all run information in the Run Log book.
- 21. Click "Reset Tip Boxes" and ensure that the number of tips displayed in this window match those as available on the deck platform. Fill new tips if necessary. Click "Close" to accept the tip count, followed by clicking "Next"
- 22. Select the correct platemap by browsing to C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS. Ensure that the platemap selected matches the batch ID affixed to the 96-well Slicprep™ 96 device in position D16. Once this has been done, click "Start", to continue.
- 23. After the barcodes have been read, a user prompt will appear as a reminder to: "Ensure
  - 1. Shaker and heat box are on.
  - 2. Deck has been populated correctly.
  - 3. The Lysis buffer is on the left side and Extraction buffer is on the right at A13." Click "OK" to continue.
- 24. Once the extraction buffer has been added to the plate, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 50°C (real temp 37°C). When current temperature reaches 50°C click "Continue".
- 25. The next prompt that appears will request the following: "Cover Slicprep with the Aluminium sealing film, then place in position F19. Press "OK."
- 26. After shaking, a User Prompt will appear with the following directions:
  - "Remove plate, add white plastic collar and centrifuge 5mins at 3021rpm, then in the cabinet, remove the spin basket part and place it in the empty 1 ml tip container."
  - Place the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device into the plate centrifuge and ensure the correct balance plate is used. Once the plate has been centrifuged, carry the plate to the hood and remove the basket of the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device, storing the basket in an empty 1mL tip box, discard the Collar. Complete the step by clicking "**OK**".
- 27. Add the Resin to the 12 Channel plate. Pipette mix thoroughly. Then dispense 50uL of resin into each well of the Slicprep™ 96 device.



- 28. Place the 12 channel plate into position F4 then add the Elution buffer to the plate by splitting the amount of elution buffer in half between channels 11 and 12.
- Place the Wash buffer in the far right hand side of the 4 well reagent trough holder (Amphyl wash station at A10)
- 30. The next User prompt will appear with the following directions: "Place the Slicprep in position D16. Ensure wash buffer has been added. Manually add 50uL of Resin. Ensure Elution Buffer has been added." Press "OK" when steps 23-25 have been performed.
- 31. Once the lysis and wash steps have been completed, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 85°C (real temp 65°C). **DO NOT PRESS CONTINUE** it will continue automatically when temperature has reached 85°C.
- 32. After the first elution step when the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet, a User message will appear requesting:

"Check Nunc tubes are uncapped at position B16
Push down the Slicprep on the PKI Magnet then press OK."

**Note:** Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet.

- 33. After the second elution step, the above prompt will appear again. Note: Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet
- 34. Once the program is completed, a final User Message prompt appears asking to: "Remove all the plates starting with the Slicprep plate, place the Spin Basket into the Slicprep plate.

Cover the Storage plate with the aluminium sealing film." Recap the NUNC tubes

Once all plates are removed from the deck and sealed, place into small clipseal plastic bags. Click "OK" to proceed to the Amphyl wash step to decontaminate the system tubing.

### Finalising the MP II run

- Discard the 12-channel plate used for Resin and Elution Buffer in the biohazard waste bin.
- 36. Remove Lysis buffer with DTT (wear face shield) and dispose of left over reagent into the glass bottle used previously. Bring this bottle to the room 6122 and dispose in the brown Winchester bottle located in the fume hood.
- 37. Empty the contents of the Amphyl wash station into the sink and rinse the troughs with nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O upon completion of the run.
- 38. Remove all labware from the deck and clean with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol, and setup for the next run if necessary.
- 39. Remove the tip chute and funnel, rinse with warm tap water to help loosen and remove any residue inside the chute before cleaning with 5% TriGene and 70% ethanol. Hang the chute to dry on the rack beside the sink. If running another extraction straight after, replace the tip chute with another spare, clean chute.
- 40. Move the platemap to C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS to the "Completed Extractions" folder.



## Recording Reagent Details and other information in AUSLAB

- 41. To record reagent lot numbers, log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 42. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 43. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 44. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID.
- 45. Press [F6] Reagents.
- 46. Press [SF8] Audit.
- 47. Press **[F5]** *Insert Audit Entry*, enter the lot number details, operator name and Extraction platform the batch was run on and press **[Enter]**.

### Importing the MP II log file into AUSLAB

- 48. To extract the MP II log file, click on the Microsoft Access icon in the WinPrep® main menu to open the MultiPROBE log database.
- Click on the relevant run Test ID in the Test Selection box. In the Report/Query/Action Selection dropdown menu, select "Report: Test Summary (Sorted by Destination Rack ID)"
- 50. In the Output Selection dropdown menu, select "File". Save the output file as \*.csv format to C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS\Ext Logs with the same name as the AUSLAB batch ID and click "Apply". (refer to figure 4. below)

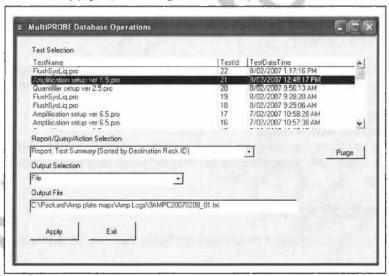


Figure 4. The MultiPROBE log database for collecting MP II run information

- 51. Open the log file and check for any errors that may have arisen during the Extraction process. Compare the listed errors to any that were encountered during the run. Report any critical errors to the line manager.
- 52. Copy the log file to I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs or I:\ EXTRACTION\EXT B MPII\Logs for uploading to AUSLAB.
- 53. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 54. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 55. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 56. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID barcode.
- 57. Press [SF6] Files.
- 58. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 59. AUSLAB prompts "*Enter filename*"; enter the filename and extension and press [Enter]. (e.g. I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs\CWIQEXT20071115\_01.csv)
- AUSLAB prompts "Is this a result file Y/N?" enter N and press [Enter].



### 61. Press [Esc].

### Importing Extraction "Results" into AUSLAB

- 62. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 63. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 64. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 65. Scan the Extraction batch ID barcode located on the worksheet.
- 66. Press [SF6] Files.
- 67. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- AUSLAB prompts "Enter filename"; enter batch name and extension and press [Enter].(e.g. CWIQEXT20071115\_01.txt)
- 69. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a results file y/n?" enter "y" and press [Enter].
- 70. The file will be imported into AUSLAB and appear in the DNA file table.
- 71. Highlight entry and press [Enter], for access to the DNA results table.
- 72. Page down through the table and check that all sample results have been imported.
- 73. Press [SF8] *Table Sort Order*, this sorts the table so any samples that have failed Autovalidation are sorted to the top of the table.
- 74. For all samples that have failed check the Processing Comments, by entering into the sample.
- 75. a) If processing comments state sample is to be sent to another batch type other than quant. Return the sample to the correct next batch type – e.g. microcon, nucleospin and pooling
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Do not toggle accept.
- 76. a) If processing comment does not state next step for sample the sample will be processed as normal.
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Highlight any entries to be changed and press [SF7] Toggle Accept
- 77. Press [F7] Complete Batch, all of the samples with a Yes in the Accept column will be transferred to the outstanding Quant Casework or Quant Reference lists.
- 78. File the Extraction worksheet into the relevant folder in Room 6117.

### 8 SAMPLE STORAGE

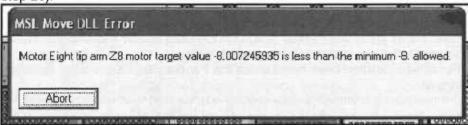
Please refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS <u>24255</u>) for how to store the old original 5 mL sample tubes, the DNA extract NUNC tubes, Slicprep with Basket and Axygen store plates.

### 9 TROUBLESHOOTING

- 1. If the barcode reader is not reading the barcodes of the Nunc tube rack, or the Slicprep Plate or the Store plate, manually scan the appropriate barcodes.
- When reading the Nunc tube rack barcode, if the Gripper is not picking up or placing the Nunc tube rack properly on the deck, just manually place the rack properly on the plate adapter support tile.
- When reading the Store plate barcode, if the Gripper is not picking up or placing the Store plate properly on the deck, just manually place the plate properly on the plate adapter support tile.
- 4. When reading the Slicprep plate barcode if the Gripper is not picking up the plate properly:
  - a. if the plate was not properly placed on the plate adapter support tile with the Wallac Isoplate, just manually place the plate properly.
  - if the plate was properly placed on the plate adapter support tile with the Wallac Isoplate on it: it means that the gripper needs to be initialised. Abort the



- run, Initialise the instrument and restart the run. If problem persists, shutdown the MPII and PC, restart and then initialise the whole instrument. Otherwise, contact your line manager.
- c. Calibrate relevant labware using the SlicPrep Calibration plate. This has preset standardised positions that need to be the same on all labware where the Slicprep plate is being moved. The same plate is used on both extraction platforms A and B.
- d. Check the calibrations against the run program DNAIQGripperTest.pro. This program moves the Slicprep across all the labware the gripper moves across. Start with the Slicprep at D16.
- 5. In steps 18 or 26, if a message is stating that the instrument is having a motor problem when picking up 1 mL tips and the only option is to Abort, abort, initialise and open program version 1.3a (if the problem is in step 18) or version 1.3b (if the problem is in step 26).



As the program will start the gripper will pick up the plates, it is not necessary that the Nunc tube rack is in position (B16), only ensure that it is reading the correct barcode. It is **important not** to place the Slicprep in the original position (E13) as the Slicprep plate has the Spin basket part removed (ie keep at D16), ensure it will scan the correct batch barcode. The Store plate remains in the original position. If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.

- 6. If the program has already started step 18 and the previous message is appearing, you need to abort. Initialise the instrument and open program version 1.3a. Go to the plate map in C:\PACKARD\ EXT PLATE MAPS and change volume to 0 for all the samples that the Lysis Buffer have been dispensed (Column 6), ensure that the number of samples where the Lysis buffer was added is the same as the ones where the volume needs to be changed. Save the changes and use this plate map for the restart of the program. Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates. If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.
- 7. If the program has already started step 26 and the previous message is appearing, you need to abort. Initialise the instrument and open program version 1.3b.
  Go to the plate map in C:\PACKARD\ EXT PLATE MAPS and change volume to 0 in all the samples that the Lysis Buffer and Ext buffer have been removed (Column 9), ensure that the number of samples where the solution was removed is the same that the ones the volume need to be changed.
  Save the changes and use this plate map for the restart of the program. Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates.
  If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.
- 8. If a disposable tip gets stuck on the 8 tip arm during disposal of tips a user message will appear. Remove and press retry and then continue.
- 9. If the message:





has appeared, press OK and the program will be aborted automatically. Check that all the connections to the instrument (shaker, heater and computer) are properly plugged in. If everything is OK, you need to close WinPrep, shut down the instrument, shaker, heater and PC. After 2 min restart everything. Once Winprep has been opened, reinitialise the instrument and start the program (check version number according to which step the message has came up). Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates.

#### 10 VALIDATION

- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 9. Automation: Report on the Evaluation of DNA Extraction Chemistries." June 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 11: Report on the Validation of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 13: Report on the Verification of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.

#### 11 QUALITY ASSURANCE/ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

- A Negative control (also known as the reagent blank) is included with each batch of
  extractions. This reagent blank is processed as a normal sample through to completion.
  If any results are obtained from this sample, either at the quantitation step or the
  Genescan analysis step, then the possible source of the contamination is investigated.
  The samples extracted with this control are thoroughly checked and repeated if
  possible.
- Positive and negative controls are included in each extraction batch as per table 4.

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#### 13 STORAGE OF DOCUMENTS

All worksheets are stored in the Analytical area (Room 6117).

#### 14 ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

- QIS 17120 Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories
- QIS 17142 Examination of Items
- QIS 17171 Method for Chelex Extraction
- QIS 17165 Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Test Kits
- QIS <u>23939</u> Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX and MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform
- QIS 24255 Analytical Sample Storage
- QIS 24256 Sequence Checking with the STORstar Instrument
- QIS 24469 Batch functionality in AUSLAB

#### 15 AMENDMENT HISTORY

Revision	Date	Author/s	Amendments
0	23 Oct 2007	B. Gallagher, T. Nurthen, C. lannuzzi, V. Hlinka, G. Lundie, I Muharam.	First Issue
1	12 Dec 2007	M Harvey, C Iannuzzi, A McNevin	Reviewed and updated after initial training



#### 16 APPENDIX

#### 16.1 Reagents Calculation Tables

1. Table for less than 48 samples (note difference is in DNA IQ RESIN Solution)

Lysis-DTT buffer		Volume (in mL)
Lysis buffer	(Nx1.35)+0.75	
DTT (1M)	Lysis Buffer/100	
Extraction Buffer	AN SYNCHES - SEX	
TNE buffer	Nx0.56	
Prot K (20 mg/L)	Nx0.03	
SDS (20 %)	Nx0.015	- No.
DNA IQ RESIN Solution		
LYSIS buffer	0.054x(N+8)	4 4
DNA IQ RESIN	0.009x(N+8)	
DNA IQ 1X Wash buffer	Nx0.36	
DNA IQ Elution buffer	Nx0.144	

N = number of samples on batch including positive and negative controls, round up to nearest multiple of 8)

2. Table for more than 48 samples (note difference is in DNA IQ RESIN Solution)

Lysis-DTT buffer		Volume (in mL)
Lysis buffer	(Nx1.35)+0.75	
DTT (1M)	Lysis Buffer/100	
Extraction Buffer		برحالها المالا
TNE buffer	Nx0.56	
Prot K (20 mg/L)	Nx0.03	
SDS (20 %)	Nx0.015	
DNA IQ RESIN Solution		
LYSIS buffer	0.054x(N+16)	
DNA IQ RESIN	0.009x(N+16)	
DNA IQ 1X Wash buffer	Nx0.36	
DNA IQ Elution buffer	Nx0.144	

N = number of samples on batch including positive and negative controls, round up to nearest multiple of 8)



#### 16.2 Manual method for extraction using DNA IQ™

#### 16.2.1 Sampling and Sample Preparation

Samples waiting to be extracted are stored in freezers as described in Table 3.

Table 3. Sample storage locations.

Sample type	Storage Device	Storage Location
Urgent/High/Medium Priority Samples	Freezer	6117-2
Medium Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer	6109
Low Priority Samples	N/A	

#### QC samples

All extraction batches require two controls to be registered. These controls, UR numbers and positions are listed below in Table 4.

Table 4. Extraction Quality Controls

QC	UR Number	Extraction types	100
Neg Control	FBOT33	All	1
QC swab (blood)	FBOT35	Blood	. 4

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 1. Request Registration.
- 3. Select 2. Full Reception Entry.
- 4. Scan in barcode of control.
- 5. Enter the UR number as per Table 4 and press [Enter].
- Enter the appropriate Specimen type (e.g. Blood for blood extraction).
- Request a 9PLEX test, when prompted to enter the processing comment, enter EXTP (Positive extraction control) or EXTN (Negative extraction control).
- 8. Press [F7] Enter LAB in the Billing code field.
- 9. Press [F4] Save to save the Billing details.
- 10. Press [F4] Save to save the registration details.

### N.B Quality controls should not have a DNA priority allocated at time of registration to ensure they are included in the top positions of a batch

#### Create the Extraction Batch

- 15. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 16. Select 5. Workflow management.
- 17. Select 1. DNA workflow table.
- 18. Highlight the appropriate Extraction batch type and press [F5] Batch Allocation.
- 19. Press [F6] Create batch.
- 20. Press [F8] Print menu.
- 21. Press [F6] Print Batch label. (for the deep well plate)
- 22. Press [F7] Print Sample labels. (print four sets of labels for all extractions)
- 23. Press [F8] Print Worksheet.
- 24. Press [SF5] Main menu.
- 25. Press [SF11] Print.
- 26. Press [SF6] Accept batch.
- 27. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to the Main Menu.
- 28. Obtain worksheets (FBLASER3) and labels (FBLABEL13-16) from the Analytical Section printing bench (Room 6117).



#### Locating Samples

Determine the storage locations of the required samples using the Batch Creation table/Batch details table print out. The columns *Rack* and *Pos* respectively identify the rack and the grid location where the sample has been stored. Remove the samples from the storage rack and place in an orange rack (12x8).

When all samples have been located:

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 2. Sample Processing.
- 3. Select 7. Search Sample storage.
- 4. Scan in the sample barcode that is affixed to the sample tube.
- Press [F6] Remove Sample.
- AUSLAB prompts "Are you sure you want to remove XXXX-XXXX? (Y/N)", Enter Y and press [Enter].
- AUSLAB prompts "Please enter remove comment", No comment is required. Press [Enter].
- Press [Scroll lock] to clear.
- Repeat steps 5 8 until all of the samples have been removed from their rack.

#### Sequence Check the tubes

- Thaw samples at room temperature and label 1.5mL sample tubes.
- 2. Sequence check the tubes.
- Add the sequence check details into AUSLAB.
- 4. Log into AUSLAB Main Menu.
- Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 6. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 7. Scan in the appropriate extraction batch ID barcode.
- 8. Press [F5] Sequence Check.
- Scan in the appropriate extraction batch ID barcode.
- 10. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to Main Menu.

#### 16.2.2 Procedure

- 1. Enter the number of samples to be extracted (including controls) into the "No of Samples" column of the DNA IQ Reagent Calculations Table to calculate the volumes of each reagent to be measured out for the extraction. Aliquot regents into either 5ml tubes or 50ml Falcon tubes. Note: The volume of Lysis buffer calculated includes the volume used in the resin-lysis solution
- 2. Turn on the Eppendorf Thermo mixer and set the temperature to 37°C.
- 3. Remove 1.5ml tube and retain the 5mL tube. Prepare the Spin baskets by placing a DNA IQ™ Spin basket into a 1.5mL Microtube. Label the spin baskets (for every tube except Ext. control), 2mL SSI tubes and Nunc storage tubes (for every sample) with the sample barcodes. Have a second operator perform a sequence check of all tubes. This person must Press [F5] Sequence Check against the batch in AUSLAB
- 4. Using the Reagents table, prepare Extraction Buffer, Lysis buffer with DTT, & Resin Solution. Reagents need to be prepared fresh before each run.
- Add 300 μL of Extraction buffer to each tube. Vortex each tube before incubating the tubes at 37°C on the Thermomixer at 1000 rpm for 45 minutes.



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- Remove the tubes from the Thermo mixer and add to a rack, increase the temperature on the Thermomixer to 65°C (for use in the Elution steps).
- 7. Transfer the substrate from the original tube to a DNA IQ<sup>™</sup> Spin Basket using autoclaved twirling sticks. Centrifuge the Spin basket for 2 minutes at room temperature at its maximum speed. Once completed, remove the spin basket & retain in the original 5ml tube. Ensuring minimal contamination and transfer the extract to a labelled 2mL SSI sterile screw tube.
- 8. Transfer the remaining extract from the original tube to the corresponding 2mL tube. Vortex the tube gently.
- Add 550 μL of Lysis Buffer to each tube.
- 10. Into a separate, clean 2mL SSI tube, aliquot the required amount of lysis buffer for the Resin solution. Ensure that the DNA IQ™ Resin solution has been thoroughly mixed by vortexing the resin bottle before adding the required resin volume to the lysis buffer. Pipette mix the solution to clear the tip of any lingering resin beads. Mix the solution by inverting the tube to prevent bubbles forming.
- 11. Add 50µL of DNA IQ™ Resin-Lysis solution into each tube. Invert the resin-lysis tube at regular intervals to keep the resin suspended within the solution to ensure uniform results.
- 12. Vortex each tube for 3 seconds at high speed before placing the tubes in the Multitubeshaker set at 1200 rpm to incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 13. Remove from the Multitubeshaker and vortex the tubes for 2 seconds at high speed before placing the tubes in the magnetic stand. Separation will occur instantly.

**Note:** If resin does not form a distinct pellet on the side of the tube, or if the pellet has accidentally mixed with the solution while in the stand, vortex the tube and quickly place back in the stand.

14. Carefully remove all of the solution in the tube into the original 1.5mL tube (i.e. the tube which originally contained the substrate), ensuring that the resin is not disturbed from its place on the side of the tube.

Note: If some resin is drawn up in tip, gently expel resin back into tube to allow reseparation.

- 15. Add 125μL of prepared Lysis Buffer and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Return the tubes to the magnetic stand and allow for separation to occur. Once separation has occurred again remove the Lysis Buffer into the original 1.5mL tube (i.e. the tube which originally contained the substrate).
- 16. Add 100µL of prepared 1X Wash Buffer and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Return tube to the magnetic stand and once separation has occurred remove and discard all Wash Buffer.
- 17. Repeat Step 16 another two times for a total of three washes. Ensure that all of the solution has been removed after the last wash.
- 18. Wipe down a Biohazard hood with bleach followed by ethanol. Uncap the tubes, placing the lids inside down onto a clean rediwipe in consecutive order and place the tubes in the same order into a clean plastic rack. Air-dry the resin in the hood for 15



- minutes at Room temperature. Do not dry for more than 20 minutes, as this may inhibit removal of DNA during the elution phase.
- 19. Once the resin is dry, replace the lids on the corresponding tubes and remove from the hood. Add 50µl of Elution Buffer to each of the samples by carefully pipetting the liquid to the side of the tube, above the pellet. Do not mix.
- 20. With the lids on, incubate the tubes in the Thermomixer at 65°C for 3 minutes. After the three minutes are up, continue to incubate for a further 3 minutes shaking at 1100 rpm.
- 21. Remove the tubes and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Immediately place the tube in the magnetic stand while hot to ensure maximum DNA yield during elution.
- Carefully transfer the DNA containing supernatant to the corresponding labelled Nunc tubes.
- 23. Remove tubes from the magnetic stand and add carefully another 50 μL of Elution Buffer above the magnetic pellet.
- 24. Repeat step 30 to 32. The final volume after this elution should be approximately of 95 μL of DNA solution.
- 25. DNA can be stored at 4°C for short-term storage or at -20 or -70°C for long-term storage.

#### 16.2.3 Sample storage

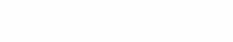
- 1. Log into AUSLAB Main Menu.
- Select 2. Sample Processing.
- 3. Select 6. Sample Storage.
- Scan in Rack barcode.
- 5. Press [SF5] Fill Rack.
- 6. Scan in sample barcode and place in rack in scanned position.
- 7. Repeat for all samples.
- Press [Esc].
- 9. Press [Pause/Break] to return to the Main Menu.
- 10. Select 3. Patient Enquiry.
- 11. Scan in Rack barcode.
- 12. Tab down to the next blank DNA Batch No field and press [F2] Edit.
- 13. Scan in the Batch ID of the samples stored.
- 14. Press [Pause/Break] to return to the Main Menu.



## Cass Forensic and Scientific Services A CLINICAL AND STATEWIDE SERVICE

# DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA from Casework and Reference Samples

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#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

#### 1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This method describes the routine method of DNA extraction using the PerkinElmer MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms and Promega DNA IQ™ kit. The manual method has been included as a back-up method should it be required.

This method applies to all DNA Analysis staff that are required to extract DNA from samples.

Reference samples and Casework samples must be extracted separately. If Casework and Reference samples are to be extracted on the same instrument, the instrument must be decontaminated between operations.

#### 2 DEFINITIONS

Samples Samples awaiting DNA extraction

Lysates Samples that have had the Lysis step performed, but have not yet

completed the entire extraction process

DNA Extracts Samples that have had a DNA extraction processes performed

DNA IQ™ Resin Magnetic Resin Beads used to bind DNA MP II MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX Platform

DTT 1,4 Dithiothreitol Pro K Proteinase K

SDS Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate
TNE Tris, NaCl and EDTA Buffer
EDTA Ethylenediaminetetraacetate

EP-A Extraction Platform A EP-B Extraction Platform B

#### 3 PRINCIPLE

#### Sample Pre-lysis

The Extraction Buffer used in the pre-lysis of cellular material contains Proteinase K (Pro K), TNE (Tris, NaCl, EDTA) and SDS. TNE acts as a basic buffer with EDTA chelating ions in solution. SDS is a detergent that lyses open cell membranes. Proteinase K is added to digest protein and cellular material that interferes with the DNA binding capacity of the resin. It is also added to rapidly inactivate enzymatic activity that could potentially degrade DNA (e.g. nucleases).

Proteinase K (also known as Endoproteinase K) is a fungal enzyme from *Engyodontium album* (formerly *Tritirachium album*). It is a stable S8 family serine alkaline protease that has broad specificity and is inactivated by diisopropylfluorophosphate, phenyl-methane sulfonyl fluoride and Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions. As a highly active endopeptidase, it cleaves peptide bonds adjacent/next to the carboxyl group of N-substituted (blocked alpha amino) hydrophobic, aliphatic and aromatic amino acids. Therefore, it actively hydrolyses proteins, glycoproteins, peptides and esters of amino acids. The smallest peptide that can be hydrolysed with Proteinase K is a tetrapeptide.

#### DNA IQ™ Kit

The DNA IQ ™ kit is designed to purify DNA from a number of different substrates and has been optimised for trace DNA samples. An in house validation was performed using a modified version of the PerkinElmer automated protocol. The protocol has been modified to incorporate a number of work practices used in DNA Analysis FSS. These are:

o The use of the Slicprep™ 96 device (Promega) for removing substrate from lysate.



#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

- The increase of Extraction Buffer volume to 500μL for use with the Slicprep™ 96
- o The use of tubes and spin-baskets for the off-deck lysis of samples prior to extraction on MPII. Use of a 96-deepwell plate for completion of extraction on MPII.
- The provision of initial incubation with TNE Buffer and retention of a portion thereof for further testing (retained supernatant testing).
- The increase of Lysis Buffer volume to 957μL proportional to the increase of Extraction Buffer volume, according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Double Elution step, with an Elution Buffer volume of 60μL for a final volume of 100uL.
- The use of NUNC Bank-It tubes for storage of final extracts.

Cell lysis is performed with Promega Lysis Buffer containing Dithiothreitol (DTT), 1,4 Dithiothreitol is a reducing agent used in extractions to break disulfide bonds of proteins. The Lysis Buffer used is a proprietary buffer containing chaotropic salts required for binding of DNA to the magnetic beads. According to the MSDS, the Lysis Buffer contains 50-75% guanidinium thiocyanate, < 2.5% EDTA, < 2% 3-[(3-Choalamidopropryl)dimethylammonio] propanesulfonic and < 2% polyethylene glycol tert-octylphenyl ether.

The basis of the DNA IQ™ kit is a magnetic bead resin which contains novel paramagnetic particles covered with silica. The magnetic bead resin usually has a DNA binding capacity of 100ng but the addition of Pro K will increase the binding capacity. Samples with small amounts of DNA are more efficient than samples with large amounts of DNA, and as a result a small sample size is critical to ensure efficient recovery of DNA.

The magnetic beads with silica have a negative charge at basic and near neutral pH. The Lysis Buffer changes the pH and salt concentration of the solution and the silica on the magnetic beads becomes positively charged which is then able to bind the DNA.

Several washing steps are employed in the protocol to remove inhibitors. The first washing step is performed with Lysis Buffer. This wash ensures the DNA is bound to the magnetic bead resin and washes out inhibitors. The next three washing procedures are with a Wash Buffer. This buffer contains an alcohol/aqueous mixture which ensures the DNA is not eluted during washing by keeping the DNA dehydrated, and aqueous phase washes out the inhibitor.

Elution Buffer removes the DNA from the magnetic bead resin. The Elution Buffer changes the salt content. Heating the complex to 65°C allows the DNA to be released from the magnetic beads. The Elution Buffer is a low ionic strength buffer that reduces the affinity of the DNA for the silica that covers the magnetic beads, by re-hydration of the phosphate backbone.

The DNA IQ™ kit isolates DNA greater than 80bp, smaller DNA is removed selectively to prevent PCR inhibition.

#### MultiPROBE® II HT EX PLUS with Gripper™ Integration Platform

Within DNA Analysis, routine DNA extractions are performed using either one of two MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms (Extraction Platform A, EP- A) and (Extraction Platform B, EP-B) perform casework or reference samples. Each platform uses a computer - controlled Cartesian X-Y-Z liquid handling system designed for the efficient automation of sample preparation. Liquid transfer is performed by an 8-tip System with VersaTip® and VariSpan™ options. The VersaTip® option allows the use of fixed and/or disposable tips (both clear and conductive). The VariSpan™ option permits variable probe spacing between each of the individual probes so that a wide range of labware such as micro plates, tubes, vials and reagent troughs can be accessed. Each



sample probe is capable of independent motion in the Z direction due to independent Z drives.

The 8-tip System is also capable of multichannel liquid-level sensing by utilising Accusense™ technology. This technology works by each probe detecting a change in capacitance within the liquid. This capacitive mode of detection is also possible when using conductive disposable tips. Accusense™ also permits the detection of low or non-ionic polar solutions and solvents. Pipetting on the platforms is driven by 8 individually controlled syringes via the positive displacement of the system liquid (nanopure water) when transferring liquid.

The Gripper™ Integration on all the platforms (except for the Post – PCR MPII) allows for automated identification of labware via the scanning of barcodes and also allows for automated transfer of plates from one position on the deck to another. To increase deck space and capacity, all platforms include a left deck extension.

In this program a platemap is utilised to provide the necessary information for correct volumes and locations for pipetting. It also contains information regarding positions where pipetting must take place at various locations, the number and IDs of samples. Without a platemap the program will fail to work.

#### 4 REAGENTS AND EQUIPMENT

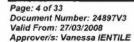
#### 4.1 Reagents

- 1. DNA IQ™ System Kit 400 sample Kit
  - Resin
  - Lysis Buffer (LB)
  - o 2x Wash Buffer (2xWB)
  - Elution Buffer (EB)
- 2. Tris/Sodium chloride/EDTA Buffer (TNE)
- 3. Proteinase K (Pro K) 20mg/mL
- 4. Dithiothreitol (DTT) 1M
- 5. 5% TriGene
- 6. 70% Ethanol
- 7. 1% Amphyl
- 8. 0.2% Amphyl
- 9. Isopropyl alcohol
- 10. AnalR 100 %Ethanol
- 11. 20% SDS
- 12. Decon® 90 solution
- 13. Nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O

Table 1. Reagent storage locations.

Reagent	Device	Storage Location
Pro K	Freezer	Room 6120
DTT	Freezer	Room 6120
20% SDS	Shelf	Room 6122
Isopropyl alcohol	Shelf	Room 6122
TNE pH 8 Buffer	Shelf	Room 6122
DNA IQ™ Kit	Shelf	Room 6122
Amphyl (1% and 0.2%)	Shelf	Room 6127
Nanopure Water	Shelf	Room 6127
5% TriGene	Shelf	Room 6127
AnalR 100 %Ethanol	Shelf	Room 6127

Please see Table 2 for the volume of reagents for a full plate or half plate. Refer to "Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Kits" (QIS 17165) for





preparation of the TNE Buffer. All reagents can be made on the bench in Room 6122, except for the Lysis Buffer with DTT which needs to be made in a fume hood. DNA IQ reagents are prepared by staff performing the DNA IQ method.

Table 2. Table of reagent volumes.

Reagent (volume per sample)	Constituent (volume per sample)	Volume req'd for 96 Samples (mL)	Volume req'd for 48 Samples (mL)
Extraction Duffer	TNE Buffer 462.5µL	54	27
Extraction Buffer (500 µL/sample	Prot K (20 mg/mL)25.0 μL	2.9	1.5
(500 pc/sample	SDS (20 %) 12.5µL	1.5	0.7
Lysis Buffer (with DTT)	Lysis Buffer (no DTT)	130	66
(1.127mL/sample)	DTT (add to Lysis Buffer)	1.3	0.66
Lysis Buffer (with DTT) Reagent Trough	As above	125	63
DNA IQ RESIN Solution	Lysis Buffer (with DTT) (from above) 43µL	6	3
(50µL/sample)	DNA IQ RESIN 7µL	1	0.5
DNA IQ 1X Wash Buffer (300µl/sample)	See Below for preparation	35	18
DNA IQ Elution Buffer (120µl/sample)	Use directly from Kit	14	8

NOTE: For batches not equal to either 96 or 48 samples samples, refer to Appendix 1 "18.1" Reagents Calculation Tables" Table 7 for batches of <48 samples, and Table 8 for <96 (but >48)

#### **Extraction Buffer**

Prepare the buffer just before extraction in a 100mL sterile glass bottle according to Table 2. Use one aliquot of 20mg/mL Proteinase K (1.5mL) for a 48 sample run and two aliquots for a 96 sample run. Remove aliquot/s of Proteinase K from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Ensure that the 20% (v/v) SDS is completely dissolved (clear) in the stock solution before making the Extraction Buffer. If not dissolved, invert the container a few times and leave longer at room temperature.

#### Lysis Buffer with DTT

Lysis Buffer is supplied with the kit. Lysis Buffer with DTT is prepared at the start of each run. Remove the DTT from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Into a sterilised glass bottle, add 1.3mL of DTT to 130ml of Lysis Buffer for 96 samples. If 48 samples are to be run, use 660µl of DTT to 66ml of Lysis Buffer, again, made up in a sterile glass bottle. Make up the Lysis Buffer with DTT within the Laminar Flow and ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield. Warning: Lysis Buffer and DTT are toxic.

#### DNA IQ™ Resin

DNA IQ™ Resin is supplied with the kit. The resin is prepared at the start of each run in a 10mL sterile tube. Ensure the resin is properly mixed by vortexing before pipetting. Look for calculations in Table 2 for the correct volumes of resin and Lysis Buffer (with DTT). In the 10mL tube, mix by inversion before adding to column 4 in the 12-channel reagent plate.

#### 1X Wash Buffer

2X Wash Buffer is supplied with the kit. Once a new kit has been opened, add 35mL of AnalR Ethanol and 35mL of Isopropyl alcohol to the 2X Wash Buffer. Once the reagents have been added, label the lid and side of the bottle with "1X Wash Buffer," initial and date.



#### 4.2 Equipment

The following equipment (Table 3) and consumables (Table 4) are required for the DNA IQ extraction.

Table 3. Equipment used and location.

Equipment		Location
STORstar (B system)	10238493	6122
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext A Platform)	10076438	6127
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext B Platform)	10076437	6127
DPC Shaker (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
DPC Shaker (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Eppendorf 5804 centrifuge	10238416	6127
Vortex	30087015	6127
Fridge	30433424	6127
Micro centrifuge	None	6127
Decapper	None	6127

Table 4. Consumables used for extraction

Consumables	Location
175uL Clear Non-Conductive Filter Tips – Pre-sterilized	6127
MßP Pure 1000uL Tips – Pre-Sterilized	6127
SlicPrep™ 96 device plate	6122
ABgene 96-deepwell plate	6120
Axygen 2mL Deep Well storage plate	6127
1.5ml or 2ml Eppendorf tubes with Spin baskets	6120
12 Channel plate	6127
Nunc tubes	6120
Nunc Caps	6127
Sterile 50mL Falcon tubes	6122
Sterile 10mL tubes	6122
Autoclaved 100mL glass bottles	6122
Autoclaved 250mL glass bottles	6122
Aluminium sealing film	6127
1000uL disposable tips	6120

#### 5 SAFETY

As per the procedures in the QIS document "Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories" (QIS 17120), PPE is to be worn by all staff when performing this procedure.

The automated platforms, labware and associated equipment should be wiped with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol before and after use.

While the MPII is running a procedure, refrain from placing any part of the body inside the cabinet. Either pause the program or use the emergency STOP button located at the front of the instrument before touching anything within the cabinet or on the deck surface.

Warning: Tris base, EDTA, SDS and Lysis Buffer are irritants. DTT is a reducing agent that destroys disulfide bonds. Chaotropic reagents such as guanidinium thiocyanate (GuSCN) are toxic. Do not breathe alcohol fumes. Handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE.

Lysis Buffer contains guanidinium thiocyanate which can be harmful if inhaled, swallowed or comes in contact with skin. Any left over Lysis Buffer with DTT is to be disposed of in a brown Winchester bottle in the fume hood. Never dispose down the sink. If spillage occurs, absorb with liquid-binding material (such as sand, kitty litter, etc) and dispose in a biohazard bin. Again, handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE, including face shield.



#### 6 SAMPLING AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

Samples waiting to be extracted are stored in freezers as described in Table 5.

Table 5. Sample storage locations.

Sample type	Storage Device	Storage Location
Urgent/High/Medium Priority Samples	Freezer	6117-2
Medium Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer or Freezer in 6117	6109 or 6117-5
Low Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer or Freezer in 6117	6109 or 6117-5
Lysates in 1.5ml tubes	Fridge	6120
96 deep well plate containing lysates	Fridge	6127

#### QC samples

All extraction batches require two controls to be registered. These controls, UR numbers and positions are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Extraction Quality Controls

QC Name	UR Number	Description
Negative Control	FBOT277	Negative Extraction control – Empty well
Positive Control	FBOT279	Positive Extraction control - Known Donor dried blood swab

#### Registration of QC

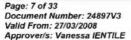
- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 1. Request Registration.
- 3. Select 2. Full Reception Entry.
- 4. Scan in barcode of control.
- 5. Enter the UR number as per Table 6 and press [Enter].
- Enter the appropriate Specimen type (e.g. Blood for blood control).
- Request a 9PLEX test, when prompted to enter the processing comment, enter EXTP (Positive extraction control) or EXTN (Negative extraction control). Do no assign a priority.
- 8. Press [F7] Save to save the Billing details.
- Enter LAB in the Billing code field and t in the date field and FBQC in the Loc/Client field.
- 10. Press [F4] Save twice to save the registration details.

Note 1: Quality controls should not have a DNA priority allocated at time of registration to ensure they are included in the top positions of a batch

Note 2: for DNA IQ Lysis batches with more than 46 samples (excluding controls) two sets of controls should be registered

#### Create the DNA IQ Lysis or Retain Supernatant Batch (as required)

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- Select 5. Workflow management.
- 3. Select 1. DNA workflow table.
- 4. Highlight the appropriate batch type and press [F5] Batch Allocation.
- 5. Press [F6] Create batch.
- 6. Press [F8] Print menu.
- 7. Press [F7] Print Sample Label. (print 3 sets)
- 8. Press [F8] Print Worksheet. (print 2 copies)
- 9. Press [SF5] Main menu.
- Press [SF11] Print.





- 11. Press [SF6] Accept batch.
- 12. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to the Main Menu.
- Obtain worksheets (FBLASER3) and labels (FBLABEL13-16) from the Analytical Section printing bench (Room 6117).

#### **Locating Samples**

To locate samples refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS 24255).

#### 7 OFF-DECK LYSIS PROCEDURE (NO RETAINED SUPERNATANT)

- Print or obtain a copy of Appendix 2. "18.2 Reagent & Batch details recording tables (DNA IQ™ Lysis Batch & Extraction Batch)".
- 2. Separate the batch into two smaller batches of 48 samples, including one set of controls. (If only a single operator the second batch can be started during step 11)

**Note:** Positions 1-4 will be the two sets of controls, positions 5-50 will be the first 46 samples and 51-96 will be the second set of 46 samples

- Remove samples from 5mL storage tubes and label side with barcodes if necessary. If substrates are in a 0.5mL tube, transfer to a labelled 1.5mL tube. Label lid of each sample with position number within the lysis batch. Retain the original 5mL storage tube for substrate storage.
- 4. Prepare / assemble spin basket assembly or 1.5mL (or 2.0mL) tube and label side with a barcode and lid with position number as required.

Note: substrates from each sample need to be retained

- Samples requiring a spin basket include swabs, fabric, paper and cigarette butts.
- Samples requiring a 1.5mL include tapelifts, chewing gum, straws and toothbrush bristles.
- 5. Label the side of sterile 1.0mL Nunc Bank-It tubes with barcode.
- Have a second operator sequence check all tubes and complete the sequence check in AUSLAB.
- 7. Prepare Extraction Buffer (store at 4°C when not in use).
- Using a multi-stepper pipette add 500µL of Extraction Buffer and vortex briefly.
- 9. Incubate in a hotblock at 37°C for 45minutes (note temperature on worksheet).
- Remove samples from hot block and vortex briefly then return to rack.
- 11. Increase temperature on hotblock to 65°C (preparation for second incubation step).
- 12. Transfer substrates to spin baskets if required using twirling sticks (if unable to remove with twirling sticks, use forceps. Forceps must be cleaned between each sample by rinsing in bleach followed by ethanol and flaming).
- 13. For samples not requiring spin baskets, transfer the lysate to the newly labeled 1.5mL tube. Then store original 1.5mL containing substrate in the original 5mL tube.
- 14. Centrifuge spin baskets at maximum speed (14000rpm) for 2 minutes.



- Transfer flow through from spin baskets back to original lysis tube, retain spin basket in 5mL tube.
- Vortex Lysates briefly, then incubate in hotblock at 65°C for 10 minutes (note temperature on worksheet)
- 17. Enter reagent details, temperatures etc. into AUSLAB.
- 18. Complete batch in AUSLAB.
- 19. Store lysates at 4°C (fridge in 6120).
- Enter into completed batch in AUSLAB and determine the DNA IQ extraction batch ID the DNA lysates have progressed to.
- 21. Print the appropriate worksheets and 3 sets of batch labels for the DNA IQ extraction batch and note the lysis batch the samples have progressed from on the worksheets. Stamp as "Urgent" if necessary.

#### 8 OFF-DECK LYSIS PROCEDURE (RETAINED SUPERNATANT)

- Print or obtain a copy of Appendix 2. "18.2 Reagent & Batch details recording tables (DNA IQ™ Lysis Batch & Extraction Batch)".
- Remove samples from 5mL storage tubes and label side with barcodes if necessary. If substrates are in a 0.5mL tube, transfer to a labelled 1.5mL tube. Label lid of each sample with position number. Retain 5mL tube for substrate storage.
- Label the side of 1.5mL tubes with barcodes for retaining supernatant. Also label lid of 1.5mL tube indicating it contains supernatant.
- 4. Prepare spin basket assembly or a 1.5mL (or 2.0mL) tube and label side with a barcode and lid with position number as required. **Note**:
  - a. Samples requiring a spin basket include swabs, fabric, paper and cigarette butts.
  - Samples requiring a 1.5mL include tapelifts, chewing gum, straws and toothbrush bristles.
- 5. Label the side of sterile 1.0mL Nunc Bank-It tubes with barcode.
- Have a second operator sequence check all tubes and complete the sequence check in AUSLAB.
- Using a pipette add 650µL of TNE Buffer and vortex briefly.
- 8. Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 9. During 30 minute incubation prepare Proteinase K and SDS solutions.
- 10. Vortex, then centrifuge for 3 minutes at maximum speed (14000rpm).
- 11. Remove 150µL of supernatant and place into labelled 1.5ml tube (for further testing).
- 12. Add 25µL of 20ng/µL (mg/mL) Proteinase K and 12.5µL 20% (w/v) SDS to each original sample tube containing TNE Buffer. Vortex briefly.



- 13. Incubate in hotblock at 37°C for 45 minutes (note temperature on worksheet).
- Remove samples from hotblock, vortex briefly and return to rack.
- Change settings on hotblock to temperature of 65°C (preparation for second incubation step).
- 16. Transfer substrates to spin baskets if required using twirling sticks (if unable to remove with twirling sticks, use forceps. Forceps must be cleaned between each sample by rinsing in bleach followed by ethanol and flaming).
- 17. For samples not requiring spin baskets, transfer the lysate to the newly labeled 1.5mL tube. Then store original 1.5mL containing substrate in the original 5mL tube.
- 18. Centrifuge spin baskets at maximum speed (14000rpm) for 2 minutes.
- 19. Transfer flow through from spin baskets back to original lysis tube, retain spin basket in 5mL.
- 20. Vortex Lysates briefly, then incubate in hotblock at 65°C for 10minutes (note temperature on worksheet).
- Enter reagent details, temperatures etc. into AUSLAB.
- 22. Complete batch in AUSLAB.
- 23. Store supernatants in Freezer 6117-2 (-20°C).
- 24. Store lysates at 4°C (Fridge in 6120).
- Enter into completed batch in AUSLAB and determine the DNA IQ extraction batch ID the DNA lysates have progressed to.
- 26. Print the appropriate worksheets and 3 sets of batch labels for the DNA IQ extraction batch and note the retained supernatant batch the samples have progressed from on the worksheets. Stamp as "Urgent" if necessary.

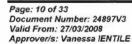
#### 9 MPII EXTRACTION PROCEDURE

Automated setup of DNA IQ extractions in 96-deep well format is performed using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX EP-A and EP-B platforms located in Room 6127.

Refer to "Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX and MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform" (QIS 23939) for instructions on the use and maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX platforms.

#### Summary of DNA IQ EXTRACTION Version 2 ODL

 Binding of paramagnetic resin to DNA and further Lysis: add Resin solution (50µL) and Lysis Buffer (957µL). Automated mixing and shaking at room temperature for 5





minutes. (this occurs at steps 10-15 of the protocol)

- 2. Removing lysis reagents: Slicprep plate is moved to the PKI Magnet to separate beads. Removing of supernatant (1600µL) without disturbing resin, dispense this solution in the storage plate. (this occurs at steps 16-18 of the protocol)
- Washing of the resin-DNA complex: To remove any inhibitors in solution. The first wash is with Lysis Buffer (125µL), shaking at room temperature for 1 minute. The plate is moved to the PKI Magnet and the supernatant is removed into the storage plate. The next three washes are with 1X Wash Buffer (100µL), shaking at room temperature for 1 minute. During each wash cycle, the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet and the supernatant is discarded. (this occurs at steps 21-59 of the protocol)
- 4. Removing any excess of 1X Wash Buffer: air dry at room temperature for 5 minutes. (this occurs at step 60 of the protocol)
- 5. Elution of DNA from the Resin-DNA complex: Add Elution Buffer (60µL) and incubate at 65 °C for 6 minutes (3 minutes no shaking and 3 minutes shaking). The plate is moved to the PKI Magnet. The eluted solution (supernatant) is removed to the Nunc tubes. Elution is repeated twice. (this occurs at steps 63-83 of the protocol)
- 6. Flushing of capillaries: The capillaries are washed with Amphyl and nanopure water.

#### Preparation of Reagents prior to extraction

- 1. Refer to table 2 for reagent volumes to make up the required amount of Lysis Buffer (with DTT) and Resin solution. Also measure the required amount of 1X Wash Buffer.
- 2. Record the Lot numbers of all the reagents used onto the AUSLAB worksheet.

#### Sequence Check the Nunc Bank-It™ tubes and Sample Lysates

To sequence check storage tubes and transfer DNA lysates to ABgene 96-deep well plates, please refer to method "Procedure for the Use of the STORstar unit for automated sequence checking" (QIS 24256).

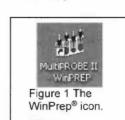
ENSURE the Nunc tube rack is labelled with the AUSLAB Batch ID and barcode on the front of the plate.

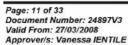
#### Setting up the EP-A or EP-B MPIIs

These steps are to be carried out in the Automated extraction Room (Room 6127)

- 3. Turn on the instrument PC.
- 4. Log onto the network using the Robotics login.
- 5. Double click the WinPrep<sup>®</sup> icon on the computer desktop (Figure 1).
- 6. Log onto the WinPrep® software by entering your username and password, then press "Enter".

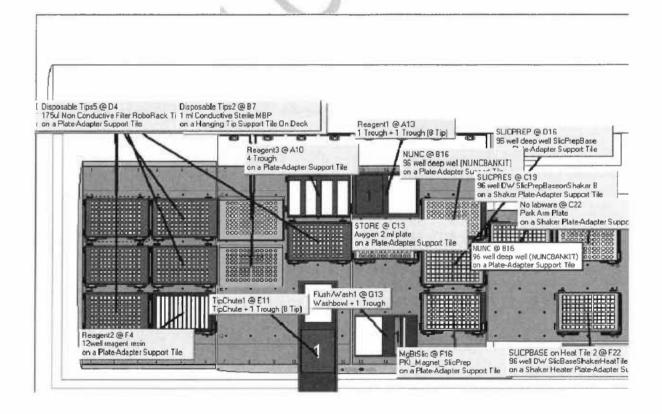








- Ensure that the daily/weekly start-up has been performed before running any program.
   If WinPrep® has been closed or been idle for a long period of time initialise the MP II platform as described in QIS 23939.
- 9. Open the Extraction setup MP II test file in WinPrep® by selecting:
  - File
  - Open, navigate to C:\Packard\MultiPROBE\Bin\QHSS PROTOCOLS
  - Select "DNA IQ Extraction\_Ver 2\_ODL.mpt"
  - · Click the "Open" button
- 10. Check the whole program there are no bold fonts (e.g. plates may lose gripability and the program will not run). See the line manager.
- 11. Open the required plate map from the network I:\EXTRACTION. Check that the plate map is complete. If there are blanks (samples that have been removed), make all volumes to 0. If it is not a full batch, delete the rows of blank samples at the end of the platemap, then save the changes. Copy the plate map to the following file path: C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS
- 12. Decontaminate the required labware by wiping with 5% TriGene followed by 70% ethanol before placing the labware on to the designated grid positions as outlined in the virtual deck view within WinPrep® (Figure 2).
  - The white WALLAC Isoplates (catalogue #1450-514) that are used to support the ABgene 96-deep well plate must be placed into positions D16 and C19.
  - Ensure that the PKI Magnet at F16 is stable in its insert. This is critical so that beads and DNA are not lost during pipetting.



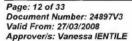




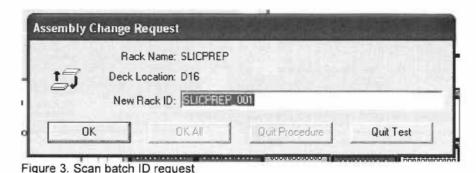
Figure 2. The WinPrep® virtual deck view displaying the necessary labware required for the Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extraction on Extraction Platform A.

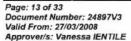
Ensure that the DPC Shaker and Heater Controller Box are switched on. For EP-A: Tile 1 at F22 (85°C).

For EP-B: Tile 2 at F22 (85°C).

Note: Press the start/stop button twice at the front of the DPC Shaker to ensure that it displays zero on the screen.

- 14. To the Amphyl wash station at A10, add fresh 1% Amphyl to the trough on the far left hand side, 0.2% diluted Amphyl to the middle left and place an empty reagent tough in the middle right position of the station. The nanopure water goes to position G13 into a 160mL trough in the Flush-Wash station.
- 15. Nunc tube rack: Check that is the same Auslab batch number as the platemap to be run. Ensure that the barcode of the first (A1) and last tube (H12) are the respective ones. Check that the batch label and batch barcode labels are attached to front side of rack. Add B1-Lite generated "NUNC" barcode to the right side of the Nunc tube rack. Then place nunc rack into position B16.
- 16. On an Axygen 2ml deep well Storage plate, label the left side of the plate with both the Batch ID and barcode. Label the right side of the plate with a B1-Lite generated "STORE" barcode. Then place in position C13.
- 17. Pour the required amount of Lysis Buffer into the labelled 150mL reagent trough. Place Lysis Buffer on the left hand side of the 2 trough holder located in position A13. Note: Ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield when handling these reagents.
- 18. ABgene 96-deep well plate containing lysates: Centrifuge plate for 2 minutes at 3021rpm before gently removing adhesive seal and place into position D16 ensuring the plate is oriented such that the long side of the plate with the words "Front" written on at time of STORstar processing is visible from the front. (This should correspond with the cut corner at H1 being visible to the front of the operator)
- 19. After ensuring that all the necessary labware has been positioned in the correct grid position as displayed within WinPrep®, click the "EXECUTE TEST" button. While the test is loading, record all run information in the Run Log book.
- 20. Select the correct platemap by browsing to C:\Packarb\Ext Plate maps. Ensure that the platemap selected matches the batch ID affixed to the ABgene 96-deep well plate containing Lysates located in position D16. Once this has been done, click "Start", to continue.
- 21. Message will appear (Figure 3 below):







- Into "New Rack ID:" Scan barcode of ABgene 96-deep well plate (matches batch ID) and press "OK"
- 22. Click "Reset Tip Boxes" and ensure that the number of tips displayed in this window match those as available on the deck platform. Fill new tips if necessary. Click "Close" to accept the tip count, followed by clicking "Next"
- 23. After the barcodes have been read, a user prompt will appear as a reminder to: "Ensure
  - 1. Shaker and heat box are on.
  - 2. Deck has been populated correctly.
  - 3. The Lysis Buffer is on the left side at A13." Click "OK" to continue.
- 24. Add the Resin to the 12 Channel plate. Pipette mix thoroughly. Then dispense 50uL of resin into each well of the ABgene 96-deep well plate containing Lysates.
- 25. Place the 12 channel plate into position **F4** then add the Elution Buffer to the plate by splitting the amount of Elution Buffer in half between channels 11 and 12.
- 26. Place the Wash Buffer in the far right hand side of the 4 well reagent trough holder (Amphyl wash station at A10)
- 27. The next User prompt will appear with the following directions: "Ensure Wash Buffer has been added. Manually add 50uL of Resin and place the ABgene plate in position D16. Ensure Elution Buffer has been added." Press "OK" when steps 24-26 have been performed.
- 28. Once the lysis and wash steps have been completed, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 85°C (real temp 65°C). **DO NOT PRESS CONTINUE** it will continue automatically when temperature has reached 85°C.
- 29. After the first elution step when the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet, a User message will appear requesting:
  - "Push down the plate on the PKI Magnet, Check Nunc tubes are uncapped at position B16, then press OK."
  - **Note:** Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet.
- 30. After the second elution step, the above prompt will appear again. Note: Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet
- 31. Once the program is completed, a final User Message prompt appears asking to: "Remove plates and cover them with aluminium sealing film. Remove Nunc rack and recap Nunc tubes."
  - Once all plates are removed from the deck and sealed, place into small clipseal plastic bags. Click "OK" to proceed to the Amphyl wash step to decontaminate the system tubing.

#### Finalising the MP II run



#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

- 32. Remove the resin-Lysis-DTT solution from the 12 channel plate in the glass Lysis-DTT bottle used. Discard the plate in the biohazard waste bin.
- 33. Remove Lysis Buffer with DTT (wear face shield) and dispose of left over reagent into the glass bottle used previously. Bring this bottle to the room 6122 and dispose in the brown Winchester bottle located in the fume hood.
- 34. Empty the contents of the Amphyl wash station into the sink and rinse the troughs with nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O upon completion of the run.
- 35. Remove all labware from the deck and clean with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol, and setup for the next run if necessary.
- 36. Remove the tip chute and funnel, rinse with warm tap water to help loosen and remove any residue inside the chute before cleaning with 5% TriGene and 70% ethanol. Hang the chute to dry on the rack beside the sink. If running another extraction straight after, replace the tip chute with another spare, clean chute.
- 37. Move the platemap to C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS to the "Completed Extractions" folder.

#### Recording Reagent Details and other information in AUSLAB

- 38. To record reagent lot numbers, log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 39. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 40. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 41. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID.
- 42. Press [F6] Reagents.
- 43. Press [SF8] Audit.
- 44. Press [F5] Insert Audit Entry, enter the lot number details, operator name and Extraction platform the batch was run on and press [Enter].

#### Importing the MP II log file into AUSLAB

- 45. To extract the MP II log file, click on the Microsoft Access icon in the WinPrep® main menu to open the MultiPROBE log database.
- 46. Click on the relevant run Test ID in the Test Selection box. In the Report/Query/Action Selection dropdown menu, select "Report: Test Summary (Sorted by Destination Rack
- 47. In the Output Selection dropdown menu, select "File". Save the output file as \*.csv format to C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS\Ext Logs with the same name as the AUSLAB batch ID and click "Apply". (refer to Figure 4. below)



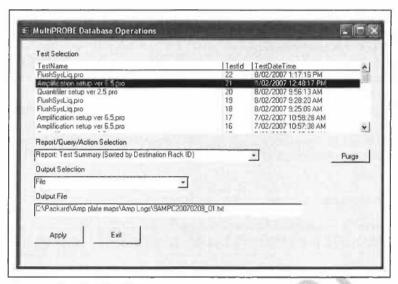


Figure 4. The MultiPROBE log database for collecting MP II run information

- 48. Open the log file and check for any errors that may have arisen during the Extraction process. Compare the listed errors to any that were encountered during the run. Report any critical errors to the line manager.
- Copy the log file to I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs or I:\ EXTRACTION\EXT B MPII\Logs
  for uploading to AUSLAB.
- 50. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 51. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 52. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 53. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID barcode.
- 54. Press [SF6] Files.
- Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 56. AUSLAB prompts "*Enter filename*"; enter the filename and extension and press [Enter]. (e.g. I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs\CWIQEXT20071115\_01.csv)
- 57. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a result file Y/N?" enter N and press [Enter].
- 58. Press [Esc].

#### Importing Extraction "Results" into AUSLAB

- 59. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 60. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 61. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 62. Scan the Extraction batch ID barcode located on the worksheet.
- 63. Press [SF6] Files.
- 64. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- AUSLAB prompts "Enter filename"; enter batch name and extension and press [Enter].(e.g. CWIQEXT20071115 01.txt)
- 66. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a results file y/n?" enter "y" and press [Enter].
- 67. The file will be imported into AUSLAB and appear in the DNA file table.
- 68. Highlight entry and press [Enter], for access to the DNA results table.
- 69. Page down through the table and check that all sample results have been imported.
- 70. Press [SF8] *Table Sort Order*, this sorts the table so any samples that have failed Autovalidation are sorted to the top of the table.
- 71. For all samples that have failed check the **Processing Comments**, by entering into the sample.
- 72. a) If processing comments state sample is to be sent to another batch type other than quant. Return the sample to the correct next batch type e.g. Microcon, NucleoSpin and pooling



- b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
- c) Do not toggle accept.
- 73. a) If processing comment does not state next step for sample the sample will be processed as normal.
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Highlight any entries to be changed and press [SF7] Toggle Accept
- 74. Press [F7] Complete Batch, all of the samples with a Yes in the Accept column will be transferred to the outstanding Quant Casework or Quant Reference lists.
- 75. File the Extraction worksheet into the relevant folder in Room 6117.

#### 10 SAMPLE STORAGE

Please refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS <u>24255</u>) for how to store the old original 5 mL sample tubes, the DNA extract NUNC tubes, ABgene 96-deep well and Axygen store plates.

#### 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

- 1. If the barcode reader is not reading the barcodes of the Nunc tube rack, or the Slicprep Plate or the Store plate, manually scan the appropriate barcodes.
- When reading the Nunc tube rack barcode, if the Gripper is not picking up or placing the Nunc tube rack properly on the deck, just manually place the rack properly on the plate adapter support tile.
- When reading the Store plate barcode, if the Gripper is not picking up or placing the Store plate properly on the deck, just manually place the plate properly on the plate adapter support tile.
- 4. When reading the Slicprep plate barcode if the Gripper is not picking up the plate properly:
  - a. if the plate was not properly placed on the plate adapter support tile with the Wallac Isoplate, just manually place the plate properly.
  - b. if the plate was properly placed on the plate adapter support tile with the Wallac Isoplate on it: it means that the gripper needs to be initialised. Abort the run, Initialise the instrument and restart the run. If problem persists, shutdown the MPII and PC, restart and then initialise the whole instrument. Otherwise, contact your line manager.
  - c. Calibrate relevant labware using the SlicPrep Calibration plate. This has preset standardised positions that need to be the same on all labware where the Slicprep plate is being moved. The same plate is used on both extraction platforms A and B.
  - d. Check the calibrations against the run program DNAIQGripperTest.pro. This program moves the Slicprep across all the labware the gripper moves across. Start with the Slicprep at D16.
- 5. In steps 18 or 26, if a message is stating that the instrument is having a motor problem when picking up 1 mL tips and the only option is to Abort, abort, initialise and open program version **1.3a** (if the problem is in step 18) or version **1.3b** (if the problem is in step 26).



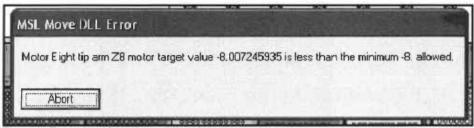


Figure 5. Example of DLL error

As the program will start the gripper will pick up the plates, it is not necessary that the Nunc tube rack is in position (B16), only ensure that it is reading the correct barcode. It is **important not** to place the Slicprep in the original position (E13) as the Slicprep plate has the Spin basket part removed (ie keep at D16), ensure it will scan the correct batch barcode. The Store plate remains in the original position. If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.

- 6. If the program has already started step 18 and the previous message is appearing, you need to abort. Initialise the instrument and open program version 1.3a.
  Go to the plate map in C:\PACKARD\ EXT PLATE MAPS and change volume to 0 for all the samples that the Lysis Buffer have been dispensed (Column 6), ensure that the number of samples where the Lysis Buffer was added is the same as the ones where the volume needs to be changed.
  Save the changes and use this plate map for the restart of the program. Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates.
  If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.
- 7. If the program has already started step 26 and the previous message is appearing, you need to abort. Initialise the instrument and open program version 1.3b.
  Go to the plate map in C:\PACKARD\ EXT PLATE MAPS and change volume to 0 in all the samples that the Lysis Buffer and Extraction Buffer have been removed (Column 9), ensure that the number of samples where the solution was removed is the same that the ones the volume need to be changed.
  Save the changes and use this plate map for the restart of the program. Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates.
  If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.
- If a disposable tip gets stuck on the 8 tip arm during disposal of tips a user message will appear. Remove and press retry and then continue.

If the message Figure 6 below has appeared:





Figure 6. Example of error

press OK and the program will be aborted automatically. Check that all the connections to the instrument (shaker, heater and computer) are properly plugged in. If everything is OK, you need to close WinPrep, shut down the instrument, shaker, heater and PC. After 2 min restart everything. Once Winprep has been opened, reinitialise the instrument and start the program (check version number according to which step the message has came up). Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates.

#### 12 VALIDATION

- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., lannuzzi, C. "Project 9. Automation: Report on the Evaluation of DNA Extraction Chemistries." June 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., lannuzzi, C. "Project 11: Report on the Validation of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 13: Report on the Verification of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.
- Muharam I., Hlinka V., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C., Nurthen T., McNevin A., Ientile V. "Project 21: A Modified DNA IQ™ Method Consisting of Off-Deck Lysis to Allow Supernatant Retention for Presumptive Identification of α-Amylase" 2008
- Muharam I., Hlinka V., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C., Nurthen T., McNevin A., Ientile V. "Project 22: A Modified DNA IQ™ Method for Off-Deck Lysis Prior to Performing Automated DNA Extraction" 2008

#### 13 QUALITY ASSURANCE/ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

- A negative control (also known as the reagent blank) is included with each batch of
  extractions. This reagent blank is processed as a normal sample through to completion.
  If any results are obtained from this sample, either at the quantitation step or the
  Genescan analysis step, then the possible source of the contamination is investigated.
  The samples extracted with this control are thoroughly checked and repeated if
  possible.
- Positive and negative controls are included in each extraction batch as per table 4.

#### 14 REFERENCES

- Boom, R., Sol, C.J.A., Salimans, M.M.M., Jansen, C.L., Wertheim-van Dillen, P.M.E., & van der Noordaa, J., Rapid and Simple Method for Purification of Nucleic Acids. J. Clin. Microbiol., 1990. 28: p. 495-503.
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- 3. Cowan, C., The DNA IQ™ System on the Tecan Freedom EVO® 100 Profiles in DNA. Profiles in DNA, 2006: p. 8-10.



- Eminovic, I., Karamehić, J., Gavrankapetanović, F. & Helijić, B., A Simple method of DNA Extraction in Solving Difficult Criminal Cases. MEDARH, 2005. 59(1): p. 57-58.
- Greenspoon, S.B., J., Robotic Extraction of mock sexual assult samples using the Biomek® 2000 and the DNA IQ™ System. Profiles in DNA, 2002. 5: p. 3-5.
- Komonski, D.I., Marignani, A., Richard, M.L., Frappier, J.R.H., & Newman, J.C., Validation of the DNA IQ<sup>™</sup> System for use in the DNA extraction of high volume forensic casework. Can.Soc.Forensic Sci.J., 2004. 37(2): p. 103-109.
- 7. Mandrekar, P., V., Flanagan, L., & Tereba, A., Forensic Extraction and Isolation of DNA Form Hair, Tissue and Bone. Profiles in DNA, 2002: p. 11.
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- Marko, M.A., Chipperfield, R., & Birnboim, H.C., A Procedure for the Large Scale Isolation of Highly purified Plasmid DNA using alkaline extraction and binding to glass powder. Anal. Biochem., 1982. 121: p. 382-387.
- Melzak, K.A., Sherwood, C.S., Turner, R.F.B. & Haynest, C.A., Driving forces for DNA Adsorption to Silica in Percholorate Solutions. J. Colloid. Interface Sci., 1996. 181: p. 635-644.
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- Promega, FAQs –DNA IQ™ System.
- 13. Promega, Protocols & Applications Guide. Chapter 9. rev. 7/06.
- 14. Promega, DNA IQ™ System -Small Casework Protocol. Promega Technical Bulletin #TB296 2006. Rev 4/06: p. 1-14.
- 15. Promega, DNA IQ™ System-Database Protocol. Promega Technical Bulletin #TB297, 2006. Rev 4/06: p. 1-14.
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- Schiffner, L.A., Bajda, E. J., Prinz, M., Sebestyen, J., Shaler, R. & Caragine, T.A., Optimisation of a Simple, Automatable Extraction Method to Recover Sufficient DNA from Low Copy Number DNA Samples for Generation of Short Tandem Repeat Profiles. Croat Med J, 2005. 46(4): p. 578 -586.
- Vandenberg, N., van Oorchot., R. A. H., & Mitchell, R. J., An evaluation of selected DNA extraction strategies for short tandem repeat typing. Electrophoresis, 1997. 18: p. 1624-1626.

#### 15 STORAGE OF DOCUMENTS

All worksheets are stored in the Analytical area (Room 6117).

#### 16 ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

- QIS 17120 Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories
- QIS 17171 Method for Chelex Extraction
- QIS 17165 Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Test Kits
- QIS <u>23939</u> Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX and MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform
- QIS 24255 Analytical Sample Storage
- QIS 24256 Sequence Checking with the STORstar Instrument
- QIS 24469 Batch functionality in AUSLAB

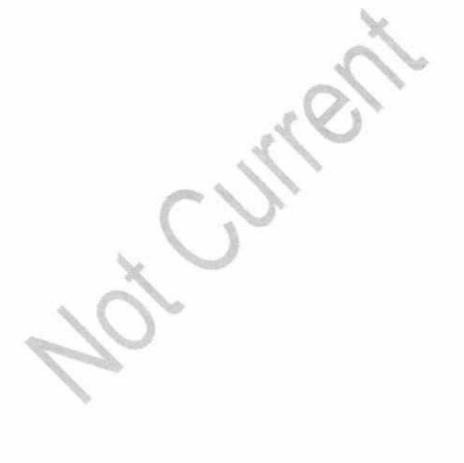
#### 17 AMENDMENT HISTORY

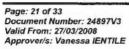
Revision	Date	Author/s	Amendments	
0	23 Oct 2007	B. Gallagher, T. Nurthen,	First Issue	
		C. lannuzzi, V. Hlinka,		

Page: 20 of 33 Document Number: 24897V3 Valid From: 27/03/2008 Approver/s: Vanessa IENTILE



		G. Lundie, I Muharam.	
1	12 Dec 2007	M Harvey, C Iannuzzi, A McNevin	Reviewed and updated after initial training
2	19 March 2008	M Harvey, B Andersen, C lannuzzi, A McNevin	Addition of Off-deck Lysis procedure, Retention of fully automated method as Appendix, addition of reagent record tables into Appendix







#### 18 APPENDIX

#### 18.1 Reagents Calculation Tables

Table 7. Less than 48 samples (note difference is in DNA IQ RESIN Solution)

Lysis-DTT Buffer	Had broken in the collection of	Volume (in mL)
Lysis Buffer	(Nx1.35)+0.75	
DTT (1M)	Lysis Buffer/100	
Extraction Buffer		
TNE Buffer	Nx0.56	
Prot K (20 mg/L)	Nx0.03	
SDS (20 %)	Nx0.015	<u></u>
DNA IQ RESIN Solution		10
LYSIS Buffer	0.054x(N+8)	4 / -
DNA IQ RESIN	0.009x(N+8)	
DNA IQ 1X Wash Buffer	Nx0.36	
DNA IQ Elution Buffer	Nx0.144	

N = number of samples on batch including positive and negative controls, round up to nearest multiple of 8)

Table 8. Greater than 48 samples (note difference is in DNA IQ RESIN Solution)

Lysis-DTT Buffer		Volume (in mL)
Lysis Buffer	(Nx1.35)+0.75	
DTT (1M)	Lysis Buffer/100	
Extraction Buffer		
TNE Buffer	Nx0.56	
Prot K (20 mg/L)	Nx0.03	
SDS (20 %)	Nx0.015	
DNA IQ RESIN Solution		
LYSIS Buffer	0.054x(N+16)	
DNA IQ RESIN	0.009x(N+16)	
DNA IQ 1X Wash Buffer	Nx0.36	
DNA IQ Elution Buffer	Nx0.144	RAM SEVER SELECTION

N = number of samples on batch including positive and negative controls, round up to nearest multiple of 8)



### 18.2 Reagent & Batch details recording tables (DNA IQ™ Lysis Batch & Extraction Batch)

Off Deck Lysis Batch ID:	DNA IQ Extraction Batch ID:

#### Lysis batch:

Samples located by:	
For samples 1-48	For samples 49-96
Operator:	Operator:
Sequence check performed by:	Sequence check performed by:
Transfer tubes sequence checked:	Transfer tubes sequence checked:

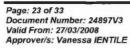
Extraction Buffer made by:	TNE Buffer Lot#:
20% SDS Lot#:	Proteinase K Lot#:
Comments:	
	- ( ) ·
	4 O

#### **Extraction batch:**

Lysate/STORstar Operators:
Lysate Logfile uploaded:
_//

MultiPROBE Platform:	Operator:	
Date and Start time:		

Kit Lot#:	1xWash Buffer Lot#:	
Lysis Buffer Lot#:	DTT Lot#:	
Resin Lot#:	Elution Buffer Lot#:	
MP II Logfile uploaded:	Results file uploaded:	
Comments:		
Comments:		





#### 18.3 Fully automated method for extraction using DNA IQ™

#### 18.3.1 Sampling and Sample Preparation

FTA® Samples waiting for extraction will have been punched into a Slicprep™ 96 device according to "FTA® Processing" SOP (QIS document 24823) and stored in the Fridge located in room 6127.

#### 18.3.2 Procedure

#### Preparation of Reagents prior to extraction

- 1. Defrost Prot K and DTT
- Refer to table 2 for reagent volumes to make up the required amount of Extraction Buffer, Lysis Buffer (with DTT) and Resin solution. Also measure the required amount of 1X Wash Buffer.
- 3. Record the Lot numbers of all the reagents used onto the AUSLAB worksheet.

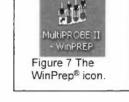
#### Setting up the EP-A or EP-B MPIIs

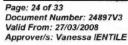
These steps are to be carried out in the Automated extraction Room (Room 6127)

- 4. Turn on the instrument PC.
- 5. Log onto the network using the Robotics login.
- Double click the WinPrep<sup>®</sup> icon on the computer desktop (Figure 7).
- 7. Log onto the WinPrep® software by entering your username and password, then press "Enter".



- Ensure that the daily/weekly start-up has been performed before running any program.
   If WinPrep® has been closed or been idle for a long period of time initialise the MP II platform as described in QIS 23939.
- 10. Open the Extraction setup MP II test file in WinPrep® by selecting:
  - File
  - Open, navigate to C:\Packard\MultiPROBE\Bin\QHSS PROTOCOLS
  - Select "DNA IQ Extraction\_Ver1.3.mpt."
  - · Click the "Open" button
- 11. Check the whole program there are no bold fonts (e.g. plates may lose gripability and the program will not run). See the line manager.
- 12. Decontaminate the required labware by wiping with 5% TriGene followed by 70% ethanol before placing the labware on to the designated grid positions as outlined in the virtual deck view within WinPrep® (Figure 2).
  - The white WALLAC Isoplates (catalogue #1450-514) that are used to support the SlicPrep™ 96 device plate must be placed into positions **E13**, **D16** and **C19**.







FAM2-04 64

#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

 Ensure that the PKI Magnet at F16 is stable in its insert. This is critical so that beads and DNA are not lost during pipetting.

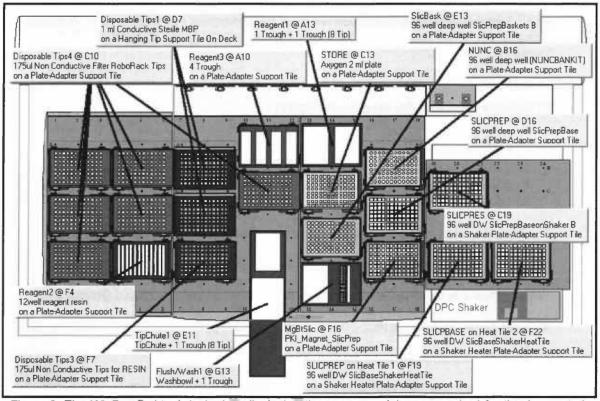


Figure 8. The WinPrep® virtual deck view displaying the necessary labware required for the Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extraction on Extraction Platform A.

- 13. Ensure that the DPC Shaker and Heater Controller Box are switched on. For EP-A: Tile 3 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 1 at F22 (85°C).
  - For EP-B: Tile 1 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 2 at F22 (85°C).

Note: Press the start/stop button twice at the front of the DPC Shaker to ensure that it displays zero on the screen.

- 14. To the Amphyl wash station at A10, add fresh 1% Amphyl to the trough on the far left hand side, 0.2% diluted Amphyl to the middle left and place an empty reagent tough in the middle right position of the station. The nanopure water goes to position G13 into a 160mL trough in the Flush-Wash station.
- 15. Pour the required amounts of Extraction Buffer and Lysis Buffer into the labelled 150mL reagent troughs. Place Lysis Buffer on the left hand side and the Extraction Buffer on the right hand side of the 2 trough holder located in position A13.
  Note: Ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield when handling these reagents
- 16. Nunc tube rack: Check that is the same Auslab batch number as the platemap to be run. Ensure that the barcode of the first (A1) and last tube (H12) are the respective ones. Attach batch label and batch barcode label to front side of rack. Add B1-Lite generated "NUNC" barcode to the right side of the nunc tube rack. Then place nunc rack into position B16



- 17. On an Axygen 2ml deep well Storage plate, label the left side of the plate with both the Batch ID and barcode. Label the right side of the plate with a B1-Lite generated "STORE" barcode. Then place in position C13.
- 18. **Slicprep™ 96 device**: Gently remove septa mat from Slicprep™ 96 device and check that substrates are at the bottom of the Spin baskets, if not push them down with a sterile disposable tip and place the Slicprep™ 96 device into position **E13**.
- 19. In I drive from Extraction folder open the required plate map. Check that the plate map is complete. If there are blanks (samples that have been removed), make all volumes to 0. If it is not a full batch, delete the rows of blank samples at the end of the platemap, then save the changes. Copy the plate map to the following file path: C:\Packard\Ext Plate MAPS
- 20. After ensuring that all the necessary labware has been positioned in the correct grid position as displayed within WinPrep®, click the "EXECUTE TEST" button. While the test is loading, record all run information in the Run Log book.
- 21. Click "Reset Tip Boxes" and ensure that the number of tips displayed in this window match those as available on the deck platform. Fill new tips if necessary. Click "Close" to accept the tip count, followed by clicking "Next"
- 22. Select the correct platemap by browsing to C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS. Ensure that the platemap selected matches the batch ID affixed to the 96-well Slicprep™ 96 device in position D16. Once this has been done, click "Start", to continue.
- After the barcodes have been read, a user prompt will appear as a reminder to:
   "Ensure
  - 1. Shaker and heat box are on.
  - 2. Deck has been populated correctly.
  - 3. The Lysis Buffer is on the left side and Extraction Buffer is on the right at A13." Click "OK" to continue.
- 24. Once the Extraction Buffer has been added to the plate, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 50°C (real temp 37°C). When current temperature reaches 50°C click "Continue".
- 25. The next prompt that appears will request the following: "Cover Slicprep with the Aluminium sealing film, then place in position F19. Press "OK."
- 26. After shaking, a User Prompt will appear with the following directions: "Remove plate, add white plastic collar and centrifuge 5mins at 3021rpm, then in the cabinet, remove the spin basket part and place it in the empty 1 ml tip
  - Place the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device into the plate centrifuge and ensure the correct balance plate is used. Once the plate has been centrifuged, carry the plate to the hood and remove the basket of the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device, storing the basket in an empty 1mL tip box, discard the Collar. Complete the step by clicking "OK".
- 27. Add the Resin to the 12 Channel plate. Pipette mix thoroughly. Then dispense 50uL of resin into each well of the Slicprep™ 96 device.
- 28. Place the 12 channel plate into position **F4** then add the Elution Buffer to the plate by splitting the amount of Elution Buffer in half between channels 11 and 12.



- Place the Wash Buffer in the far right hand side of the 4 well reagent trough holder (Amphyl wash station at A10)
- 30. The next User prompt will appear with the following directions:

"Ensure Wash Buffer has been added to trough 4 at A10. Manually add 50uL resin to each well of the SlicPrep plate Place the plate in position D16.

Add the Elution Buffer to the 12 channel plate.

THEN

Press OK when ready." Press "OK" when steps 27-29 have been performed.

- 31. Once the lysis and wash steps have been completed, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 85°C (real temp 65°C). **DO NOT PRESS CONTINUE** it will continue automatically when temperature has reached 85°C.
- 32. After the first elution step when the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet, a User message will appear requesting:

"Check Nunc tubes are uncapped at position B16

Push down the Slicprep on the PKI Magnet then press OK."

**Note**: Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet.

- 33. After the second elution step, the above prompt will appear again. Note: Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet
- 34. Once the program is completed, a final User Message prompt appears asking to: "Remove all the plates starting with the Slicprep plate, place the Spin Basket into the Slicprep plate.

Cover the Storage plate with the aluminium sealing film."

Recap the NUNC tubes

Once all plates are removed from the deck and sealed, place into small clipseal plastic bags. Click "OK" to proceed to the Amphyl wash step to decontaminate the system tubing.

#### Finalising the MP II run

- Discard the 12-channel plate used for Resin and Elution Buffer in the biohazard waste bin.
- 36. Remove Lysis Buffer with DTT (wear face shield) and dispose of left over reagent into the glass bottle used previously. Bring this bottle to the room 6122 and dispose in the brown Winchester bottle located in the fume hood.
- 37. Empty the contents of the Amphyl wash station into the sink and rinse the troughs with nanopure H₂O upon completion of the run.
- 38. Remove all labware from the deck and clean with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol, and setup for the next run if necessary.
- 39. Remove the tip chute and funnel, rinse with warm tap water to help loosen and remove any residue inside the chute before cleaning with 5% TriGene and 70% ethanol. Hang the chute to dry on the rack beside the sink. If running another extraction straight after, replace the tip chute with another spare, clean chute.
- Move the platemap to C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS to the "Completed Extractions" folder.



- 41. To record reagent lot numbers, log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 42. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 43. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 44. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID.
- Press [F6] Reagents.
- 46. Press [SF8] Audit.
- 47. Press [F5] *Insert Audit Entry*, enter the lot number details, operator name and Extraction platform the batch was run on and press [Enter].

#### Importing the MP II log file into AUSLAB

- 48. To extract the MP II log file, click on the Microsoft Access icon in the WinPrep® main menu to open the MultiPROBE log database.
- Click on the relevant run Test ID in the Test Selection box. In the Report/Query/Action Selection dropdown menu, select "Report: Test Summary (Sorted by Destination Rack ID)"
- 50. In the Output Selection dropdown menu, select "File". Save the output file as \*.csv format to C:\Packard\Ext Plate MAPS\Ext Logs with the same name as the AUSLAB batch ID and click "Apply". (refer to Figure 9. below)

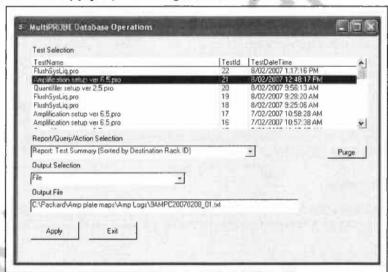


Figure 9. The MultiPROBE log database for collecting MP II run information

- 51. Open the log file and check for any errors that may have arisen during the Extraction process. Compare the listed errors to any that were encountered during the run. Report any critical errors to the line manager.
- 52. Copy the log file to I:\Extraction\Ext A MPII\Logs or I:\ Extraction\Ext B MPII\Logs for uploading to AUSLAB.
- 53. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 54. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 55. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 56. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID barcode.
- 57. Press [SF6] Files.
- 58. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 59. AUSLAB prompts "*Enter filename*"; enter the filename and extension and press [Enter]. (e.g. I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs\CWIQEXT20071115\_01.csv)
- 60. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a result file Y/N?" enter N and press [Enter].
- 61. Press [Esc].

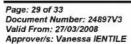


#### Importing Extraction "Results" into AUSLAB

- 62. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 63. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 64. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 65. Scan the Extraction batch ID barcode located on the worksheet.
- 66. Press [SF6] Files.
- 67. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 68. AUSLAB prompts "Enter filename"; enter batch name and extension and press [Enter].(e.g. CWIQEXT20071115\_01.txt)
- 69. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a results file y/n?" enter "y" and press [Enter].
- 70. The file will be imported into AUSLAB and appear in the DNA file table.
- 71. Highlight entry and press [Enter], for access to the DNA results table.
- 72. Page down through the table and check that all sample results have been imported.
- 73. Press [SF8] *Table Sort Order*, this sorts the table so any samples that have failed Autovalidation are sorted to the top of the table.
- 74. For all samples that have failed check the **Processing Comments**, by entering into the sample.
- 75. a) If processing comments state sample is to be sent to another batch type other than quant. Return the sample to the correct next batch type – e.g. microcon, nucleospin and pooling
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Do not toggle accept.
- 76. a) If processing comment does not state next step for sample the sample will be processed as normal.
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Highlight any entries to be changed and press [SF7] Toggle Accept
- 77. Press [F7] Complete Batch, all of the samples with a Yes in the Accept column will be transferred to the outstanding Quant Casework or Quant Reference lists.
- 78. File the Extraction worksheet into the relevant folder in Room 6117.

#### 18.3.3 Sample Storage

Please refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS 24255) for how to store the old original 5 mL sample tubes, the DNA extract NUNC tubes, Slicprep with Basket and Axygen store plates.





#### 18.4 Manual method for extraction using DNA IQ™

#### 18.4.1 Sampling and Sample Preparation

Samples waiting to be extracted are stored in freezers as described in Table 9.

Table 9. Sample storage locations

Sample type	Storage Device	Storage Location
Urgent/High/Medium Priority Samples	Freezer	6117-2
Medium Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer	6109
Low Priority Samples	N/A	

#### QC samples

All extraction batches require two controls to be registered. These controls, UR numbers and positions are listed below in Table 10.

Table 10. Extraction Quality Controls

QC	UR Number	Extraction types	
Neg Control	FBOT277	All	
QC swab (blood)	FBOT279	Blood	2.3

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 1. Request Registration.
- 3. Select 2. Full Reception Entry.
- Scan in barcode of control.
- Enter the UR number as per Table 4 and press [Enter].
- Enter the appropriate Specimen type (e.g. Blood for blood extraction).
- Request a 9PLEX test, when prompted to enter the processing comment, enter EXTP (Positive extraction control) or EXTN (Negative extraction control).
- 8. Press [F7] Enter LAB in the Billing code field.
- Press [F4] Save to save the Billing details.
- 10. Press [F4] Save to save the registration details.

## N.B Quality controls should not have a DNA priority allocated at time of registration to ensure they are included in the top positions of a batch

#### Create the Extraction Batch

- 14. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 15. Select 5. Workflow management.
- 16. Select 1. DNA workflow table.
- 17. Highlight the appropriate Extraction batch type and press [F5] Batch Allocation.
- 18. Press [F6] Create batch.
- 19. Press [F8] Print menu.
- 20. Press [F6] Print Batch label. (for the deep well plate)
- 21. Press [F7] Print Sample labels. (print four sets of labels for all extractions)
- 22. Press [F8] Print Worksheet.
- 23. Press [SF5] Main menu.
- 24. Press [SF11] Print.
- 25. Press [SF6] Accept batch.
- 26. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to the Main Menu.
- 27. Obtain worksheets (FBLASER3) and labels (FBLABEL13-16) from the Analytical Section printing bench (Room 6117).



#### Locating Samples

Determine the storage locations of the required samples using the Batch Creation table/Batch details table print out. The columns *Rack* and *Pos* respectively identify the rack and the grid location where the sample has been stored. Remove the samples from the storage rack and place in an orange rack (12x8).

When all samples have been located:

- Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 2. Sample Processing.
- 3. Select 7. Search Sample storage.
- 4. Scan in the sample barcode that is affixed to the sample tube.
- 5. Press [F6] Remove Sample.
- AUSLAB prompts "Are you sure you want to remove XXXX-XXXX? (Y/N)", Enter Y and press [Enter].
- AUSLAB prompts "Please enter remove comment", No comment is required. Press [Enter].
- 8. Press [Scroll lock] to clear.
- 9. Repeat steps 5 8 until all of the samples have been removed from their rack.

#### Sequence Check the tubes

- 1. Thaw samples at room temperature and label 1.5mL sample tubes.
- Sequence check the tubes.
- 3. Add the sequence check details into AUSLAB.
- 4. Log into AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 5. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 6. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 7. Scan in the appropriate extraction batch ID barcode.
- 8. Press [F5] Sequence Check.
- 9. Scan in the appropriate extraction batch ID barcode.
- Press [Pause/Break] to exit to Main Menu.

#### 18.4.2 Procedure

- Enter the number of samples to be extracted (including controls) into the "No of Samples" column of the DNA IQ Reagent Calculations Table to calculate the volumes of each reagent to be measured out for the extraction. Aliquot regents into either 5ml tubes or 50ml Falcon tubes. Note: The volume of Lysis Buffer calculated includes the volume used in the resin-lysis solution
- 2. Turn on the Eppendorf Thermo mixer and set the temperature to 37°C.
- 3. Remove 1.5ml tube and retain the 5mL tube. Prepare the Spin baskets by placing a DNA IQ™ Spin basket into a 1.5mL Microtube. Label the spin baskets (for every tube except Ext. control), 2mL SSI tubes and Nunc storage tubes (for every sample) with the sample barcodes. Have a second operator perform a sequence check of all tubes. This person must Press [F5] Sequence Check against the batch in AUSLAB
- Using the Reagents table, prepare Extraction Buffer, Lysis Buffer with DTT, & Resin Solution. Reagents need to be prepared fresh before each run.
- Add 300 μL of Extraction Buffer to each tube. Vortex each tube before incubating the tubes at 37°C on the Thermomixer at 1000 rpm for 45 minutes.



- 6. Remove the tubes from the Thermo mixer and place into a rack, increase the temperature on the Thermomixer to 65°C (for use in the Elution steps).
- 7. Transfer the substrate from the original tube to a DNA IQ™ Spin Basket using autoclaved twirling sticks. Centrifuge the Spin basket for 2 minutes at room temperature at its maximum speed. Once completed, remove the spin basket & retain in the original 5ml tube. Ensuring minimal contamination and transfer the extract to a labelled 2mL SSI sterile screw tube.
- 8. Transfer the remaining extract from the original tube to the corresponding 2mL tube. Vortex the tube gently.
- 9. Add 500 µL of Lysis Buffer to each tube.
- 10. Into a separate, clean 2mL SSI tube, aliquot the required amount of Lysis Buffer for the Resin solution. Ensure that the DNA IQ™ Resin solution has been thoroughly mixed by vortexing the resin bottle before adding the required resin volume to the Lysis Buffer. Pipette mix the solution to clear the tip of any lingering resin beads. Mix the solution by inverting the tube to prevent bubbles forming.
- 11. Add 50µL of DNA IQ™ Resin-Lysis solution into each tube. Invert the resin-lysis tube at regular intervals to keep the resin suspended within the solution to ensure uniform results.
- 12. Vortex each tube for 3 seconds at high speed before placing the tubes in the Multitubeshaker set at 1200 rpm to incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 13. Remove from the Multitubeshaker and vortex the tubes for 2 seconds at high speed before placing the tubes in the magnetic stand. Separation will occur instantly.

**Note:** If resin does not form a distinct pellet on the side of the tube, or if the pellet has accidentally mixed with the solution while in the stand, vortex the tube and quickly place back in the stand.

14. Carefully remove all of the solution in the tube into the original 1.5mL tube (i.e. the tube which originally contained the substrate), ensuring that the resin is not disturbed from its place on the side of the tube.

Note: If some resin is drawn up in tip, gently expel resin back into tube to allow reseparation.

- 15. Add 125μL of prepared Lysis Buffer solution and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Return the tubes to the magnetic stand and allow for separation to occur. Once separation has occurred again remove the Lysis Buffer into the original 1.5mL tube (i.e. the tube which originally contained the substrate).
- 16. Add 100μL of prepared 1X Wash Buffer and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Return tube to the magnetic stand and once separation has occurred remove and discard all Wash Buffer.
- 17. Repeat Step 16 another two times for a total of three washes. Ensure that all of the solution has been removed after the last wash.
- 18. Wipe down a Biohazard hood with bleach followed by ethanol. Uncap the tubes, placing the lids inside down onto a clean rediwipe in consecutive order and place the tubes in the same order into a clean plastic rack. Air-dry the resin in the hood for 15



- minutes at Room temperature. Do not dry for more than 20 minutes, as this may inhibit removal of DNA during the elution phase.
- 19. Once the resin is dry, replace the lids on the corresponding tubes and remove from the hood. Add 50µl of Elution Buffer to each of the samples by carefully pipetting the liquid to the side of the tube, above the pellet. Do not mix.
- 20. With the lids on, incubate the tubes in the Thermomixer at 65°C for 3 minutes. After the three minutes are up, continue to incubate for a further 3 minutes shaking at 1100 rpm.
- 21. Remove the tubes and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Immediately place the tube in the magnetic stand while hot to ensure maximum DNA yield during elution.
- Carefully transfer the DNA containing supernatant to the corresponding labelled Nunc tubes.
- 23. Remove tubes from the magnetic stand and add carefully another 50 μL of Elution Buffer above the magnetic pellet.
- 24. Repeat step 20 to 22. The final volume after this elution should be approximately of 95 μL of DNA solution.
- 25. DNA can be stored at 4°C for short-term storage or at -20 or -70°C for long-term storage.

#### 18.4.3 Sample storage

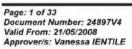
- 1. Log into AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 2. Sample Processing.
- 3. Select 6. Sample Storage.
- 4. Scan in Rack barcode.
- 5. Press [SF5] Fill Rack.
- 6. Scan in sample barcode and place in rack in scanned position.
- 7. Repeat for all samples.
- 8. Press [Esc].
- 9. Press [Pause/Break] to return to the Main Menu.
- 10. Select 3. Patient Enquiry.
- Scan in Rack barcode.
- 12. Tab down to the next blank DNA Batch No field and press [F2] Edit.
- 13. Scan in the Batch ID of the samples stored.
- 14. Press [Pause/Break] to return to the Main Menu.



# CaSS | Forensic and Scientific Services

# DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA from Casework and Reference Samples

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#### 1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This method describes the routine method of DNA extraction using the PerkinElmer MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms and Promega DNA IQ™ kit. The manual method has been included as a back-up method should it be required.

This method applies to all DNA Analysis staff that are required to extract DNA from samples.

Reference samples and Casework samples must be extracted separately. If Casework and Reference samples are to be extracted on the same instrument, the instrument must be decontaminated between operations.

#### 2 DEFINITIONS

Samples Samples awaiting DNA extraction

Lysates Samples that have had the Lysis step performed, but have not yet

completed the entire extraction process

DNA Extracts Samples that have had a DNA extraction processes performed

DNA IQ™ Resin Magnetic Resin Beads used to bind DNA MP II MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX Platform

DTT 1,4 Dithiothreitol
Pro K Proteinase K

Sarcosyl N-Lauroylsarcosine sodium
TNE Tris, NaCl and EDTA Buffer
EDTA Ethylenediaminetetraacetate

EP-A Extraction Platform A EP-B Extraction Platform B

#### 3 PRINCIPLE

#### Sample Pre-lysis

The Extraction Buffer used in the pre-lysis of cellular material contains Proteinase K (Pro K), TNE (Tris, NaCl, EDTA) and Sarcosyl. TNE acts as a basic buffer with EDTA chelating ions in solution. Sarcosyl is a detergent that lyses open cell membranes. Proteinase K is added to digest cellular material, helping the DNA to be released. It also digests proteins that interfere with the DNA binding capacity of the resin. In addition it rapidly inactivates enzymatic activity that could potentially degrade DNA (e.g. nucleases).

Proteinase K (also known as Endoproteinase K) is a fungal enzyme from *Engyodontium album* (formerly *Tritirachium album*). It is a stable S8 family serine alkaline protease that has broad specificity and is inactivated by diisopropylfluorophosphate, phenyl-methane sulfonyl fluoride and Hg²+ ions. As a highly active endopeptidase, it cleaves peptide bonds adjacent/next to the carboxyl group of N-substituted (blocked alpha amino) hydrophobic, aliphatic and aromatic amino acids. Therefore, it actively hydrolyses proteins, glycoproteins, peptides and esters of amino acids. The smallest peptide that can be hydrolysed with Proteinase K is a tetrapeptide.

#### DNA IQ™ Kit

The DNA IQ ™ kit is designed to purify DNA from a number of different substrates and has been optimised for trace DNA samples. An in house validation was performed using a modified version of the PerkinElmer automated protocol. The protocol has been modified to incorporate a number of work practices used in DNA Analysis FSS. These are:

o The use of the Slicprep™ 96 device (Promega) for removing substrate from lysate.



#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

- The increase of Extraction Buffer volume to 500µL for use with the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device.
- The use of tubes and spin-baskets for the off-deck lysis of samples prior to extraction on MPII. Use of a 96-deepwell plate for completion of extraction on MPII.
- The provision of initial incubation with TNE Buffer and retention of a portion thereof for further testing (retained supernatant testing).
- The increase of Lysis Buffer volume to 957μL proportional to the increase of Extraction Buffer volume, according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Double Elution step, with an Elution Buffer volume of 60μL for a final volume of 100μL.
- The use of Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes for storage of final extracts.

Cell lysis is performed with Promega Lysis Buffer containing Dithiothreitol (DTT). 1,4 Dithiothreitol is a reducing agent used in extractions to break disulfide bonds of proteins. The Lysis Buffer used is a proprietary buffer containing chaotropic salts required for binding of DNA to the magnetic beads. According to the MSDS, the Lysis Buffer contains 50-75% guanidinium thiocyanate, < 2.5% EDTA, < 2% 3-[(3-Choalamidopropryl)dimethylammonio] propanesulfonic and < 2% polyethylene glycol tert-octylphenyl ether.

The basis of the DNA IQ™ kit is a magnetic bead resin which contains novel paramagnetic particles covered with silica. The magnetic bead resin usually has a DNA binding capacity of 100ng but the addition of Pro K will increase the binding capacity. Samples with small amounts of DNA are more efficient than samples with large amounts of DNA, and as a result a small sample size is critical to ensure efficient recovery of DNA.

The magnetic beads with silica have a negative charge at basic and near neutral pH. The Lysis Buffer changes the pH and salt concentration of the solution and the silica on the magnetic beads becomes positively charged which is then able to bind the DNA.

Several washing steps are employed in the protocol to remove inhibitors. The first washing step is performed with Lysis Buffer. This wash ensures the DNA is bound to the magnetic bead resin and washes out inhibitors. The next three washing procedures are with a Wash Buffer. This buffer contains an alcohol/aqueous mixture which ensures the DNA is not eluted during washing by keeping the DNA dehydrated, and aqueous phase washes out the inhibitor.

Elution Buffer removes the DNA from the magnetic bead resin. The Elution Buffer changes the salt content. Heating the complex to 65°C allows the DNA to be released from the magnetic beads. The Elution Buffer is a low ionic strength buffer that reduces the affinity of the DNA for the silica that covers the magnetic beads, by re-hydration of the phosphate backbone.

The DNA IQ™ kit isolates DNA greater than 80bp, smaller DNA is removed selectively to prevent PCR inhibition.

#### MultiPROBE® II HT EX PLUS with Gripper™ Integration Platform

Within DNA Analysis, routine DNA extractions are performed using either one of two MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration platforms (Extraction Platform A, EP-A) and (Extraction Platform B, EP-B) perform casework or reference samples. Each platform uses a computer – controlled Cartesian X-Y-Z liquid handling system designed for the efficient automation of sample preparation. Liquid transfer is performed by an 8-tip System with VersaTip® and VariSpan™ options. The VersaTip® option allows the use of fixed and/or disposable tips (both clear and conductive). The VariSpan™ option permits variable probe spacing between each of the individual probes so that a wide range of labware such as micro plates, tubes, vials and reagent troughs can be accessed. Each



sample probe is capable of independent motion in the Z direction due to independent Z drives.

The 8-tip System is also capable of multichannel liquid-level sensing by utilising Accusense™ technology. This technology works by each probe detecting a change in capacitance within the liquid. This capacitive mode of detection is also possible when using conductive disposable tips. Accusense™ also permits the detection of low or non-ionic polar solutions and solvents. Pipetting on the platforms is driven by 8 individually controlled syringes via the positive displacement of the system liquid (nanopure water) when transferring liquid.

The Gripper™ Integration on all the platforms (except for the Post – PCR MPII) allows for automated identification of labware via the scanning of barcodes and also allows for automated transfer of plates from one position on the deck to another. To increase deck space and capacity, all platforms include a left deck extension.

In this program a platemap is utilised to provide the necessary information for correct volumes and locations for pipetting. It also contains information regarding positions where pipetting must take place at various locations, the number and IDs of samples. Without a platemap the program will fail to work.

#### 4 REAGENTS AND EQUIPMENT

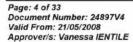
#### 4.1 Reagents

- 1. DNA IQ™ System Kit 400 sample Kit
  - Resin
  - Lysis Buffer (LB)
  - 2x Wash Buffer (2xWB)
  - Elution Buffer (EB)
- Tris/Sodium chloride/EDTA Buffer (TNE)
- 3. Proteinase K (Pro K) 20mg/mL
- 4. Dithiothreitol (DTT) 1M
- 5. 5% TriGene
- 6. 70% Ethanol
- 7. 1% Amphyl
- 8. 0.2% Amphyl
- 9. Isopropyl alcohol
- 10. AnalR 100 %Ethanol
- 11. 40% Sarcosyl
- 12. Decon® 90 solution
- 13. Nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O

Table 1. Reagent storage locations.

Reagent	Device	Storage Location
Pro K	Freezer	Room 6120
DTT	Freezer	Room 6120
40% Sarcosyl	Shelf	Room 6122
Isopropyl alcohol	Shelf	Room 6122
TNE pH 8 Buffer	Shelf	Room 6122
DNA IQ™ Kit	Shelf	Room 6122
Amphyl (1% and 0.2%)	Shelf	Room 6127
Nanopure Water	Shelf	Room 6127
5% TriGene	Shelf	Room 6127
AnalR 100 %Ethanol	Shelf	Room 6127

Please see Table 2 for the volume of reagents for a full plate or half plate. Refer to "Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Kits" (QIS 17165) for





preparation of the TNE Buffer. All reagents can be made on the bench in Room 6122, except for the Lysis Buffer with DTT which needs to be made in a fume hood. DNA IQ reagents are prepared by staff performing the DNA IQ method.

Table 2. Table of reagent volumes.

Reagent (volume per sample)	Constituent (volume per sample)	Volume reg'd for 96 Samples (mL)	Volume req'd for 48 Samples (mL)
Futration Buffer	TNE Buffer 462.5µL	54	27
Extraction Buffer	Prot K (20 mg/mL)25.0 μL	2.9	1.5
(500 µL/sample	Sarcosyl (40 %) 12.5µL	1.5	0.7
Lysis Buffer (with DTT)	Lysis Buffer (no DTT)	130	66
(1.127mL/sample)	DTT (add to Lysis Buffer)	1.3	0.66
Lysis Buffer (with DTT) Reagent Trough	As above	125	63
DNA IQ RESIN Solution	Lysis Buffer (with DTT) (from above) 43µL	5.536	3
(50µL/sample)	DNA IQ RESIN 7µL	0.901	0.5
DNA IQ 1X Wash Buffer (300µl/sample)	See Below for preparation	35	18
DNA IQ Elution Buffer (120µl/sample)	Use directly from Kit	14	8

NOTE: For batches not equal to either 96 or 48 samples samples, refer to Appendix 1 "18.1 Reagents Calculation Tables" Table 7 for batches of <48 samples, and Table 8 for <96 (but >48)

#### **Extraction Buffer**

Prepare the buffer just before extraction in a 100mL sterile glass bottle according to Table 2. Use one aliquot of 20mg/mL Proteinase K (1.5mL) for a 48 sample run and two aliquots for a 96 sample run. Remove aliquot/s of Proteinase K from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Ensure that the 40% (w/v) Sarcosyl is completely dissolved (clear) in the stock solution before making the Extraction Buffer. If not dissolved, invert the container a few times and leave longer at room temperature.

#### Lysis Buffer with DTT

Lysis Buffer is supplied with the kit. Lysis Buffer with DTT is prepared at the start of each run. Remove the DTT from the freezer, defrost, vortex and centrifuge before use. Into a sterilised glass bottle, add 1.3mL of DTT to 130ml of Lysis Buffer for 96 samples. If 48 samples are to be run, use 660µl of DTT to 66ml of Lysis Buffer, again, made up in a sterile glass bottle. Make up the Lysis Buffer with DTT within the Laminar Flow and ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield. Warning: Lysis Buffer and DTT are toxic.

#### DNA IQ™ Resin

DNA IQ™ Resin is supplied with the kit. The resin is prepared at the start of each run in a 10mL sterile tube. Ensure the resin is properly mixed by vortexing before pipetting. Look for calculations in Table 2 for the correct volumes of resin and Lysis Buffer (with DTT). In the 10mL tube, mix by inversion before adding to column 4 in the 12-channel reagent plate.

#### 1X Wash Buffer

2X Wash Buffer is supplied with the kit. Once a new kit has been opened, add 35mL of *AnalR* Ethanol and 35mL of Isopropyl alcohol to the 2X Wash Buffer. Once the reagents have been added, label the lid and side of the bottle with "1X Wash Buffer," initial and date.



#### 4.2 Equipment

The following equipment (Table 3) and consumables (Table 4) are required for the DNA IQ extraction.

Table 3. Equipment used and location.

Equipment	Asset No.	Location
STORstar (B system)	10238493	6122
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext A Platform)	10076438	6127
MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform (Ext B Platform)	10076437	6127
DPC shaker (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
DPC shaker (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext A Platform)	N/A	6127
Automated Temperature Controller, Heat Block tiles and heat block adapters (Ext B Platform)	N/A	6127
Eppendorf 5804 centrifuge	10238416	6127
Vortex	30087015	6127
Fridge	30433424	6127
Micro centrifuge	None	6127
Decapper	None	6127

Table 4. Consumables used for extraction

Consumables	Location
175uL Clear Non-Conductive Filter Tips – Pre-sterilized	6127
MβP Pure 1000uL Tips – Pre-Sterilized	6127
SlicPrep™ 96 device plate	6122
ABgene 96-deepwell plate	6120
Axygen 2mL Deep Well storage plate	6127
1.5ml or 2ml Eppendorf tubes with Spin baskets	6120
12 Channel plate	6127
Nunc™ Bank-it™ tubes	6120
Nunc™ Bank-it™ Caps	6127
Sterile 50mL Falcon tubes	6122
Sterile 10mL tubes	6122
Autoclaved 100mL glass bottles	6122
Autoclaved 250mL glass bottles	6122
Aluminium sealing film	6127
1000uL disposable tips	6120

#### 5 SAFETY

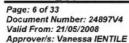
As per the procedures in the QIS document "Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories" (QIS 17120), PPE is to be worn by all staff when performing this procedure.

The automated platforms, labware and associated equipment should be wiped with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol before and after use. In addition, clean the work area around the MPII instrument with 10% (v/v) Bleach and 70% Ethanol.

While the MPII is running a procedure, refrain from placing any part of the body inside the cabinet. Either pause the program or use the emergency STOP button located at the front of the instrument before touching anything within the cabinet or on the deck surface.

Warning: Tris base, EDTA, Sarcosyl and Lysis Buffer are irritants. DTT is a reducing agent that destroys disulfide bonds. Chaotropic reagents such as guanidinium thiocyanate (GuSCN) are toxic. Do not breathe alcohol fumes. Handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE.

Lysis Buffer contains guanidinium thiocyanate which can be harmful if inhaled, swallowed or comes in contact with skin. Any left over Lysis Buffer with DTT is to be disposed of in a brown Winchester bottle in the fume hood. Never dispose down the sink. If spillage occurs, absorb with liquid-binding material (such as sand, kitty litter, etc) and dispose in a biohazard bin. Again, handle carefully and wear appropriate PPE, including face shield.





#### 6 SAMPLING AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

Samples waiting to be extracted are stored in freezers as described in Table 5.

Table 5. Sample storage locations.

Sample type	Storage Device	Storage Location
Urgent/High/Medium Priority Samples	Freezer	6117-2
Medium Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer or Freezer in 6117	6109 or 6117-5
Low Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer or Freezer in 6117	6109 or 6117-5
Lysates in 1.5ml tubes	Fridge	6120
96 deep well plate containing lysates	Fridge	6127

#### QC samples

All extraction batches require two controls to be registered. These controls, UR numbers and positions are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Extraction Quality Controls

QC Name UR Number Description		Description
Negative Control	FBOT277	Negative Extraction control - Empty well
Positive Control	FBOT279	Positive Extraction control - Known Donor dried blood swab

#### Registration of QC

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 1. Request Registration.
- 3. Select 2. Full Reception Entry.
- Scan in barcode of control.
- 5. Enter the UR number as per Table 6 and press [Enter].
- 6. Enter the appropriate Specimen type (e.g. Blood for blood control).
- Request a 9PLEX test, when prompted to enter the processing comment, enter EXTP (Positive extraction control) or EXTN (Negative extraction control). Do no assign a priority.
- 8. Press [F7] Save to save the Billing details.
- Enter LAB in the Billing code field and t in the date field and FBQC in the Loc/Client field.
- 10. Press [F4] Save twice to save the registration details.

Note 1: Quality controls should not have a DNA priority allocated at time of registration to ensure they are included in the top positions of a batch

Note 2: for DNA IQ Lysis batches with more than 46 samples (excluding controls) two sets of controls should be registered

#### Create the DNA IQ Lysis or Retain Supernatant Batch (as required)

- Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 5. Workflow management.
- Select 1. DNA workflow table.
- 4. Highlight the appropriate batch type and press [F5] Batch Allocation.
- 5. Press [F6] Create batch.
- 6. Press [F8] Print menu.
- 7. Press [F7] Print Sample Label. (print 3 sets)
- 8. Press [F8] Print Worksheet. (print 2 copies)
- 9. Press [SF5] Main menu.



- 10. Press [SF11] Print.
- 11. Press [SF6] Accept batch.
- 12. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to the Main Menu.
- 13. Obtain worksheets (FBLASER3) and labels (FBLABEL13-16) from the Analytical Section printing bench (Room 6117).

#### **Locating Samples**

To locate samples refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS 24255).

#### OFF-DECK LYSIS PROCEDURE (NO RETAINED SUPERNATANT)

- Print or obtain a copy of Appendix 2. "18.2 Reagent & Batch details recording tables (DNA IQ™ Lysis Batch & Extraction Batch)".
- Separate the batch into two smaller batches of 48 samples, including one set of controls. (If only a single operator the second batch can be started during step 11)

Note: Positions 1-4 will be the two sets of controls, positions 5-50 will be the first 46 samples and 51-96 will be the second set of 46 samples

- 3. Remove samples from 5mL storage tubes and label side with barcodes if necessary. If substrates are in a 0.5mL tube, transfer to a labelled 1.5mL tube. Label lid of each sample with position number within the lysis batch. Retain the original 5mL storage tube for substrate storage.
- 4. Prepare / assemble spin basket assembly or 1.5mL (or 2.0mL) tube and label side with a barcode and lid with position number as required.

Note: substrates from each sample need to be retained

- Samples requiring a spin basket include swabs, fabric, paper and cigarette butts.
- Samples requiring a 1.5mL include tapelifts, chewing gum, straws, fingernail clippings and toothbrush bristles.
- Label the side of sterile 1.0mL Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes with barcode.
- 6. Have a second operator sequence check all tubes and complete the sequence check in AUSLAB.
- 7. Prepare Extraction Buffer.
- Using a multi-stepper pipette add 500µL of Extraction Buffer and vortex briefly. Ensure substrate is fully immersed in extraction buffer.
- Incubate in a hotblock at 37°C for 45minutes (note temperature on worksheet).
- Remove samples from hot block and vortex briefly then return to rack.
- Transfer substrates to spin baskets if required using twirling sticks (if unable to remove with twirling sticks, use forceps. Forceps must be cleaned between each sample by rinsing in bleach followed by ethanol and flaming).
- 12. For samples not requiring spin baskets, transfer the lysate to the newly labeled 1.5mL tube. Then store original 1.5mL containing substrate in the original 5mL tube.
- 13. Centrifuge spin baskets at maximum speed (14000rpm) for 2 minutes.



#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

- Transfer flow through from spin baskets back to original lysis tube, retain spin basket in 5mL tube.
- 15. Vortex Lysates briefly, then incubate in hotblock at 65°C for 10 minutes (note temperature on worksheet)
- 16. Enter reagent details, temperatures etc. into AUSLAB.
- 17. Complete batch in AUSLAB.
- 18. Store lysates at 4°C (fridge in 6120).
- Enter into completed batch in AUSLAB and determine the DNA IQ extraction batch ID the DNA lysates have progressed to.
- 20. Print the appropriate worksheets and 3 sets of batch labels for the DNA IQ extraction batch and note the lysis batch the samples have progressed from on the worksheets. Stamp as "Urgent" if necessary.

#### 8 OFF-DECK LYSIS PROCEDURE (RETAINED SUPERNATANT)

- Print or obtain a copy of Appendix 2. "18.2 Reagent & Batch details recording tables (DNA IQ™ Lysis Batch & Extraction Batch)".
- Remove samples from 5mL storage tubes and label side with barcodes if necessary. If substrates are in a 0.5mL tube, transfer to a labelled 1.5mL tube. Label lid of each sample with position number. Retain 5mL tube for substrate storage.
- Label the side of 1.5mL tubes with barcodes for retaining supernatant. Also label lid of 1.5mL tube indicating it contains supernatant.
- Prepare spin basket assembly or a 1.5mL (or 2.0mL) tube and label side with a barcode and lid with position number as required. Note:
  - a. Samples requiring a spin basket include swabs, fabric, paper and cigarette butts.
  - Samples requiring a 1.5mL include tapelifts, chewing gum, straws, fingernail clippings and toothbrush bristles.
- 5. Label the side of sterile 1.0mL Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes with barcode.
- Have a second operator sequence check all tubes and complete the sequence check in AUSLAB.
- 7. Using a pipette add 650µL of TNE Buffer and vortex briefly.
- Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 9. Vortex, then centrifuge for 3 minutes at maximum speed (14000rpm).
- Remove 150µL of supernatant and place into labelled 1.5ml tube (for further testing).
- Add 25μL of 20ng/μL (mg/mL) Proteinase K and 12.5μL 40% (w/v) Sarcosyl to each original sample tube containing TNE Buffer. Vortex briefly.
- 12. Incubate in hotblock at 37°C for 45 minutes (note temperature on worksheet).



- 13. Remove samples from hotblock, vortex briefly and return to rack.
- 14. Transfer substrates to spin baskets if required using twirling sticks (if unable to remove with twirling sticks, use forceps. Forceps must be cleaned between each sample by rinsing in bleach followed by ethanol and flaming).
- 15. For samples not requiring spin baskets, transfer the lysate to the newly labeled 1.5mL tube. Then store original 1.5mL containing substrate in the original 5mL tube.
- 16. Centrifuge spin baskets at maximum speed (14000rpm) for 2 minutes.
- 17. Transfer flow through from spin baskets back to original lysis tube, retain spin basket in 5mL.
- 18. Vortex Lysates briefly, then incubate in hotblock at 65°C for 10minutes (note temperature on worksheet).
- Enter reagent details, temperatures etc. into AUSLAB.
- 20. Complete batch in AUSLAB.
- 21. Store supernatants in Freezer 6117-2 (-20°C
- 22. Store lysates at 4°C (Fridge in 6120).
- 23. Enter into completed batch in AUSLAB and determine the DNA IQ extraction batch ID the DNA lysates have progressed to.
- 24. Print the appropriate worksheets and 3 sets of batch labels for the DNA IQ extraction batch and note the retained supernatant batch the samples have progressed from on the worksheets. Stamp as "Urgent" if necessary.

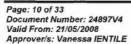
#### MPII EXTRACTION PROCEDURE

Automated setup of DNA IQ extractions in 96-deep well format is performed using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX EP-A and EP-B platforms located in Room 6127.

Refer to "Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX and MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform" (QIS 23939) for instructions on the use and maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX platforms.

#### Summary of DNA IQ EXTRACTION Version 4.1 ODL

- Binding of paramagnetic resin to DNA and further Lysis: add Resin solution (50µL) and Lysis Buffer (957µL). Automated mixing and shaking at room temperature for 5 minutes. (this occurs at steps 10-15 of the protocol)
- Removing lysis reagents: Slicprep plate is moved to the PKI Magnet to separate beads. Removing of supernatant (1600µL) without disturbing resin, dispense this solution in the storage plate. (this occurs at steps 16-18 of the protocol)
- 3. Washing of the resin-DNA complex: To remove any inhibitors in solution. The first wash is with Lysis Buffer (125µL), shaking at room temperature for 1 minute. The plate is moved to the PKI Magnet and the supernatant is removed into the storage plate. The next three washes are with 1X Wash Buffer (100µL), shaking at room





- temperature for 1 minute. During each wash cycle, the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet and the supernatant is discarded. (this occurs at steps 21-59 of the protocol)
- 4. Removing any excess of 1X Wash Buffer: air dry at room temperature for 5 minutes. (this occurs at step 60 of the protocol)
- 5. Elution of DNA from the Resin-DNA complex: Add Elution Buffer (60uL) and incubate at 65 °C for 6 minutes (3 minutes no shaking and 3 minutes shaking). The plate is moved to the PKI Magnet. The eluted solution (supernatant) is removed to the Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes. Elution is repeated twice. (this occurs at steps 63-83 of the protocol)
- 6. Flushing of capillaries: The capillaries are washed with Amphyl and nanopure water.

#### Sequence Check the Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes and Sample Lysates

To sequence check storage tubes and transfer DNA lysates to ABgene 96-deep well plates, please refer to method "Procedure for the Use of the STORstar unit for automated sequence checking" (QIS 24256).

ENSURE the Nunc™Bank-It™ tube rack is labelled with the AUSLAB Batch ID and barcode on the right hand side of the plate.

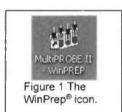
#### Preparation of Reagents & Lysates prior to extraction

- Refer to table 2 for reagent volumes to make up the required amount of Lysis Buffer (with DTT) and Resin solution. Also measure the required amount of 1X Wash Buffer.
- 2. Record the Lot numbers of all the reagents used onto the worksheet (printed from appendix 2 and in the AUSLAB batch audit entry.
- 3. Remove the deep well plate containing Lysates from either storage (either freezer or fridge as case may be) to allow to come to room temperature before starting extraction procedure.

#### Setting up the EP-A or EP-B MPIIs

These steps are to be carried out in the Automated extraction Room (Room 6127)

- 4. Turn on the instrument PC.
- Log onto the network using the Robotics login.
- Double click the WinPrep<sup>®</sup> icon on the computer desktop (Figure 1).



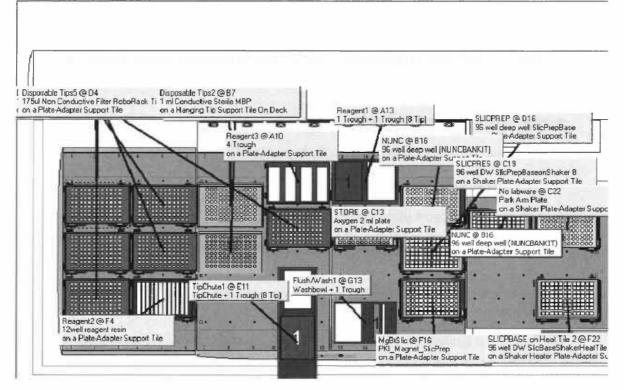
- 7. Log onto the WinPrep® software by entering your username and password, then press "Enter".
- Ensure the System Liquid reservoir is FULL and tubing is fully submerged in the system liquid before every run and perform a Flush/Wash.

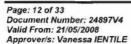


#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

- Ensure that the daily/weekly start-up has been performed before running any program.
   If WinPrep® has been closed or been idle for a long period of time initialise the MP II platform as described in QIS 23939.
- 10. Open the Extraction setup MP II test file in WinPrep® by selecting:
  - File
  - Open, navigate to C:\Packard\MultiPROBE\Bin\QHSS PROTOCOLS
  - Select "DNA IQ Extraction\_Ver 4.1\_ODL.mpt"
  - · Click the "Open" button
- 11. Check the whole program there are no bold fonts (e.g. plates may lose gripability and the program will not run). See the line manager.
- 12. Open the required plate map from the network I:\EXTRACTION. Check that the plate map is complete. If there are blanks (samples that have been removed), make all volumes to 0. If it is not a full batch, delete the rows of blank samples at the end of the platemap, then save the changes. Copy the plate map to the following file path: C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS
- 13. Decontaminate the required labware by wiping with 5% TriGene followed by 70% ethanol before placing the labware on to the designated grid positions as outlined in the virtual deck view within WinPrep® (Figure 2).
  - The white WALLAC Isoplates (catalogue #1450-514) that are used to support the ABgene 96-deep well plate must be placed into positions D16 and C19.
  - Ensure that the PKI Magnet at F16 is stable in its insert. This is critical so that beads and DNA are not lost during pipetting.

Ensure the DPC shaker is positioned properly







FAM2-05 85

#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

Figure 2. The WinPrep® virtual deck view displaying the necessary labware required for the Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extraction on Extraction Platform A.

14. Ensure that the DPC shaker and Heater Controller Box are switched on.

For EP-A: Tile 1 at F22 (85°C).

For EP-B: Tile 2 at F22 (85°C).

Note: Press the start/stop button twice at the front of the DPC shaker to ensure that it displays zero on the screen.

- 15. Ensure the heat transfer tile is clicked into the plate adapter tile properly. This is critical to ensure correct incubation temperatures.
- 16. To the Amphyl wash station at **A10**, add fresh 1% Amphyl to the trough on the far left hand side, 0.2% diluted Amphyl to the middle left and place an empty reagent tough in the middle right position of the station. The nanopure water goes to position **G13** into a 160mL trough in the Flush-Wash station.
- 17. Pour the required amount of Lysis Buffer into the labelled 150mL reagent trough. Place Lysis Buffer on the left hand side of the 2 trough holder located in position A13. Note: Ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield when handling these reagents.
- 18. Nunc™ Bank-It™ tube rack: Check that is the same AUSLAB batch number as the platemap to be run. Ensure that the barcode of the first (A1) and last tube (H12) are the respective ones. Check that the batch label and batch barcode labels are attached to front side of rack. Add B1-Lite generated "NUNC" barcode to the right side of the Nunc™ Bank-It™ tube rack. Then place the rack into position B16.
- 19. On an Axygen 2ml deep well Storage plate, label the left side of the plate with both the Batch ID and barcode. Label the right side of the plate with a B1-Lite generated "STORE" barcode. Then place in position C13.
- 20. ABgene 96-deep well plate containing lysates: Centrifuge plate for 2 minutes at 3021rpm before gently removing adhesive seal and place into position D16 ensuring the plate is oriented such that the long side of the plate with the words "Front" written on at time of STORstar processing is visible from the front. (This should correspond with the cut corner at H1 being visible to the front of the operator)
- 21. After ensuring that all the necessary labware has been positioned in the correct grid position as displayed within WinPrep®, click the "EXECUTE TEST" button. While the test is loading, record all run information in the Run Log book.
- 22. Message will appear (Figure 3 below):

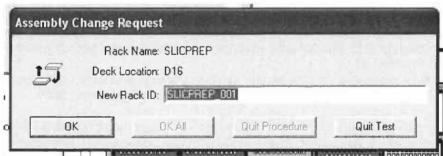


Figure 3. Scan batch ID request

Into "New Rack ID:" Scan barcode of ABgene 96-deep well plate (matches batch ID).



- 23. Click "Reset Tip Boxes" and ensure that the number of tips displayed in this window match those as available on the deck platform. Fill new tips if necessary. Click "Close" to accept the tip count, followed by clicking "Next"
- 24. Select the correct platemap by browsing to C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS. Ensure that the platemap selected matches the batch ID affixed to the ABgene 96-deep well plate containing Lysates located in position D16. Once this has been done, click "Start", to continue.
- 25. After the barcodes have been read, a user prompt will appear as a reminder to: "Ensure
  - 1. Shaker and heat box are on.
  - 2. Deck has been populated correctly.
  - 3. The Lysis Buffer is on the left side at A13." Click "OK" to continue.
- 26. Add the Resin to the 12 Channel plate. Pipette mix thoroughly. Then dispense 50uL of resin into each well of the ABgene 96-deep well plate containing lysates and return plate to position D16.
- 27. Place the 12 channel plate into position F4 then add the Elution Buffer to the plate by splitting the amount of Elution Buffer in half between channels 11 and 12.
- 28. Place the Wash Buffer in the far right hand side of the 4 well reagent trough holder (Amphyl wash station at A10)
- 29. The next User prompt will appear with the following directions: "Ensure Wash Buffer has been added. Manually add 50uL of Resin and place the ABgene plate in position D16. Ensure Elution Buffer has been added." Press "OK" when steps 24-26 have been performed.
- 30. Once the lysis and wash steps have been completed, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 85°C (real temp 65°C). DO NOT PRESS CONTINUE it will continue automatically when temperature has reached 85°C.
- 31. After the first elution step when the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet, a User message will appear requesting:
  - "Push down the plate on the PKI Magnet, Check Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes are uncapped at position B16, then press OK."
  - Note: Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet.
  - Once this is done, do not open the cabinet doors unless absolutely necessary as this will increase the speed of cooling and DNA may re-bind to the resin.
- 32. After the second elution step, the above prompt will appear again. Note: Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet
  - Once this is done, do not open the cabinet doors unless absolutely necessary as this will increase the speed of cooling and DNA may re-bind to the resin.
- Once the program is completed, a final User Message prompt appears asking to: "Remove plates and cover them with aluminium sealing film. Remove Nunc rack and recap Nunc tubes."



Once all plates are removed from the deck and sealed, place into small clipseal plastic bags. Click "OK" to proceed to the Amphyl wash step to decontaminate the system tubing. **Note:** review the supernatant storage plate for the transfer of beads.

#### Finalising the MP II run

- 34. Remove the resin-Lysis-DTT solution from the 12 channel plate in the glass Lysis-DTT bottle used. Discard the plate in the biohazard waste bin.
- 35. Remove Lysis Buffer with DTT (wear face shield) and dispose of left over reagent into the glass bottle used previously. Bring this bottle to the room 6122 and dispose in the brown Winchester bottle located in the fume hood.
- 36. Empty the contents of the Amphyl wash station into the sink and rinse the troughs with nanopure H₂O upon completion of the run.
- 37. Remove all labware from the deck and clean with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol, and setup for the next run if necessary. In addition, clean the work area around the MPII instrument with 10% (v/v) Bleach and 70% Ethanol.
- 38. Remove the tip chute and funnel, rinse with warm tap water to help loosen and remove any residue inside the chute before cleaning with 5% TriGene and 70% ethanol. Hang the chute to dry on the rack beside the sink. If running another extraction straight after, replace the tip chute with another spare, clean chute.
- Move the platemap to C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS to the "Completed Extractions" folder.

#### Recording Reagent Details and other information in AUSLAB

- 40. To record reagent lot numbers, log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 41. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 42. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 43. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID.
- 44. Press [F6] Reagents.
- 45. Press [SF8] Audit.
- 46. Press [F5] *Insert Audit Entry*, enter the lot number details, operator name and Extraction platform the batch was run on and press [Enter].

#### Importing the MP II log file into AUSLAB

- 47. To extract the MP II log file, click on the Microsoft Access icon in the WinPrep® main menu to open the MultiPROBE log database.
- 48. Click on the relevant run Test ID in the Test Selection box. In the Report/Query/Action Selection dropdown menu, select "Report: Test Summary (Sorted by Destination Rack ID)"
- 49. In the Output Selection dropdown menu, select "File". Save the output file as \*.csv format to C:\PACKARD\EXT PLATE MAPS\EXT LOGS with the same name as the AUSLAB batch ID and click "Apply". (refer to Figure 4. below)



#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

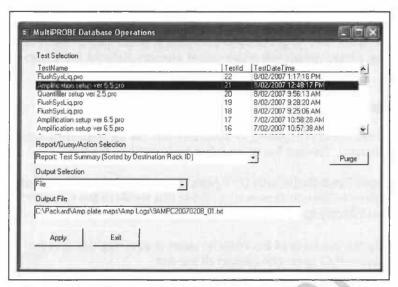


Figure 4. The MultiPROBE log database for collecting MP II run information

- 50. Open the log file and check for any errors that may have arisen during the Extraction process. Compare the listed errors to any that were encountered during the run. Report any critical errors to the line manager.
- Copy the log file to I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs or I:\ EXTRACTION\EXT B MPII\Logs
  for uploading to AUSLAB.
- 52. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- Select 5.Workflow Management.
- 54. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 55. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID barcode.
- 56. Press [SF6] Files.
- 57. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 58. AUSLAB prompts "*Enter filename*"; enter the filename and extension and press [Enter]. (e.g. I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs\CWIQEXT20071115\_01.csv)
- AUSLAB prompts "Is this a result file Y/N?" enter N and press [Enter].
- 60. Press [Esc].

#### Importing Extraction "Results" into AUSLAB

- 61. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 62. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 63. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 64. Scan the Extraction batch ID barcode located on the worksheet.
- 65. Press [SF6] Files.
- 66. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 67. AUSLAB prompts "Enter filename"; enter batch name and extension and press [Enter].(e.g. CWIQEXT20071115\_01.txt)
- 68. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a results file y/n?" enter "y" and press [Enter].
- 69. The file will be imported into AUSLAB and appear in the DNA file table.
- 70. Highlight entry and press [Enter], for access to the DNA results table.
- Page down through the table and check that all sample results have been imported.
- 72. Press [SF8] *Table Sort Order*, this sorts the table so any samples that have failed Autovalidation are sorted to the top of the table.
- 73. For all samples that have failed check the Processing Comments, by entering into the sample.
- 74. a) If processing comments state sample is to be sent to another batch type other than quant. Request the appropriate rework test code via the SF7 results history table and



the SF8 request rework functions (e.g. samples requiring Microcon, NucleoSpin and pooling)

- b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
- c) Do not toggle accept.
- d) add the extraction batch ID into the 9PLEX or 9FTAR completed date fields in AUSLAB
- 75. a) If processing comment does not state next step for sample the sample will be processed as normal.
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Highlight any entries to be changed and press [SF7] Toggle Accept
- 76. Press [F7] Complete Batch, all of the samples with a Yes in the Accept column will be transferred to the outstanding Quant Casework or Quant Reference lists.
- 77. File the Extraction worksheet into the relevant folder in Room 6117.

#### 10 SAMPLE STORAGE

Please refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS <u>24255</u>) for how to store the old original 5 mL sample tubes, the DNA extract Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes, ABgene 96-deep well and Axygen store plates.

#### 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

- If the barcode reader is not reading the barcodes of the Nunc<sup>™</sup> Bank-It<sup>™</sup> tube rack, or the Slicprep Plate or the Store plate, manually scan the appropriate barcodes.
- 2. When reading the Nunc™ Bank-It™ tube rack barcode, if the Gripper is not picking up or placing the Nunc™ Bank-It™ tube rack properly on the deck, just manually place the rack properly on the plate adapter support tile.
- When reading the Store plate barcode, if the Gripper is not picking up or placing the Store plate properly on the deck, just manually place the plate properly on the plate adapter support tile.
- 4. When reading the Slicprep plate barcode if the Gripper is not picking up the plate properly:
  - a. if the plate was not properly placed on the plate adapter support tile with the Wallac Isoplate, just manually place the plate properly.
  - b. if the plate was properly placed on the plate adapter support tile with the Wallac Isoplate on it: it means that the gripper needs to be initialised. Abort the run, Initialise the instrument and restart the run. If problem persists, shutdown the MPII and PC, restart and then initialise the whole instrument. Otherwise, contact your line manager.
  - c. Calibrate relevant labware using the SlicPrep Calibration plate. This has preset standardised positions that need to be the same on all labware where the Slicprep plate is being moved. The same plate is used on both extraction platforms A and B.
  - d. Check the calibrations against the run program DNAIQGripperTest.pro. This program moves the Slicprep across all the labware the gripper moves across. Start with the Slicprep at D16.
- 5. In steps 18 or 26, if a message is stating that the instrument is having a motor problem when picking up 1 mL tips and the only option is to Abort, abort, initialise and open program version 1.3a (if the problem is in step 18) or version 1.3b (if the problem is in step 26).



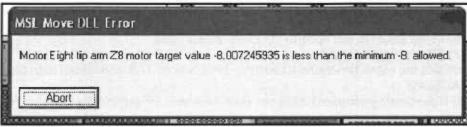


Figure 5. Example of DLL error

As the program will start the gripper will pick up the plates, it is not necessary that the Nunc™ Bank-It™ tube rack is in position (B16), only ensure that it is reading the correct barcode. It is important not to place the Slicprep in the original position (E13) as the Slicprep plate has the Spin basket part removed (ie keep at D16), ensure it will scan the correct batch barcode. The Store plate remains in the original position. If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.

- If the program has already started step 18 and the previous message is appearing, you need to abort. Initialise the instrument and open program version 1.3a. Go to the plate map in C:\PACKARD\ EXT PLATE MAPS and change volume to 0 for all the samples that the Lysis Buffer have been dispensed (Column 6), ensure that the number of samples where the Lysis Buffer was added is the same as the ones where the volume needs to be changed. Save the changes and use this plate map for the restart of the program. Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates. If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.
- 7. If the program has already started step 26 and the previous message is appearing, you need to abort. Initialise the instrument and open program version 1.3b. Go to the plate map in C:\PACKARD\ EXT PLATE MAPS and change volume to 0 in all the samples that the Lysis Buffer and Extraction Buffer have been removed (Column 9), ensure that the number of samples where the solution was removed is the same that the ones the volume need to be changed. Save the changes and use this plate map for the restart of the program. Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates. If the problem persists even after restarting, replace the rack of disposable 1 mL conductive sterile MBP tips for a new one.
- 8. If a disposable tip gets stuck on the 8 tip arm during disposal of tips a user message will appear. Remove and press retry and then continue.
- 9. If the message Figure 6 below has appeared



Figure 6. Example of error

press OK and the program will be aborted automatically. Check that all the connections to the instrument (DPC shaker, heater and computer) are properly plugged in. If



everything is OK, you need to close WinPrep, shut down the instrument, DPC shaker, heater and PC. After 2 min restart everything. Once Winprep has been opened, reinitialise the instrument and start the program (check version number according to which step the message has came up). Please read troubleshooting 5 for barcode reading of plates.

#### 12 VALIDATION

- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., lannuzzi, C. "Project 9. Automation: Report on the Evaluation of DNA Extraction Chemistries." June 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 11: Report on the Validation of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.
- Nurthen, T., Hlinka, V., Muharam, I., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C. "Project 13: Report on the Verification of the Automated Extraction Chemistry Kit using the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Casework Platform." 2007.
- Muharam I., Hlinka V., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C., Nurthen T., McNevin A., Ientile V. "Project 21: A Modified DNA IQ™ Method Consisting of Off-Deck Lysis to Allow Supernatant Retention for Presumptive Identification of α-Amylase" 2008
- Muharam I., Hlinka V., Gallagher, B., Lundie, G., Iannuzzi, C., Nurthen T., McNevin A., lentile V. "Project 22: A Modified DNA IQ™ Method for Off-Deck Lysis Prior to Performing Automated DNA Extraction" 2008

#### 13 QUALITY ASSURANCE/ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

- A negative control (also known as the reagent blank) is included with each batch of
  extractions. This reagent blank is processed as a normal sample through to completion.
  If any results are obtained from this sample, either at the quantitation step or the
  Genescan analysis step, then the possible source of the contamination is investigated.
  The samples extracted with this control are thoroughly checked and repeated if
  possible.
- Positive and negative controls are included in each extraction batch as per table 4.

#### 14 REFERENCES

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- Chen., C.W.T.J., C.A., Recovery of DNA Segments from Agarose Gels. Anal Biochem., 1980. 101: p. 339-341.
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- Eminovic, I., Karamehić, J., Gavrankapetanović, F. & Helijić, B., A Simple method of DNA Extraction in Solving Difficult Criminal Cases. MEDARH, 2005. 59(1): p. 57-58.
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- Komonski, D.I., Marignani, A., Richard, M.L., Frappier, J.R.H., & Newman, J.C., Validation of the DNA IQ<sup>™</sup> System for use in the DNA extraction of high volume forensic casework. Can.Soc.Forensic Sci.J., 2004. 37(2): p. 103-109.
- Mandrekar, P., V., Flanagan, L., & Tereba, A., Forensic Extraction and Isolation of DNA Form Hair, Tissue and Bone. Profiles in DNA, 2002: p. 11.
- Mandrekar, P.V., Kreneke, B. E., & Tereba, A., DNA IQ™: The Intelligent Way to Purify DNA. Profiles in DNA, 2001: p. 16.



#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

- Marko, M.A., Chipperfield, R., & Birnboim, H.C., A Procedure for the Large Scale Isolation of Highly purified Plasmid DNA using alkaline extraction and binding to glass powder. Anal. Biochem., 1982. 121: p. 382-387.
- Melzak, K.A., Sherwood, C.S., Turner, R.F.B. & Haynest, C.A., Driving forces for DNA Adsorption to Silica in Percholorate Solutions. J. Colloid. Interface Sci., 1996. 181: p. 635-644.
- 11. PerkinElmer, Automated DNA IQ™ System for Mixed Casework Sample DNA Isolation. MultiPROBE II Liquid Handling Forensic Workstation Application Guide, 2004: p. 1-25.
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- 13. Promega, Protocols & Applications Guide. Chapter 9. rev. 7/06.
- 14. Promega, DNA IQ™ System -Small Casework Protocol. Promega Technical Bulletin #TB296 2006. Rev 4/06: p. 1-14.
- 15. Promega, DNA IQ™ System-Database Protocol. Promega Technical Bulletin #TB297, 2006. Rev 4/06: p. 1-14.
- Promega, Tissue and hair Extraction Kit (for use with DNA IQ<sup>™</sup>) Protocol. Promega Technical Bulletin #TB307, 2006. Rev 5/06: p. 1-11.
- Schiffner, L.A., Bajda, E. J., Prinz, M., Sebestyen, J., Shaler, R. & Caragine, T.A., Optimisation of a Simple, Automatable Extraction Method to Recover Sufficient DNA from Low Copy Number DNA Samples for Generation of Short Tandem Repeat Profiles. Croat Med J, 2005. 46(4): p. 578 -586.
- Vandenberg, N., van Oorchot., R. A. H., & Mitchell, R. J., An evaluation of selected DNA extraction strategies for short tandem repeat typing. Electrophoresis, 1997. 18: p. 1624-1626.

#### 15 STORAGE OF DOCUMENTS

All worksheets are stored in the Analytical area (Room 6117).

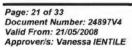
#### 16 ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

- QIS 17120 Operational Practices in the DNA Dedicated Laboratories
- QIS 17171 Method for Chelex Extraction
- QIS 17165 Receipt, Storage and Preparation of Chemicals, Reagents and Test Kits
- QIS 23939 Operation and Maintenance of the MultiPROBE® II PLUS HTEX and
- MultiPROBE® II PLUS HT EX with Gripper™ Integration Platform
- QIS 24255 Analytical Sample Storage
- QIS 24256 Sequence Checking with the STORstar Instrument
- QIS 24469 Batch functionality in AUSLAB



#### 17 AMENDMENT HISTORY

Revision	Date	Author/s	Amendments
0	23 Oct 2007	B. Gallagher, T. Nurthen, C. Iannuzzi, V. Hlinka, G. Lundie, I Muharam.	First Issue
1	12 Dec 2007	M Harvey, C Iannuzzi, A McNevin	Reviewed and updated after initial training
2	19 March 2008	M Harvey, B Andersen, C Iannuzzi, A McNevin	Addition of Off-deck Lysis procedure, Retention of fully automated method as Appendix, addition of reagent record tables into Appendix
3	April 2008	QIS2 Migration Project	Headers and Footers changed to new CaSS format. Amended Business references from QHSS to FSS, QHPSS to CaSS and QHPS to Pathology Queensland





#### Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extracting DNA

#### 18 APPENDIX

#### 18.1 Reagents Calculation Tables

Table 7. Less than 48 samples (note difference is in DNA IQ RESIN Solution)

Lysis-DTT Buffer		Volume (in mL)
Lysis Buffer	(Nx1.35)+0.75	
DTT (1M)	Lysis Buffer/100	
Extraction Buffer		TON BUILDING
TNE Buffer	Nx0.56	
Prot K (20 mg/L)	Nx0.03	
Sarcosyl (40 %)	Nx0.015	
DNA IQ RESIN Solution		
LYSIS Buffer	0.054x(N+8)	
DNA IQ RESIN	0.009x(N+8)	111
DNA IQ 1X Wash Buffer	Nx0.36	
DNA IQ Elution Buffer	Nx0.144	

N = number of samples on batch including positive and negative controls, round up to nearest multiple of 8)

Table 8. Greater than 48 samples (note difference is in DNA IQ RESIN Solution)

Lysis-DTT Buffer		Volume (in mL)
Lysis Buffer	(Nx1.35)+0.75	
DTT (1M)	Lysis Buffer/100	
	~	
Extraction Buffer		
TNE Buffer	Nx0.56	
Prot K (20 mg/L)	Nx0.03	
Sarcosyl (40 %)	Nx0.015	
DNA IQ RESIN Solution		
LYSIS Buffer	0.054x(N+16)	
DNA IQ RESIN	0.009x(N+16)	
DNA IQ 1X Wash Buffer	Nx0.36	
DNA IQ Elution Buffer	Nx0.144	

N = number of samples on batch including positive and negative controls, round up to nearest multiple of 8)



#### 18.2 Reagent & Batch details recording tables (DNA IQ™ Lysis Batch & Extraction Batch)

Off Deck Lysis Batch ID:	DNA IQ Extraction Batch ID:	

#### Lysis batch:

Samples located by:		
Sample set 1	Sample set 2	
Operator:	Operator:	
Sequence check performed by:	Sequence check performed by:	
Transfer tubes sequence checked:	Transfer tubes sequence checked:	
37°C Incubation temp:	37°C Incubation temp:	
65°C Incubation temp:	65°C Incubation temp:	

Extraction Buffer made by:	TNE Buffer Lot#:
40% Sarcosyl Lot#:	Proteinase K Lot#:
Comments:	
	. CV 1

#### **Extraction batch:**

Nunc tube/STORstar Operators: Lysate Logfil Nunc Logfile uploaded:	le uploaded:
Nunc Logfile unloaded:	
Nulle Logille uploaded.	
Comments:	

MultiPROBE Platform:	Operator:
Date and Start time:	

1xWash Buffer Lot#:	
DTT Lot#:	
Elution Buffer Lot#:	
Results file uploaded:	
	DTT Lot#: Elution Buffer Lot#:



#### 18.3 Fully automated method for extraction using DNA IQ™

#### 18.3.1 Sampling and Sample Preparation

FTA® Samples waiting for extraction will have been punched into a Slicprep™ 96 device according to "FTA® Processing" SOP (QIS document 24823) and stored in the Fridge located in room 6127.

#### 18.3.2 Procedure

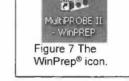
#### Preparation of Reagents prior to extraction

- 1. Defrost Prot K and DTT
- Refer to table 2 for reagent volumes to make up the required amount of Extraction Buffer, Lysis Buffer (with DTT) and Resin solution. Also measure the required amount of 1X Wash Buffer.
- 3. Record the Lot numbers of all the reagents used onto the AUSLAB worksheet.

#### Setting up the EP-A or EP-B MPIIs

#### These steps are to be carried out in the Automated extraction Room (Room 6127)

- 4. Turn on the instrument PC.
- 5. Log onto the network using the Robotics login.
- 6. Double click the WinPrep® icon on the computer desktop (Figure 7).
- 7. Log onto the WinPrep® software by entering your username and password, then press "Enter".



- Ensure the System Liquid reservoir is FULL and fully submerged in the system liquid before every run and perform a Flush/Wash.
- Ensure that the daily/weekly start-up has been performed before running any program.
   If WinPrep® has been closed or been idle for a long period of time initialise the MP II platform as described in QIS 23939.
- 10. Open the Extraction setup MP II test file in WinPrep® by selecting:
  - File
  - Open, navigate to C:\Packard\MultiPROBE\Bin\QHSS PROTocols
  - Select "DNA IQ Extraction\_Ver1.3.mpt."
  - · Click the "Open" button
- 11. Check the whole program there are no bold fonts (e.g. plates may lose gripability and the program will not run). See the line manager.
- 12. Decontaminate the required labware by wiping with 5% TriGene followed by 70% ethanol before placing the labware on to the designated grid positions as outlined in the virtual deck view within WinPrep® (Figure 2).
  - The white WALLAC Isoplates (catalogue #1450-514) that are used to support the SlicPrep™ 96 device plate must be placed into positions E13, D16 and C19.



 Ensure that the PKI Magnet at F16 is stable in its insert. This is critical so that beads and DNA are not lost during pipetting.

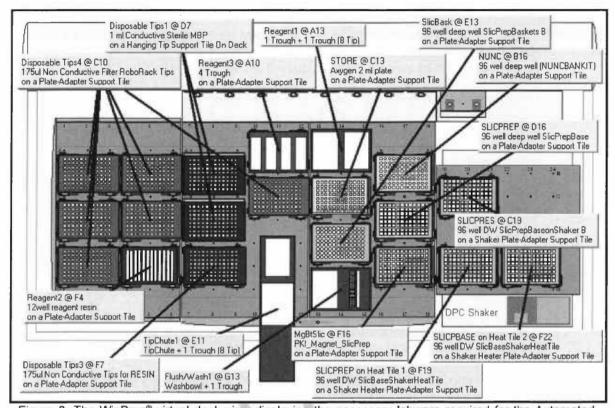


Figure 8. The WinPrep® virtual deck view displaying the necessary labware required for the Automated DNA IQ™ Method of Extraction on Extraction Platform A.

- 13. Ensure that the DPC shaker and Heater Controller Box are switched on. For EP-A: Tile 3 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 1 at F22 (85°C). For EP-B: Tile 1 should be at F19 (50°C), Tile 2 at F22 (85°C). Note: Press the start/stop button twice at the front of the DPC shaker to ensure that it displays zero on the screen.
- 14. To the Amphyl wash station at A10, add fresh 1% Amphyl to the trough on the far left hand side, 0.2% diluted Amphyl to the middle left and place an empty reagent tough in the middle right position of the station. The nanopure water goes to position G13 into a 160mL trough in the Flush-Wash station.
- 15. Pour the required amounts of Extraction Buffer and Lysis Buffer into the labelled 150mL reagent troughs. Place Lysis Buffer on the left hand side and the Extraction Buffer on the right hand side of the 2 trough holder located in position A13.
  Note: Ensure that full PPE is worn, including face shield when handling these reagents
- 16. Nunc™ Bank-It™ tube rack: Check that is the same AUSLAB batch number as the platemap to be run. Ensure that the barcode of the first (A1) and last tube (H12) are the respective ones. Attach batch label and batch barcode label to front side of rack. Add B1-Lite generated "NUNC" barcode to the right side of the Nunc™ Bank-It™ tube rack. Then place the rack into position B16





- 17. On an Axygen 2ml deep well Storage plate, label the left side of the plate with both the Batch ID and barcode. Label the right side of the plate with a B1-Lite generated "STORE" barcode. Then place in position C13.
- 18. **Slicprep™ 96 device**: Gently remove septa mat from Slicprep™ 96 device and check that substrates are at the bottom of the Spin baskets, if not push them down with a sterile disposable tip and place the Slicprep™ 96 device into position **E13**.
- 19. In I drive from Extraction folder open the required plate map. Check that the plate map is complete. If there are blanks (samples that have been removed), make all volumes to 0. If it is not a full batch, delete the rows of blank samples at the end of the platemap, then save the changes. Copy the plate map to the following file path: C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS
- 20. After ensuring that all the necessary labware has been positioned in the correct grid position as displayed within WinPrep®, click the "EXECUTE TEST" button. While the test is loading, record all run information in the Run Log book.
- 21. Click "Reset Tip Boxes" and ensure that the number of tips displayed in this window match those as available on the deck platform. Fill new tips if necessary. Click "Close" to accept the tip count, followed by clicking "Next"
- 22. Select the correct platemap by browsing to C:\Packard\Ext Plate Maps. Ensure that the platemap selected matches the batch ID affixed to the 96-well Slicprep™ 96 device in position D16. Once this has been done, click "Start", to continue.
- 23. After the barcodes have been read, a user prompt will appear as a reminder to: "Ensure
  - 1. Shaker and heat box are on.
  - 2. Deck has been populated correctly.
  - 3. The Lysis Buffer is on the left side and Extraction Buffer is on the right at A13." Click "OK" to continue.
- 24. Once the Extraction Buffer has been added to the plate, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 50°C (real temp 37°C). When current temperature reaches 50°C click "Continue".
- 25. The next prompt that appears will request the following: "Cover Slicprep with the Aluminium sealing film, then place in position F19. Press "OK."
- 26. After shaking, a User Prompt will appear with the following directions:
  - "Remove plate, add white plastic collar and centrifuge 5mins at 3021rpm, then in the cabinet, remove the spin basket part and place it in the empty 1 ml tip container."
  - Place the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device into the plate centrifuge and ensure the correct balance plate is used. Once the plate has been centrifuged, carry the plate to the hood and remove the basket of the Slicprep<sup>™</sup> 96 device, storing the basket in an empty 1mL tip box, discard the Collar. Complete the step by clicking "**OK**".
- 27. Add the Resin to the 12 Channel plate. Pipette mix thoroughly. Then dispense 50uL of resin into each well of the Slicprep™ 96 device.
- 28. Place the 12 channel plate into position **F4** then add the Elution Buffer to the plate by splitting the amount of Elution Buffer in half between channels 11 and 12.



- Place the Wash Buffer in the far right hand side of the 4 well reagent trough holder (Amphyl wash station at A10)
- 30. The next User prompt will appear with the following directions:

"Ensure Wash Buffer has been added to trough 4 at A10. Manually add 50uL resin to each well of the SlicPrep plate Place the plate in position D16.

Add the Elution Buffer to the 12 channel plate.

THEN

Press OK when ready." Press "OK" when steps 27-29 have been performed.

- 31. Once the lysis and wash steps have been completed, a message will appear waiting for the heating tile to reach 85°C (real temp 65°C). DO NOT PRESS CONTINUE it will continue automatically when temperature has reached 85°C.
- 32. After the first elution step when the plate is moved to the PKI Magnet, a User message will appear requesting:

"Check Nunc tubes are uncapped at position B16
Push down the Slicprep on the PKI Magnet then press OK."

**Note:** Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet.

- 33. After the second elution step, the above prompt will appear again. Note: Allow the plate to cool slightly before pushing down on all four corners of the plate to lock it into place on the PKI Magnet
- 34. Once the program is completed, a final User Message prompt appears asking to: "Remove all the plates starting with the Slicprep plate, place the Spin Basket into the Slicprep plate.

Cover the Storage plate with the aluminium sealing film."

Recap the NUNC tubes

Once all plates are removed from the deck and sealed, place into small clipseal plastic bags. Click "**OK**" to proceed to the Amphyl wash step to decontaminate the system tubing.

#### Finalising the MP II run

- 35. Discard the 12-channel plate used for Resin and Elution Buffer in the biohazard waste bin.
- 36. Remove Lysis Buffer with DTT and dispose of left over reagent into the glass bottle used previously. Bring this bottle to the room 6122 and transfer into the brown Winchester bottle located in the fume hood.
- 37. Empty the contents of the Amphyl wash station into the sink and rinse the troughs with nanopure H<sub>2</sub>O upon completion of the run.
- 38. Remove all labware from the deck and clean with 5% TriGene™ followed by 70% ethanol, and setup for the next run if necessary. In addition, clean the work area around the MPII instrument with 10% (v/v) Bleach and 70% Ethanol.
- 39. Remove the tip chute and funnel, rinse with warm tap water to help loosen and remove any residue inside the chute before cleaning with 5% TriGene and 70% ethanol. Hang the chute to dry on the rack beside the sink. If running another extraction straight after, replace the tip chute with another spare, clean chute.
- 40. Move the platemap to C:\Packard\Ext PLATE MAPS to the "Completed Extractions" folder.



#### Recording Reagent Details and other information in AUSLAB

- 41. To record reagent lot numbers, log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 42. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 43. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 44. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID.
- 45. Press [F6] Reagents.
- 46. Press [SF8] Audit.
- 47. Press **[F5]** *Insert Audit Entry*, enter the lot number details, operator name and Extraction platform the batch was run on and press **[Enter]**.

#### Importing the MP II log file into AUSLAB

- 48. To extract the MP II log file, click on the Microsoft Access icon in the WinPrep® main menu to open the MultiPROBE log database.
- Click on the relevant run Test ID in the Test Selection box. In the Report/Query/Action Selection dropdown menu, select "Report: Test Summary (Sorted by Destination Rack ID)"
- 50. In the Output Selection dropdown menu, select "File". Save the output file as \*.csv format to C:\Packard\Ext Plate Maps\Ext Logs with the same name as the AUSLAB batch ID and click "Apply". (refer to Figure 9. below)

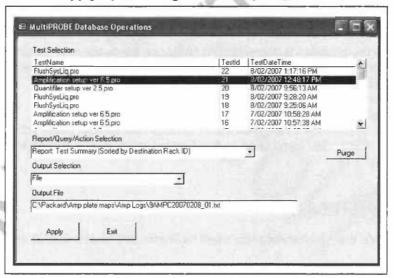


Figure 9. The MultiPROBE log database for collecting MP II run information

- 51. Open the log file and check for any errors that may have arisen during the Extraction process. Compare the listed errors to any that were encountered during the run. Report any critical errors to the line manager.
- 52. Copy the log file to I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs or I:\ EXTRACTION\EXT B MPII\Logs for uploading to AUSLAB.
- 53. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 54. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 55. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 56. Scan in the Extraction Batch ID barcode.
- 57. Press [SF6] Files.
- 58. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 59. AUSLAB prompts "*Enter filename*"; enter the filename and extension and press [Enter]. (e.g. I:\EXTRACTION\EXT A MPII\Logs\CWIQEXT20071115\_01.csv)



- 60. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a result file Y/N?" enter N and press [Enter].
- 61. Press [Esc].

#### Importing Extraction "Results" into AUSLAB

- 62. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 63. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 64. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 65. Scan the Extraction batch ID barcode located on the worksheet.
- 66. Press [SF6] Files.
- 67. Press [SF6] Import Files.
- 68. AUSLAB prompts "Enter filename"; enter batch name and extension and press [Enter].(e.g. CWIQEXT20071115\_01.txt)
- 69. AUSLAB prompts "Is this a results file y/n?" enter "y" and press [Enter].
- 70. The file will be imported into AUSLAB and appear in the DNA file table.
- 71. Highlight entry and press [Enter], for access to the DNA results table.
- 72. Page down through the table and check that all sample results have been imported.
- 73. Press [SF8] *Table Sort Order*, this sorts the table so any samples that have failed Autovalidation are sorted to the top of the table.
- 74. For all samples that have failed check the **Processing Comments**, by entering into the sample.
- 75. a) If processing comments state sample is to be sent to another batch type other than quant. Return the sample to the correct next batch type e.g. microcon, nucleospin and pooling
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Do not toggle accept.
- 76. a) If processing comment does not state next step for sample the sample will be processed as normal.
  - b) Press [Esc] to exit back to the DNA results table.
  - c) Highlight any entries to be changed and press [SF7] Toggle Accept
- 77. Press [F7] Complete Batch, all of the samples with a Yes in the Accept column will be transferred to the outstanding Quant Casework or Quant Reference lists.
- 78. File the Extraction worksheet into the relevant folder in Room 6117.

#### 18.3.3 Sample Storage

Please refer to "Analytical Sample Storage" (QIS 24255) for how to store the old original 5 mL sample tubes, the DNA extract Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes, Slicprep with Basket and Axygen store plates.



#### 18.4 Manual method for extraction using DNA IQ™

#### 18.4.1 Sampling and Sample Preparation

Samples waiting to be extracted are stored in freezers as described in Table 9.

Table 9. Sample storage locations.

Sample type	Storage Device	Storage Location
Urgent/High/Medium Priority Samples	Freezer	6117-2
Medium Priority Samples	Walk in Freezer	6109
Low Priority Samples	N/A	

#### QC samples

All extraction batches require two controls to be registered. These controls, UR numbers and positions are listed below in Table 10.

Table 10. Extraction Quality Controls

QC	UR Number	Extraction types	1
Neg Control	FBOT277	All	100
QC swab (blood)	FBOT279	Blood	

- Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- Select 1. Request Registration.
- Select 2. Full Reception Entry.
- Scan in barcode of control.
- 5. Enter the UR number as per Table 4 and press [Enter].
- 6. Enter the appropriate Specimen type (e.g. Blood for blood extraction).
- Request a 9PLEX test, when prompted to enter the processing comment, enter EXTP (Positive extraction control) or EXTN (Negative extraction control).
- 8. Press [F7] Enter LAB in the Billing code field.
- 9. Press [F4] Save to save the Billing details.
- 10. Press [F4] Save to save the registration details.

## N.B Quality controls should not have a DNA priority allocated at time of registration to ensure they are included in the top positions of a batch

#### Create the Extraction Batch

- 14. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 15. Select 5. Workflow management.
- 16. Select 1. DNA workflow table.
- 17. Highlight the appropriate Extraction batch type and press [F5] Batch Allocation.
- 18. Press [F6] Create batch.
- 19. Press [F8] Print menu.
- 20. Press [F6] Print Batch label. (for the deep well plate)
- 21. Press [F7] Print Sample labels. (print four sets of labels for all extractions)
- 22. Press [F8] Print Worksheet.
- 23. Press [SF5] Main menu.
- 24. Press [SF11] Print.
- 25. Press [SF6] Accept batch.
- 26. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to the Main Menu.
- 27. Obtain worksheets (FBLASER3) and labels (FBLABEL13-16) from the Analytical Section printing bench (Room 6117).



#### **Locating Samples**

Determine the storage locations of the required samples using the Batch Creation table/Batch details table print out. The columns *Rack* and *Pos* respectively identify the rack and the grid location where the sample has been stored. Remove the samples from the storage rack and place in an orange rack (12x8).

When all samples have been located:

- 1. Log into the AUSLAB Main Menu.
- Select 2. Sample Processing.
- 3. Select 7. Search Sample storage.
- 4. Scan in the sample barcode that is affixed to the sample tube.
- Press [F6] Remove Sample.
- AUSLAB prompts "Are you sure you want to remove XXXX-XXXX? (Y/N)", Enter Y and press [Enter].
- AUSLAB prompts "Please enter remove comment", No comment is required. Press [Enter].
- Press [Scroll lock] to clear.
- 9. Repeat steps 5 8 until all of the samples have been removed from their rack.

#### Sequence Check the tubes

- 1. Thaw samples at room temperature and label 1.5mL sample tubes.
- 2. Sequence check the tubes.
- 3. Add the sequence check details into AUSLAB.
- 4. Log into AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 5. Select 5. Workflow Management.
- 6. Select 2. DNA Batch Details.
- 7. Scan in the appropriate extraction batch ID barcode.
- 8. Press [F5] Sequence Check.
- Scan in the appropriate extraction batch ID barcode.
- 10. Press [Pause/Break] to exit to Main Menu.

#### 18.4.2 Procedure

- Enter the number of samples to be extracted (including controls) into the "No of Samples" column of the DNA IQ Reagent Calculations Table to calculate the volumes of each reagent to be measured out for the extraction. Aliquot regents into either 5ml tubes or 50ml Falcon tubes. Note: The volume of Lysis Buffer calculated includes the volume used in the resin-lysis solution
- Turn on the Eppendorf Thermo mixer and set the temperature to 37°C.
- 3. Remove 1.5ml tube and retain the 5mL tube. Prepare the Spin baskets by placing a DNA IQ™ Spin basket into a 1.5mL Microtube. Label the spin baskets (for every tube except Ext. control), 2mL SSI tubes and Nunc™ Bank-It™ storage tubes (for every sample) with the sample barcodes. Have a second operator perform a sequence check of all tubes. This person must Press [F5] Sequence Check against the batch in AUSLAB
- Using the Reagents table, prepare Extraction Buffer, Lysis Buffer with DTT, & Resin Solution. Reagents need to be prepared fresh before each run.



- Add 300 μL of Extraction Buffer to each tube. Vortex each tube before incubating the tubes at 37°C on the Thermomixer at 1000 rpm for 45 minutes.
- 6. Remove the tubes from the Thermo mixer and place into a rack, increase the temperature on the Thermomixer to 65°C (for use in the Elution steps).
- 7. Transfer the substrate from the original tube to a DNA IQ™ Spin Basket using autoclaved twirling sticks. Centrifuge the Spin basket for 2 minutes at room temperature at its maximum speed. Once completed, remove the spin basket & retain in the original 5ml tube. Ensuring minimal contamination and transfer the extract to a labelled 2mL SSI sterile screw tube.
- 8. Transfer the remaining extract from the original tube to the corresponding 2mL tube. Vortex the tube gently.
- 9. Add 500 µL of Lysis Buffer to each tube.
- 10. Into a separate, clean 2mL SSI tube, aliquot the required amount of Lysis Buffer for the Resin solution. Ensure that the DNA IQ™ Resin solution has been thoroughly mixed by vortexing the resin bottle before adding the required resin volume to the Lysis Buffer. Pipette mix the solution to clear the tip of any lingering resin beads. Mix the solution by inverting the tube to prevent bubbles forming.
- 11. Add 50µL of DNA IQ™ Resin-Lysis solution into each tube. Invert the resin-lysis tube at regular intervals to keep the resin suspended within the solution to ensure uniform results.
- 12. Vortex each tube for 3 seconds at high speed before placing the tubes in the Multitube shaker set at 1200 rpm to incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 13. Remove from the Multitube shaker and vortex the tubes for 2 seconds at high speed before placing the tubes in the magnetic stand. Separation will occur instantly.

**Note:** If resin does not form a distinct pellet on the side of the tube, or if the pellet has accidentally mixed with the solution while in the stand, vortex the tube and quickly place back in the stand.

14. Carefully remove all of the solution in the tube into the original 1.5mL tube (i.e. the tube which originally contained the substrate), ensuring that the resin is not disturbed from its place on the side of the tube.

Note: If some resin is drawn up in tip, gently expel resin back into tube to allow reseparation.

- 15. Add 125µL of prepared Lysis Buffer solution and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Return the tubes to the magnetic stand and allow for separation to occur. Once separation has occurred again remove the Lysis Buffer into the original 1.5mL tube (i.e. the tube which originally contained the substrate).
- 16. Add 100µL of prepared 1X Wash Buffer and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Return tube to the magnetic stand and once separation has occurred remove and discard all Wash Buffer.
- 17. Repeat Step 16 another two times for a total of three washes. Ensure that all of the solution has been removed after the last wash.



- 18. Wipe down a Biohazard hood with bleach followed by ethanol. Uncap the tubes, placing the lids inside down onto a clean rediwipe in consecutive order and place the tubes in the same order into a clean plastic rack. Air-dry the resin in the hood for 15 minutes at Room temperature. Do not dry for more than 20 minutes, as this may inhibit removal of DNA during the elution phase.
- 19. Once the resin is dry, replace the lids on the corresponding tubes and remove from the hood. Add 50µl of Elution Buffer to each of the samples by carefully pipetting the liquid to the side of the tube, above the pellet. Do not mix.
- 20. With the lids on, incubate the tubes in the Thermomixer at 65°C for 3 minutes. After the three minutes are up, continue to incubate for a further 3 minutes shaking at 1100 rpm.
- 21. Remove the tubes and vortex for 2 seconds at high speed. Immediately place the tube in the magnetic stand while hot to ensure maximum DNA yield during elution.
- Carefully transfer the DNA containing supernatant to the corresponding labelled Nunc™ Bank-It™ tubes.
- Remove tubes from the magnetic stand and add carefully another 50 μL of Elution Buffer above the magnetic pellet.
- 24. Repeat step 20 to 22. The final volume after this elution should be approximately of 95 μL of DNA solution.
- 25. DNA can be stored at 4°C for short-term storage or at -20 or -70°C for long-term storage.

#### 18.4.3 Sample storage

- 1. Log into AUSLAB Main Menu.
- 2. Select 2. Sample Processing.
- Select 6. Sample Storage.
- 4. Scan in Rack barcode.
- Press [SF5] Fill Rack.
- Scan in sample barcode and place in rack in scanned position.
- Repeat for all samples.
- 8. Press [Esc].
- 9. Press [Pause/Break] to return to the Main Menu.
- 10. Select 3. Patient Enquiry.
- Scan in Rack barcode.
- 12. Tab down to the next blank DNA Batch No field and press [F2] Edit.
- 13. Scan in the Batch ID of the samples stored.
- 14. Press [Pause/Break] to return to the Main Menu.

